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OCTOBER

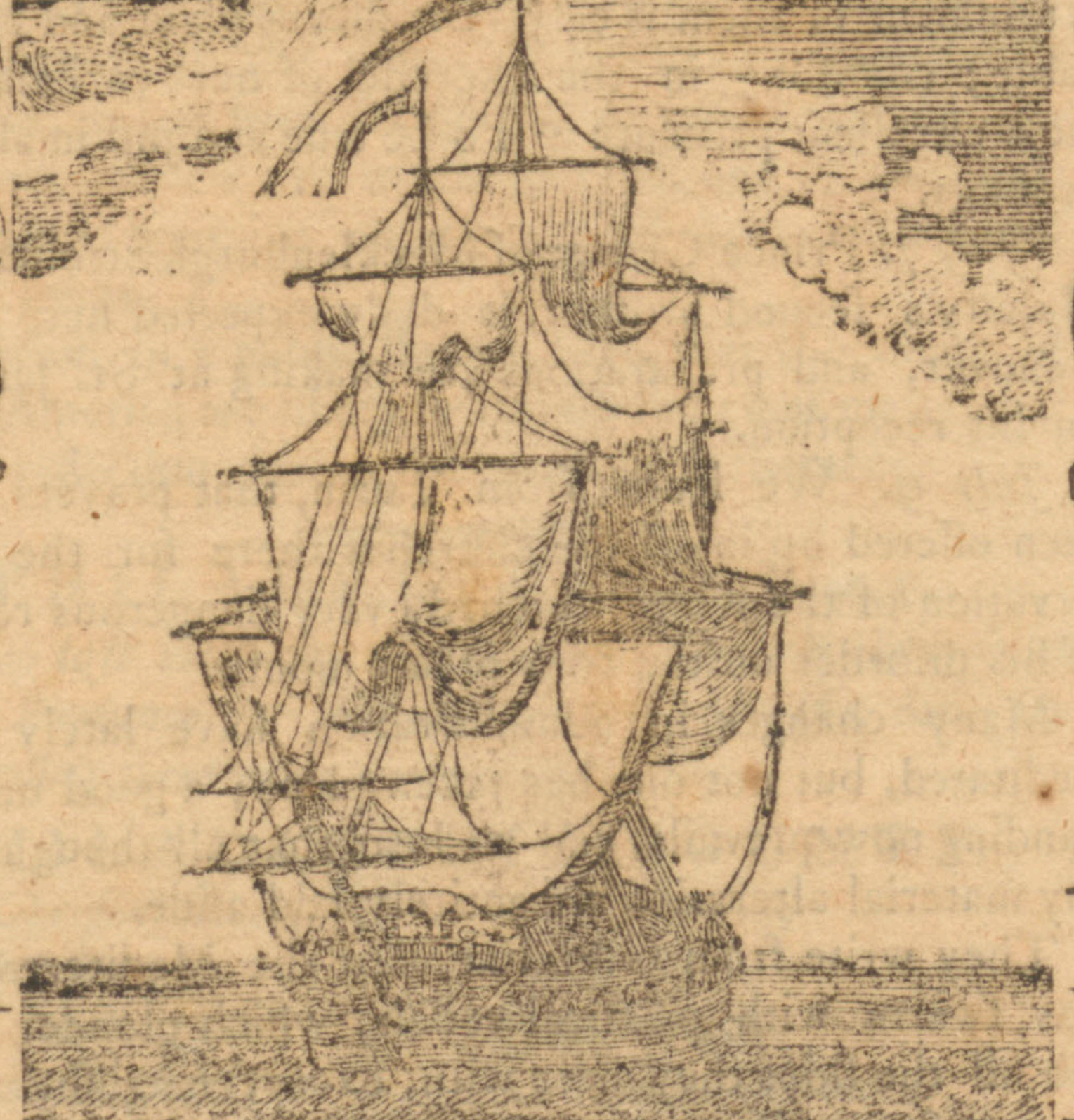
OCTOBER, 1772. THE Number NUMB. 50.

Pennſylvania Packet

AND AND if you THE

GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 5th, 1772.



Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

WATCHES,

OF VARIOUS PRICES,
JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,
In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet;

WHERE is done all kinds of Clock and Watch-Work with care and diſpatch. He has for ſale, ſome neat and good Philadelphia made Watches; alſo, all kinds of Clock and Watch Tools and Materials.

JOHN MASON,

UPHOLDER,
In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Market-ſtreet,

CARRIES on the UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS, in all its branches, and will be much obliged to thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen that will pleaſe to employ him.

Said MASON has for ſale, a beautiful aſſortment of the beſt Wilton Floor Carpeting. Likewiſe, Matraſs Beds, Rugs and Blankets, Sacking Bottoms, Cotton Counterpanes, Glaſs and Queen's Ware, &c. &c. all of which ſaid MASON will ſell very low for caſh or ſhort credit.

N. B. Upholſtery Work done with care and diſpatch.

THOMAS WEST,

In Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Market-ſtreet,

HAS imported in the laſt veſſels from London, &c. A large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be ſold, wholeſale and retail, at a very low price; among which are, ſuperfine, ſuper, middling and low priced broadcloths, fine foreſt ditto, coatings, blankets and rugs, with a general Aſſortment of coarſe woollens; a large Aſſortment of ſilks, mens' green and cloth coloured velvet caps, &c. &c.

BOYLE AND GLEN,

HAVE imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a neat and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which they will ſell at their Store in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door above Walnut-ſtreet, on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or the uſual credit.

JUST imported in the ſhip Sally, a choice cargo of LISBON SALT, to be ſold wholeſale or retail, by ANDREW M'GLONE, at Meaſe's wharf, below the Draw-Bridge.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

GEORGE DAVIS,

A Neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

WANTS A PLACE,

A YOUNG MAN, who writes a good hand, is well acquainted with buſineſs, and can be well recommended: He would be willing to engage with a merchant or ſhop-keeper as clerk, &c. and would have no objection to the country. Enquire of the Printer.

WAS taken up on Sunday laſt, by the Subſcriber, and is now lying on Hamilton's wharf, a ſmall SKIFF. The owner may have it again, by proving his property and paying charges.

THOMAS E. WALLACE.

A VENDUE

For the public SALE of all ſorts of MERCHANDIZE, is kept every WEEK on FRIDAY, and frequently on SATURDAY, by

WILLIAM SITGREAVES,

At his VENDUE-STORE, the upper end of Second-ſtreet,

THOSE who pleaſe to favour him with the Sale of any GOODS, which they have to diſpoſe of in that way, may depend on his beſt endeavours to pleaſe them.

There has lately been put into his care, by ſundry perſons, a large, freſh and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS; among which are, a parcel of Woollens, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, and may be had cheap for caſh, at his Store in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the ſign of the Indian-King, where he receives Goods to ſell at Vendue.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, a large Aſſortment of Coarſe, Fine and Superfine BROADCLOTHS, Bath Coatings, Duffils, Freezes, Bearſkins, Indian and Roſe Blankets, Shalloons, Calimancoes, &c. &c.

N. B. He has alſo for ſale, a large Aſſortment of other GOODS, lately imported from Britain.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely Young NEGRO WOMAN, uſed to all ſorts of houſework, and will ſuit town or country. Enquire of WILLIAM BALL, living in Market-ſtreet, three doors below Meſſ. Hall and Sellers's Printing-Office.

Said WILLIAM BALL carries on the Silverſmith and Jeweller's trades, as uſual, and has for ſale, a new eight day clock, with a neat mahogany caſe, ſilver and ſtone buckles of all ſorts, diamond and common rings, ear-rings, hair-pins, plain and ſet ſleeve buttons, in gold and ſilver, ſilver ſalts, pepper and muſtard caſtors, cream pots, tea and coffee pots, ſugar diſhes, a neat dreſs ſword, wine cocks, a neat bottle crane, with a cock, ſpoons and tea tongs, childrens' whiſtles and bells, lockets and coral beads, plated ſpurs, ſilver watches, ſeals and chains, ſilver and Pinchbeck, ſteel top thimbles, chaſed tweeſer caſes, &c. Likewiſe regulated money ſcales and weights, in wainſcot, mahogany, and ſhagreen caſes, caſt clock faces, heads and dolphins, clock bells, large and ſmall 5 crucibles, watch main ſprings, glaſſes, pendants, verges, dial-plates, inſide chains, keys, clock and watch hands, magnifying glaſſes, ſmall ſcrew plates, borax, blow pipes, white and red foil, buckle and button ſtones, garnet ditto, miniature glaſſes, corals for childrens' whiſtles, Jewellers bruſhes, paper ſnuff-boxes, ſhoe and knee chapes and tongs, &c. &c.—Alſo, a parcel of coarſe and fine blankets, and the remains of a dry goods ſtore. All the above articles will be ſold as cheap as can poſſibly be afforded, and the ſilver warranted to be good.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

NEWARK, *Sept.* 15, 1772.

MADE his eſcape from the Conſtable, a certain JOHN DOLAN, a ſhort ſet fellow, upwards of twenty years of age, has dark brown hair, a wide mouth, large noſe, is a bold impudent fellow, much given to ſtrong drink, and is very apt to ſwear. Had on when he made his eſcape, a brown jacket lined with ſtriped lincey, or a ſtriped jacket under it, coarſe white ſhirt and trowſers, good ſhoes and ſtockings. Any perſon that will apprehend ſaid fellow, ſhall have the above reward paid by

JOHN DODDS, Conſtable.

THE Subſcriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has bought and repaired the FULLING MILL, that formerly belonged to Jonathan Strange in Newcaſtle county, Chriſtiana Hundred, about five miles from Wilmington, up Brandewyne; where he intends carrying on the Fulling Buſineſs in its different branches. All thoſe that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their work well done, and with diſpatch.——They that propoſe ſending their work by water, are deſired to leave it at Daniel Byrne's mill, on Brandewyne, or at John Yarnel's in Wilmington, oppoſite the Upper Market-houſe, two doors above Mary Harvey's ſtore, where care will be taken thereof.

CHRISTOPHER HOLLINGSWORTH.

WE the Subſcribers, take this method of informing the Public, that a ſtage is now carried on between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Wilmington and Charles-Town: The advantages that will attend this ſtage, we hope will induce every perſon that wants a quick diſpatch to Baltimore, to favour us with their cuſtom. As Wilmington is ſituated on Chriſtiana, two miles from Delaware River, and Charles Town on North-Eaſt River, eight from the mouth of Elk River, we ſhall never be detained by contrary winds, which is frequently the caſe with other ſtages. Foudrey and Buſh's ſtage leaves the Crooked-Billet wharf, in Philadelphia, every Wedneſday, and returns every Friday: Patrick Hamilton's ſtage waggon leaves Charles-Town every Thurſday, and returns every Friday from Wilmington; and his Packet leaves Charles-Town every Saturday, and returns every Wedneſday. Paſſengers pay from Philadelphia to Wilmington, Two Shillings; from Wilmington to Charles-Town, Five Shillings; from Charles-Town to Baltimore, Four Shillings. Goods are received in Philadelphia by Meſſieurs Edwards and Marris, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharf.

PATRICK HAMILTON.
FOUDREY AND BUSH.

JOSEPH DEAN,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, and the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, a general Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on very low terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, at his Store, in Front-ſtreet, about mid-way between Market and Cheſtnut ſtreets.

Juſt imported in the Elizabeth and Mary, Capt. Sparks, from London, in the Polly and Hannah from Hull, and in the laſt veſſels from Liverpool and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

RANDLE MITCHELL,

At his Store in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, ſhort or long credit, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers,

A General Aſſortment of FALL GOODS; in which are, Coarſe Woollens and Blankets of all kinds, coarſe and middling Broadcloths, Stuffs, Hoſiery, Haberdaſhery, Cutlery, Nails, Steel, Shot and Gunpowder, Frying-pans, Pewter, Window-glaſs, Madder, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, &c.

LADIES, who would chooſe to have their Maids inſtructed in the beſt manner to waſh Blond Lace, Gauzes, Muſlins, Silk Stockings, and all kinds of white Silks, &c. by applying at Mr. Robert Eaſtburn's, in Third-ſtreet, near the Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe, will meet with a perſon, who will wait on them at their own houſes, on the ſhorteſt notice.

THOMAS TISDELL,

HAS juſt opened a ſhop in Market-ſtreet, five doors from Third-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Goal; where he manufactures and ſells all ſorts of ropes, tackle, ropes for millers, ſcale ropes, bed cords, bed lacing, plough lines, plough traces, halters, jack lines, fiſhing-lines of all ſizes, ſeine, ſewing, blocking and ſhop twine. Alſo, a large quantity of ſhoemakers hemp, warranted good. He likewiſe manufactures all ſorts of flax from 1 *s.* to 2 *s.* per pound, and gives the higheſt price for cow tails and horſe hair.

N. B. Said TISDELL returns thanks to his former cuſtomers for their favours, and hopes for a continuance of them, as he ſhall always ſtudy to merit their eſteem.

THIRTY POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY on the 6th of July, from the Subſcribers, living near Soldiers Delight, in Baltimore county, Maryland, a dark Mulattoe Slave, who goes by the name of CHARLES HARDING, but formerly by that of DICK: He is about thirty years of age, five feet ſeven inches high, well made, large noſe, hollow eyed, low forehead, cloſe knee'd, his ſhins bend foreward, has upwards of forty ſcars of different ſizes on his head, ; alſo a ſmall ſcar on the upper part of his noſe, the left ſide; another on the right ſide of his under lip, another on one of his thumbs, a large one on the outſide of his left leg, occaſioned by a burn, and ſome on the ſmall of his legs, occaſioned by wearing of irons: He has been unmercifully whipt from his neck to his knees, which he ſays was by his former maſter; is a carpenter and joiner by trade, and has worked in ſundry parts of Virginia; alſo underſtands painting, which he learned of Lewis Allmorn, of Nancemund county, in Virginia, who ſold him to Edward Voſs, a bricklayer, from whom he made his eſcape when living in King and Queen county, near Rapahannock, and got by water to Philadelphia; from thence travelled through Lancaſter and York counties, to Hanover Town, and worked there about a year; and then went into Baltimore county, near Baltimore town, where he continued from about the year 1765 to the year 1772, as a freeman; and ſince he left his former maſter in Virginia, has learnt to read and write, talk Dutch, and play on the violin; it is therefore probable he may forge a paſs, and change his name, as he has done before. He took with him a caſtor hat, a ſuit of white Ruſſia drab clothes, a blue cloth coat, red ſtriped jacket, a new rediſh-brown broadcloth jacket, much too large for him; new darkiſh coloured cotton velvet breeches, with large old faſhioned pocket flaps; alſo, ſhirts, ſtockings, and ſhoes of different ſorts; with large plated buckles: He is a great rogue, ſtole a good deal of caſh, and is artful in making his eſcape when apprehended. Whoever ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſters may get him again, ſhall receive Five Pounds, if 50 miles from home Seven Pounds Ten Shillings, if 100 miles Ten Pounds, if 200 miles Fifteen Pounds, if 300 miles Twenty Pounds, if 400 miles Twenty-Five Pounds, if 500 miles the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, if brought home, by

SAMUEL OWINGS, JUN. And,
ALEXANDER WELLS.

By the AUGUST PACKET, *arrived at* NEW-YORK *from* FALMOUTH, *we have the following Intelligence.*

WARSAW, *June* 17.

THE King of Pruſſia had appointed the 9th of this month to receive homage for Poliſh Pruſſia, at Marienbourg, where he arrived the 7th for that purpoſe; but a courier arriving that day, whom the King took into his cloſet, and diſpatched with anſwers immediately, changed the face of affairs, and his Majeſty put off the above ceremony to the 27th inſt. and returned to his dominions the 11th.

Liſbon, June 16. The Dos Quintos arrived here the 9th inſt. from Rio Janeiro, with 7,500,000 cruſadoes in ſpecie, and a cheſt of diamonds, valued at 1,500,000 cruſadoes. The Notre Dame de la Grace is alſo returned from the ſame place, with effects to the amount of 6,000,000 cruſadoes.

Conſtantinople, June 17. Letters from Paros adviſe, that Admiral Spiritoff has releaſed all the French ſhips (twelve in number) which his fleet had ſeized; two of them are already arrived at Smyrna.

Admiral Knowles is arrived at Jaſſy from Kilia Nova, where he has inſpected the ſhips of war lately conſtructed there for the Ruſſian ſervice.

Peterſburgh, June 16. The inhabitants of Moſcow have not, as was given out, been obliged to quite that city, on account of the late ſickneſs in it. What gave riſe to ſuch a report was, that ſtrict orders are given for the moſt rigorous quarantine being performed by every one that comes from any place where there is the leaſt cauſe to ſuſpect any ſeeds of infection.

Berlin, July 18. We expect here ſoon the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick, who is to accompany his Majeſty to Sileſia.

Alicant, July 14. The differences ariſen between the Dutch and the Emperor of Morocco do not appear to be ſettled. On the contrary, the Emperor preſſes forward his armaments with redoubled vigour, and as ſoon as he is ready, the declaration of war againſt the Dutch is expected to appear. According to our laſt advices, they had then at Tetuan ſeven chebeques and ſome frigates, which were ready to put to ſea.

Vienna, June 22. M. de Saldern, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador at Warſaw, having diſapproved of the conduct of General Suwarow, in relation to Tyniec, the latter has received orders to retire with his troops to Cracow, and to leave the Auſtrians in poſſeſſion of that fortreſs.

The military preparations going on here, are as great as if we were at the eve of a war. All the regiments are in motion, and wait only the laſt orders to know on which ſide they are to march.

Edinburgh, July 10. We hear that the merchants of Glaſgow have, within theſe 14 days, ſold the French agent here, tobacco to the value of upwards of 60,000 l. ſterling, payable as ſoon as ſhipped.

The houſe of a company of merchants at Glaſgow has ſtopt payment.

LONDON, *July* 3.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman on his Travels.

"In paſſing through Lyons, I went to ſee the works of our countryman, Mr. Edgeworth. This gentleman has undertaken to turn the courſe of the Rhone; a project which having been conſidered for ſeveral years as impracticable, has not been before attempted, though the advantages ariſing from its ſucceſs had always been eſteemed conſiderable.

"The ſimplicity and excellency of his various machines for this purpoſe are admirable: He makes the river do a conſiderable part of that work which muſt otherwiſe have been done by mens' labour, at a very great expence. I yeſterday ſaw one man roll, with the greateſt eaſe, one of his carts, laden with 2500lb. weight of earth, to the diſtance of two hundred yards in two minutes time.

"The King of France ſent a Lieutenant-General to Lyons, the laſt week, with a commiſſion to inſpect this project, and the manner of its execution. He expreſſed the higheſt ſatisfaction both at the project, and the abilities of its conductor, and promiſed to repreſent them at court in the moſt favourable terms.

"It is remarkable that the French, far from being jealous of Mr. Edgeworth, ſhew him every kind of civility and attention."

A writer on credit, ſpeaking of the late convulſion in trade, ſays, notwithſtanding the ſtorm ſeems ſubſided, and we have a calm ſea, I am far from believing all danger paſt. By the critical interpoſition of the Bank, one claſs of men move on in ſmooth water; but how many dreadful ſqualls are gathering, and how few are prepared to reſiſt them, may be gueſſed at from the apparent anxiety of moſt we meet. I am ſhocked at the daily accounts of ſuicides, inſanity, and other melancholy events incident to the times. It is ever better to prevent an evil, than ſeek a remedy for it. The introduction of common honeſty would anſwer the end propoſed. Merchants and traders would avoid engagements beyond the power of their capitals; Bankers would ceaſe to ſpeculate and gamble at the hazard of their cuſtomers; paper would be aboliſhed; money reſtored, and men become happy: For what anxiety muſt attend the bold adventurer whilſt his fate is in ſuſpence! If he is fortunate, he is led to freſh and greater dangers; if his hopes are blaſted, ruin enſues; he is exiled for life, and his name and memory is held in eternal deteſtation. I call on Mr. F— to paint the agonies attending the reflection of having plunged wife, children, brothers, partners, and friends, into ſuch an abyſs of miſery, and occaſioned ſuch acts of deſperation. The diſtreſſes ariſing from this malverſation ſhould excite in us a determined reſolution to ſhun his practice. Self preſervation and internal peace are the greateſt of human bleſſings, and moſt worthy of our purſuit. The attainment of them is eaſy, the means plain and practicable; conſiſting in the exerciſe of our earlieſt and moſt excellent precept: "To be true and juſt in all our dealings."

July 7. Prince George of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, her Majeſty's ſecond brother, is daily expected here from Hanover, and preparations are making at St. James's for his reception.

July 9. We learn from Turin, that prayers have been offered up in all the churches there for the preſervation of the King, who had a very dangerous return of his diſorder on the 16th of laſt month.

Many changes in adminiſtration have lately been meditated, but not one has taken place; a good underſtanding now prevails, and we hear that all thoughts of any material alteration are entirely laid aſide.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Mediterranean ſeas ſwarm with piratical veſſels, which plunder and rob all the ſhips they meet with, except Engliſh. The letters further ſay, that the garriſon is in health and high ſpirits, being well ſupplied with all ſorts of proviſions, ſince matters have been ſettled with the Emperor of Morocco, by his receiving the uſual preſents.

We can aſſure the public from good authority, that the intended expedition of Mr. Banks, Dr. Solander, and Mr. Zoffani, to the South Seas, was fruſtrated ſolely by the repreſentations of the Spaniſh miniſter, who threatened, in the name of the King his maſter, to intercept, and even to ſink any ſhip that ſhould preſume to navigate thoſe ſeas without a ſpecial licence for ſo doing. It was therefore a moſt wretched fineſſe firſt to purchaſe an improper ſhip for the voyage, and then to pretend to furniſh her with conveniences to overſet her, when it was known that ſhe durſt not proceed: and therefore to cover the matter, after ſo great a parade, it was at laſt declared, that inſtead of being fit to undertake ſuch a voyage, ſhe could ſcarce be kept upright in her ſhort paſſage to the port ſhe was ordered to ſtop at in our own channel. But what is ſtill more unbecoming the dignity of a Britiſh adminiſtration, a wretched tool is hired, to ridicule in the public papers the object of this expedition. 'To cry this up, ſays he, as a *national concern*, is to be egregiouſly impoſed upon ourſelves, and to impoſe upon others; and to ſay we ought to go to war, becauſe the Spaniards will not ſuffer us to proſecute this Quixotte ſcheme, is to ſay, that we ought to quarrel with thoſe who hinder us from waſting our treaſure in playing the fool, and hunting after tall men and butterflies.'

We hear that the inferior clergy, the curates eſpecially, intend to petition parliament at their next meeting for redreſs of the many and great oppreſſions impoſed on them by their reverend, but Ægyptian taſkmaſters, that refuſe them ſalaries adequate to their laborious duty.

The violent flux which attended the Duke of Glouceſter when in Italy, it is thought by his phyſicians, has in a great meaſure carried off the virulence of his Royal Highneſs's diſorder, which was imagined, before he left England, to be immoveable; and he is now in a much better ſtate of health than he has been for many years. Dr. Jebb, who attended his Royal Highneſs, had 800l. per month for his care.

Mr. Wilkes, 'tis ſaid, is now actually in league with the Duke of R———; the public therefore may form great expectations from the renewed efforts of theſe ſtate deſpiſers.

We hear that government has laid the expedition to the South-Seas entirely aſide. When Mr. Banks and Dr. Solander were diſcharged from that ſervice under illiberal pretences, the government made the public a promiſe the diſcoveries would be proſecuted by another party; but it was only a tub thrown out to amuſe the public.

The late intended voyage to the South Seas by Mr. Banks, &c. was entirely planned by Lord Sandwich; but the whole deſign, when ripe for execution, was counteracted by *one* creature in adminiſtration.

July 14. Orders are given from the Board of ordnance for the fortifications of Jerſey and Guernſey to be repaired with all expedition.

Advice is received from Jamaica, that a conſiderable fleet of French men of war was lately arrived in that part of the world from Breſt and Toulon; that they have troops on board, beſides bombs and mortars, &c. and ſeemed to be ſteering for ſome of the French iſlands to land their men, who were in a very ſickly condition.

An Algerine ſhip of 20 guns has taken a Spaniſh merchant ſhip, bound from Cadiz to Venice, after a ſmart engagement, and carried her into Algiers.

The Princeſſa, a Daniſh man of war of 54 guns, and 450 men, is loſt in the Bay of Biſcay.

July 17. Yeſterday evening were married the Lord Polworth, ſon and heir of the Earl of Marchmont, one of the ſixteen Peers, and Keeper of the Great Seal of Scotland, and Lady Amabell Grey, eldeſt daughter of the Earl of Hardwicke and the Marchioneſs Grey, Baroneſs Lucas of Crudwell. The ceremony was performed under a ſpecial licenſe at Lord Hardwicke's houſe in St. James's-ſquare, by the Rev. Dr. Jeffereys, Canon of Chriſt Church.

Letters from Paris ſay, that more than 1500 Engliſh ſhipwrights are now employed in the different dock-yards of that kingdom, where they meet with ſuch great encouragement that more emigrants are daily expected.

We learn from Toulon, that the Adelaide, a man of war of 60 guns, foundered in a ſtorm on the 24th ult. within ſight of that port. Several gallies put off to her aſſiſtance and ſaved all the men, but the ſhip was loſt.

Orders have been iſſued from the War-Office for building a new fort on the Red Sand at Gibraltar, and mounting it with 12 guns.

On Wedneſday evening ſeveral Members of the Privy Council aſſiſted at a meeting held at Lord Manſfield's in Bloomſbury ſquare.

A contract is juſt entered into by government with two eminent dealers, for 6000 bullocks and 12,000 ſheep to ſupply the men of war at Chatham, Portſmouth and Plymouth, with freſh proviſions.

It is humorous, ſays a correſpondent, to examine the different recipes thoſe State-quacks would adminiſter, to heal the wounds *public credit* has lately received. *One* Quixotte ſteps forth, her profeſſed enemy, and would knock the good Lady on the head; deeming her the cauſe of all our miſeries, he would put an end to her exiſtence; and pleads for the *total abolition of credit* in a *mercantile* country, with all the ravings of a *Quidnunc*, and the perſuaſive eloquence of a Great man's butler. "He longs to ſee the day when nobody will *truſt him* with a *red herring* without firſt having the penny in hand." If this politician will have but a little patience, his wiſh may be *complied* with; the time *may* come when his neighbour ſhall *know him too well* to truſt him a ſingle farthing: Credit, therefore, as to him, will ſoon be at an end.

They write from Paris, that there is at preſent in that capital and ſuburbs, an army of above 40,000 effective men.

They write from Stockholm, that ſome late extraordinary proceedings on the continent, have induced his Majeſty, with advice of the Senate, to order a conſiderable augmentation in the navy and land forces of Sweden.

Among other laws highly neceſſary for the encouragement of our trade, a prohibition of foreign manufactures is abſolutely requiſite, becauſe the duties impoſed upon them (large as they are) only encourage the extravagance of the rich, and give the lower orders of people a double deſire of cheating the revenue.

July 25. We have the mortification to inform the public, that more bankruptices are ſtill talked of; though, what is extraordinary, not one Iriſh houſe has ſuffered in the late commerical concuſſions of the metropolis.

The Secretaryſhip of State for America is one of the moſt conſiderable employments in the gift of the crown; it has the nomination to all the civil officers in every part of the Britiſh dominions beyond the Atlantic; and the revenues of theſe amount, upon a moderate computation, to 100,000l. a year.

Three men of war, now fitting out at Portſmouth, are ſaid to be deſtined for North-America, and their departure is haſtening with all ſpeed.

July 30. A great man in the laſt Cabinet Council ſtrongly urged the immediate neceſſity of engaging in a war with France, as at this time the Bourbon family indicate, by more than words, their evil diſpoſitions towards the peace and proſperity of theſe kingdoms.

July 31. Yeſterday a capital houſe near the eaſtern quarter of the city, is ſaid to have ſtopped for more than 200,000l. which it is thought will draw others after it, as bills to a vaſt amount are coming due in a few days.

Auguſt 2. The Britiſh and Spaniſh ſmugglers in the Weſt-Indies, are, it is ſaid, acting juſt in the ſame manner as they did in the years 1738, and 1739, which at laſt brought on the war in 1741.

Auguſt 3. Letters from Cracow mention, that a corps of 2000 Auſtrian troops has broke through the line of the Ruſſians, and made themſelves maſters of Tyniec, and that the Ruſſian garriſon was obliged to leave the place; the conſequences of which we do not know yet, nor the particulars of it.

On Thurſday laſt a Captain in the army carried off an Earl's daughter from a boarding ſchool at Suſſex, and conducted her to Scotland.

We hear the queſtion of eſtabliſhing a civil government on the bank of the Miſſiſippi, has been of late ſo much oppoſed by Lord Hillſborough, and at the ſame time ſo much countenanced by others of the Council, that a Great Perſonage has ordered accurate maps of thoſe tracts of land to be immediately made out for his own inſpection.

Auguſt 5. It is ſaid that Mr. Fordyce's affairs now appear ſo complicated, that without his perſonal aſſiſtance there will not be half a crown in the pound for his creditors. It is therefore imagined, that he will be invited home; and from his late letters to Colcheſter, incredible as ſuch a circumſtance may ſeem, it is thought he will ſpeedily figure away in the political theatre.

Auguſt 6. Advices from Madrid ſay, that the court ſeems to have no intention of entering into a war with Great-Britain. The illicit traders in America, it is ſaid, give occaſion for complaints too well founded.

The Spaniſh Ambaſſador has no thought of leaving this kingdom ſooner than two months hence, notwithſtanding the many aſſertions to the contrary.

It is aſſerted as a fact, that a whole cargo of flour lately imported from America, is deſigned to be ſent back again to the port it was originally, ſhipped from, or ſome other foreign port; the Gentlemen concerned, can, if they pleaſe, aſſign the reaſon, or whether the bakers pronounce the flour which to appearance is very good, unfit for the Engliſh table.

The importation of flour from America, was probaby deſigned by Parliament to reduce the price of our Markets, and the public will be obliged to the cornfactors to inform them, how the cargoes lately arrived here have been diſpoſed of.

Auguſt 7. The Earl of Holderneſſe is appointed Governor to Prince William Henry and Prince Edward, in the ſame manner as to the Prince of Wales and the Biſhop of Oſnaburgh; the other part of the houſhold of the two former Princes is not yet declared.

It is ſaid that every kind of oppreſſion continues to be practiſed in Portugal on our merchants there, notwithſtanding the great and numerous obligations that country lies under to Great Britain.

A treaty offenſive and defenſive is juſt concluded between the French, Sardinians, Genoeſe, Malteſe, Venetians, and Dutch, in which the original Mediterranean treaty is revived.

On Tueſday ſome diſpatches arrived from Poland, relative to the troubles in that kingdom; ſince which it has been reported, that our court has come to a reſolution to take no part in the diſputes between that kingdom and its powerful neighbours.

It is now confidently reported, that Lord Hillſborough's reſignation is expected in a few days, as the prodigious emigrations to the Miſſiſippi and the Ohio render the circumſtance of a ſettlement on each of theſe rivers unavoidable. The 20th of the preſent month is the day at preſent fixed for his Lordſhip's journey to Ireland, and it is thought that before that time he will give up the American ſecretaryſhip of ſtate.

The reaſons urged by Lord Hillſborough in council, for oppoſing the Miſſiſippi ſcheme, were as follow: firſt, that the mother country could not, at preſent, ſpare any migration: ſecondly, the voyage from Europe there, on account of the difficulty of getting up ſo rapid a river, could not, on an average, be leſs than three months; a circumſtance that muſt greatly impede both the ſale of the produce of that eſtabliſhment, as well as be an inconvenience in its communication with the mother country. And laſtly, that the whole face of the country was ſo ſpread over with plantations, it ſtood in more need of a company of *Foreſters* than a civil eſtabliſhment.

The ſeizures that have been made by his Majeſty's cutters ſince January laſt, amount to the ſum of 94,000l. 15s. 3 d.

The examination of Meſſ. Neale, James and Downe, before the commiſſion of bankruptcy lately, was very affecting. Theſe unfortunate Gentlemen diſplayed ſuch a principle of honeſty and reſignation as gave univerſal ſatisfaction. Mr. James, whoſe property was much more conſiderable than that of the other Gentlemen, likewiſe ſurrendered all to his laſt halfpenny. The creditors very generouſly returned the depoſits the partners had made; after which the preſiding commiſſioner informed the creditors, that Mr. James had put a paper into his hands, which he had deſired him to read: It was to the following purport:

"Gentlemen,

"Mr. James is too deeply impreſſed by his ſituation to addreſs you perſonally; the kindneſs you have now conferred he accepts with the greateſt gratitude, and was he only intereſted as an individual, he would ceaſe to give you any farther trouble; but the ties of nature and the affections of a father prevail with him to ſolicit the indulgence of your attention and your aſſiſtance. A wife and ſeven children (here Mr. James was greatly affected, and nature witneſſed his agitation by the flowing of his eyes) all of whom are dependent on him, reduced from a ſtate of affluence to that of poverty, call forth all the yearnings of a huſband and a parent. Mrs. James, on her marriage, ſettled an eſtate of the value of 160l. per annum on Mr. James for his life, with remainder to herſelf and children; for the continuance of this eſtate for his life, which will probably now not be a long one; he humbly ſupplicates your kindneſs, in doing which he is wholly influenced by the affection which he bears to the tendereſt branches of himſelf and his wife. He ventures, gentlemen, in this addreſs, to apply to your feeling as men, as huſbands, and as fathers. If you ſhould indulge this requeſt, be aſſured the bleſſings of infants will deſcend upon you."

This requeſt was inſtantly complied with; and the commiſſioners and creditors behaved through the whole buſineſs with the greateſt humanity, generoſity, and benevolence.

Auguſt 8. Letters of credit from the continent ſay, that notwithſtanding all that has been done, the guards are obliged to patrole the ſtreets of Copenhagen both night and day.

They write from the Hague, that on the 25th laſt, died at Kircheim-Pohland, the young prince of Naſſau-Weilbourg, aged ſeven days.

It is the opinion of moſt judicious people, that in caſe of a rupture with France or Spain, a certain power will join them. This conjecture is founded on their preſent manner of proceeding to the Britiſh ſubjects now among them.

It is very remarkable that the three courts of France, Spain, and England, ſhould, inſtead of following the example of their anceſtors, politely debate their political points. For example: France claim the Spice-Iſlands, but waits till his Catholic brother's fleet be ready to embark on the ſame enterprize; and Spain, with infinite kindneſs, attends the motions of Great-Britain, and Great-Britain of Spain, that no cauſe for umbrage may ariſe to either party.

The Spice Iſlands are now the grand objects, it is imagined, of miniſterial conſideration, but as they are beheld with wiſhful eyes by ſo many other powers, Query, whether we muſt not pay a price for them beyond their value, if fortune were even at laſt to declare in our favour?

A letter received laſt night from Paris ſays, that on a late ſurvey of the iſland of Corſica by the King's engineers, it has been computed, to repair the old fortifications, which are much decayed, and to erect new ones, would require an expence of two millions of French livres.

A perſon in a public ſtation ſays, that the affairs of North America are likely to furniſh ſufficient matter for ſerious reflection during the receſs of parliament.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 5.

Thurſday laſt being the Anniverſary Election throughout this Province for Repreſentatives, Sheriffs, &c. *the following Gentlemen were choſen,* viz.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
Iſrael Jacobs,
Henry Pawling,
Jonathan Roberts,
Michael Hillegas,
Samuel Rhoads,
Joſeph King,
Joſeph Parker,
George Gray.

Sheriffs,
Judah Foulke,
William Dewees.

Coroners,
Caleb Caſh,
John Knight.

Commiſſioner,
Jacob Lewis.

Aſſeſſors,
John Knor,
Samuel Maſſey,
Jacob Umſtead,
Peter Dehaven,
Jacob Spencer,
Joſeph Hillborn.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
Charles Humphreys,
John Jacobs,
Iſaac Pearſon,
George Aſhbridge,
John Morton,
John Minchall,
James Hockley,
Benjamin Bartholomew.

Sheriffs,
Nathaniel Vernon,
Henry Hays.

Coroners,
John Croſby, *jun.*
John Bryan.

Commiſſioner,
John Fleming.

Aſſeſſors,
John Crawford,
Thomas Lewis,
Thomas Tucker,
William Evans,
Jacob Beery,
Joſhua Puſey.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
John Foulke,
William Rodman,
Henry Krewſon,
John Brown,
Joſeph Galloway,
Benjamin Chapman,
Joſeph Ellicott,
Peter Shepherd.

Sheriffs,
Richard Gibbs,
John Thornton.

Coroners,
James Wallace,
George Fell.

Commiſſioners,
Theophilus Foulk.

Aſſeſſors,
Gradas Wynkoop,
Joſeph Milnor,
Thomas Wilſon,
Benjamin Hampton,
John Haney,
Nathan Roberts.

NEW-CASTLE COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
John Evans,
George Reid,
John M'Kinlay,
Thomas M'Kein,
Alexander Porter,
James Lattimore.

Sheriffs,
John Thomſon,
John Armſtrong.

Coroners,
Joſeph Stedham,
Robert Hawkey.

Friday came on the Election for Burgeſſes, &c. for this city, when the following Gentlemen were elected, viz.

PHILADELPHIA CITY.

Burgeſſes,
Samuel Shoemaker,
Thomas Mifflin.

Wardens,
Reynold Keen,
Jacob Bright.

Street Commiſſioners,
Samuel Robeſon,
Joſeph Moulder.

City Aſſeſſors.
Gunning Bedford.
Jonathan Shoemaker,
Joſeph Shewell,
Joſeph Allen,
William Calliday,
Daniel Dupuy.

[*The remainder of the Elections will be in our next.*]

On Wedneſday morning laſt departed this life, after a ſhort illneſs, in the 19th year of his age, MR. JOHN EVANS, ſon of ROWLAND EVANS, Eſq; a young Gentleman, whoſe excellent natural abilities, improved by a liberal education, and intenſe application to the ſtudy of the law, (in which profeſſion he was engaged and had made conſiderable progreſs) promiſed in ſome future day the firſt eminence.

"*But all the flat'ring hopes of youthful bloom,*
"*Untimely blaſted, whither in the tomb:*
"*Grac'd with each merit years like his could boaſt;*
"*Too ſoon diſcover'd—as too early loſt:*
"*Yet, let not grief pronounce that doom unjuſt,*
"*Which lays a parent's faireſt hopes in duſt.*"

That eaſy behaviour, ſweet diſpoſition, affable complacence and engaging chearfulneſs, which, without panegyric, were peculiar to him, and which ſo much endeared him to all who had the pleaſure of his acquaintance, have juſtly rendered his death univerſally lamented.

Laſt Saturday morning, five companies of the 18th or Royal Iriſh regiment, under the command of Major Hamilton, arrived here from the Illinois.

We hear, that the truſtees of the College of New-Jerſey, have conferred the degree of Maſter of Arts on the very ingenious Mr. RITTENHOUSE, of this city.

A correſpondent has ſent us the following paragraph:—I had the curioſity laſt week, to be preſent at Dr. BOND's cutting for the ſtone, and was agreeably diſappointed; for, inſtead of ſeeing an operation, ſaid to be perplexed with difficulty and uncertainty, and attended with violence and cruelty, it was performed with ſuch eaſe, regularity and ſucceſs, it ſcarcely gave a ſhock to the moſt ſympathiſing byſtander, the whole being completed, and a ſtone of two inches in length, and one in diameter, extracted in leſs than two minutes, to the inexpreſſible relief of an amiable youth, whoſe proſpect in life was horrid from having ſuffered the moſt excruciating torture, from his birth to this lucky moment.—If ſurgery is productive of ſuch bleſſed effects, may we not with Cicero, juſtly rank it amongſt the firſt of the arts, and eſteem it worthy of the higheſt culture and encouragement.

Captain Moore, from South-Carolina, on the 15th ult. about 35 leagues from Cape Hatteras, ſaw a veſſel diſmaſted, who had a ſingle deck, a green quarter, a black ſtern, and every thing taken out of the cabin: Capt. Moore took up 30 barrels of flour, marked W. H. and branded Pennſington, and ſaw ſeveral ſtaves that were ſhaved, Indian corn, &c. Same day ſpoke the ſloop Fancy, Capt. Bonker, a whaler, belonging to Nantucket, who had one fiſh, out 4 months: On the 29th, in lat. 38: 10, long. 73: 41, met with a whaler's boat, who informed him, that they ſaw a veſſel, ſuppoſed to be a brig, about 20 leagues off Cape Hatteras, with her yards and topmaſt lying along-ſide of her; and on the 1ſt inſt. about 20 leagues, E. S. E. of our Capes, ſaw a brig with her foremaſt carried away, but it being dark could not ſpeak her.

Capt. Wright arrived at Charleſtown on the 17th ult.

Capt. Ferguſon, from Newcaſtle on Tyne, on the 24th of Auguſt, in lat. 42: 38, long. 40, ſpoke the ſhip Elizabeth, Capt. Anderſon, from Jamaica for Liverpool, out 40 days; and on the 13th ult. in lat. 37: 58, long. 66, ſpoke a ſloop, Capt. Martin, from Caſco-Bay for the Grenades, out 5 days, all well.

Capt. Smith, from Hull, on the 8th of Auguſt, in lat. 49, long. 4: 49, ſpoke a ſhip from Virginia for London, out 5 weeks: On the 18th, in lat. 44: 20, long. 31: 26, ſpoke a brig from St. Croix for Copenhagen, out 7 weeks: On the 25th, in lat. 40: 17, long. 39: 22, ſpoke a ſnow, Capt. Biddle, from London for Virginia out, 40 days; and on the 17th ult. in lat. 36: 25, long. 16: 20, ſpoke the ſhip James and Mary Ann, Capt. Budden, from this port for Liſbon, out 4 days, all well.

Arrivals from this port. Capt. Hawthorn, at Briſtol; Fearis, and Dean, at Liverpool; Caine, at Dublin, Cooper, M'Culloch, M'Cutcheon, and M'Cane, at Cork.

⁂ Father Senex's ſecond favour was unavoidably poſtponed this week, but will make its appearance in our next.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Sally,	S. Covell,	Liſbon,
Schoon. Patty,	W. Shine,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Patty,	G. Simpſon,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Suſannah,	W. Wyar,	Piſcataqua,
Sloop Belleiſle,	T. Le Meſſurier,	Boſton,
Sloop America,	N. Lamſon,	Boſton.

OUTWARDS.

Ship Mary & Eliz.	J. Sparks,	London,
Sch. William,	J. Gorham,	Boſton,
Snow Barbados P.	W. Sutton,	Liſbon,
Ship Pennſylv. Pac.	P. Oſborne,	London,
Schooner Suſanna,	J. Green,	N. Providence,
Ship Morris,	T. Bell,	Teneriffe,
Schooner Patty,	W. Shine,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Belleiſle,	T. Le Meſſurier,	St. John's,
Sloop Suſannah,	W. Wyar,	Newbury.

CLEARED.

Sloop Rebecca,	J. Chadfield,	New-London,
Schooner Dove,	A. Dawes,	North-Carolina,
Schoon. Becky,	R. Harris,	Georgia,
Sl. Peace & Plenty,	J. Anthony,	Rhode-Iſland,
Brig Cham. Sally,	J. Brown,	North-Carolina,
Schoon. Rebecca,	J. Holden,	Virginia,
Sch. Two Brothers,	C. Gale,	North-Carolina,
Sloop Adrian,	J. Genſel,	St. Croix,
Brig Polly,	J. Shields,	Jamaica,
Sl. Adventure,	H. Robinſon,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Nan. & Molly,	R. Bethell,	Barbados,
Brig Ann,	J. Robinſon,	Jamaica,
Sloop Mary,	B. Hutchings,	St. Kits,
Brig Tobago,	J. Scott,	Grenades.

ROBERT AND JOHN PROUD,

HAVE juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from Europe, a neat Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which they have for ſale, at their Store in Second-ſtreet, next door above the Church.

TO-MORROW, AT ONE O'CLOCK, AT
JOHN HART's
VENDUE-STORE,
At the Corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS.
WILL BEGIN THE SALE OF
A LARGE AND NEAT ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANDIZE.

N. B. He intends to continue his Vendue every Tueſday.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, living in Penn-Street, below the Bird-in-Hand Wharf, the 28th of September, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named JAMES BELL; about eighteen or nineteen years of age, and about five feet 7 or 8 inches high; of a pale complexion and very ſlim; has light brown hair. Had on when he went away, a half worn beaver hat, check ſhirt, a light coloured coat of fuſtian, white nankeen jacket, white cotton ſtockings, new ſhoes; and carried away two check ſhirts and all his working clothes.—Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above Reward and all reaſonable charges, paid by

FRAZER KINSLEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 30th, 1772.

Æquè pauperibus prodeſt, locupletibus æque,
Æquè neglectum pueris ſenibuſque nocebit. HOR.

THE Inhabitants of Lancaſter, York, Reading, and parts adjacent, are requeſted to take notice, that in conſequence of the earneſt and repeated ſolicitations of ſeveral perſons labouring under diſorders of their eyes and ears, and whoſe particular circumſtances and ſituation preclude them from the benefit of applying for help at Philadelphia;

DOCTOR GRAHAM, OCULIST and AURIST,

Propoſes to be at Lancaſter on Sunday the 1ſt of November next, from thence he will go to York-Town on Monday the 9th: He will return to Lancaſter on the 12th, and continue there two days longer; on the 15th, he propoſes to be at Reading; and at his houſe in Philadelphia again on Tueſday the 17th of the ſame month; at all which places, he may be conſulted in all the diſorders of the eye and its appendages, and in every ſpecies of deafneſs, thickneſs of hearing, ulcerations, noiſe in the ears, &c.——Thoſe perſons likewiſe who have had the unſpeakable misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and thoſe who labour under any impediment in their ſpeech, by applying perſonally, will, probably, be aſſiſted.

Thoſe perſons whoſe eyes are utterly periſhed or ſunk in their head, may have the deformity removed by artificial eyes, ſo curiouſly fixed and adapted to the orbits, as to have (in appearance) the beauties, motion, &c. of the natural eye in its healthy ſtate.

The ſtructure and diſeaſes of thoſe tender, ſympathetic, and nearly connected organs, to which nature has aſſigned the moſt important offices of life, have, for many years particularly engaged his attention and practice; whence, regardleſs of vague conjectural hypotheſes, he hath deduced, on rational principles, methods of cure, improved and confirmed by the moſt accurate obſervations, in a courſe of practice the moſt extenſive, and, perhaps, the moſt ſucceſsful of any of his cotemporaries in Europe, or on this vaſt continent. The candid and intelligent inhabitants of theſe parts of the Britiſh colonies, can readily diſtinguiſh true merit from pretended knowledge: To conciliate therefore their favour, Dr. Graham begs leave to aſſure them, that, with tenderneſs and moderation, even to the pooreſt individual, his beſt abilities ſhall, at all times, be exerted to ſerve them.

Since his arrival in this city in November 1771, four hundred and ſeventy patients have been cured, or relieved of the following diſorders, many of which had been of very long ſtanding, and deemed altogether incurable by others of the faculty, even by Gentlemen, who, otherwiſe, do honour to the profeſſion, the ſucceſs attending their practice ſufficiently evincing, that they are worthy and capable of the great—the important charge, with which they are entruſted. The chief diſorders are as follow, viz.—Total, partial, and periodical blindneſs; weakneſs and dimneſs of ſight; ſquinting; pain, ſwelling, and inflammation of the eyes; ſpots, ſpecks, or films, occaſioned by the ſmall-pox, blows, or extraneous ſubſtances; weak, watry, red, ſpongy, and ulcerated eye-lids; falling off of the hairs of the eye-laſhes, ſpaſmodic twitchings; involuntary weeping of the tears; tumours and excreſcences; *fiſtulæ lachrymales.*—Total and periodical deafneſs; hardneſs of hearing; pain and inflammations; painful ſenſations in conſequence of loud ſounds; cracking, itching, continual and remitting noiſes and ſounds in the ears; offenſive runnings occaſioned by colds, ſwelling, ſwimming, picking and improper applications, or by long and ſevere ſickneſſes; inſects and extraneous ſubſtances getting into the ears; ulcerations with caries of the bones; polypi, &c.——and ſeveral perſons born deaf and dumb, who have made very conſiderable advances in ſpeaking and hearing, inſomuch, that perfect cures will, probably be effected.

Thoſe who have occaſion for aſſiſtance, are deſired to apply immediately, for buſineſs in Philadelphia will require his attendance, as uſual, at his houſe the corner of Fifth and Market ſtreets, on Tueſday the 17th of November.

On Wedneſday evening the 4th of November, a LECTURE will be delivered at Lancaſter, on that curious and moſt important Organ the EYE: a SYLLABUS of the LECTURE may be had at the Doctor's apartments; and thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, particularly the faculty, who may chooſe to favour him with their company, will be pleaſed to ſend thither for TICKETS of admittance.

N. B. The poor who apply properly recommended, will be aſſiſted gratis, with advice, medicines, or manual operations, as their reſpective caſes may require, and they are deſired to apply every morning between the hours of ſix and eight.

STEPHEN COLLINS,

HAS lately imported in the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, and the Charming Molly, Captain Gill, from London, and the Chalkley, Capt. Spain, from Briſtol, a large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which he is now opening for ſale on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, at his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Church.

Juſt opening, and to be ſold on the very loweſt terms, wholeſale and retail, by

JOHN SMITH,

The ſecond door below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet,

A Large and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, and the laſt veſſels from Briſtol, Liverpool, and Glaſgow, and now opening by

JOHN MITCHELL,

At his Store in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

A Very neat and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable for the fall and winter ſeaſons, which he will ſell very low for caſh or the uſual credit.

LENNOX AND TURNBULL,

Have juſt imported in the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, Captain OSBORNE, from LONDON,

A NEAT and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be diſpoſed of on the moſt reaſonable terms, the fourth door below Cheſtnut-Street, in Second-Street.——They have likewiſe a few Crates of PLAIN and ENAMELLED QUEEN'S WARE, juſt arrived from Liverpool.

NEAVE, HARMAN AND LEWIS,

HAVE imported in the Richard Penn, Capt. All, the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, a large and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell low, at their Store, the corner of Second and Spruce-ſtreets.

DANIEL TYSON,

HAS juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a general Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which he has for ſale on the loweſt terms for Caſh or ſhort Credit, at his Store in Water-ſtreet, the ſeventh door above Market-ſtreet.

JOHN FIELD,

HAS juſt imported in the ſhips Richard Penn, and the Mary and Elizabeth, from London, a large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which are now opening for ſale on very low terms, at his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, next door below the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Juſt imported in the ſhips Richard Penn, Capt. All, the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, by

MAGDALEN DEVINE,

A Large and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which ſhe will ſell remarkably low for Caſh or ſhort credit, wholeſale or retail, at her Store in Second-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Golden-Fleece Tavern.

JAMES REYNOLDS,

CARVER AND GILDER,

In Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, that he has brought in from London, per the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, (and expects per Captain Falconer) a large and general Aſſortment of Looking-Glaſſes, Paper Hangings, Japanned Ware, Braſs Sconces, and Mahogany Tea Cheſts, &c. which he will diſpoſe of on the very loweſt terms, wholeſale or retail.

N. B. All kinds of Millinery and Haberdaſhery Goods very low.

JOSEPH HILLBORN,

HATH juſt imported in the ſhip Charming Molly, Capt. Gill, from London, a neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which he has for ſale on the loweſt terms, at his Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, and next door to the Croſs-Keys Tavern.

THOMAS AND GEORGE MIFFLIN,

Have imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London,

A Very large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which are now opening for ſale, on the loweſt terms, in their Store, at the corner of Front and Cheſtnut ſtreets, Philadelphia.

Juſt imported from London, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain Iſaac All, by

OWEN BIDDLE,

A Neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he has for ſale on the very loweſt terms, at his Store in Market-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet.

N. B. He expects a more general aſſortment by the other European veſſels.—Such perſons who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on the beſt uſage and moſt grateful acknowledgments.

WILLIAM MILLER,

At his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Gray's Alley, between Cheſtnut and Walnut ſtreets, hath juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, and the laſt veſſels from Briſtol,

A Neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit.

BENJAMIN DEAN,

HAS juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, and is now opening at his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Arch ſtreets, next door to Mr. David Franks, a neat and general Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which he is determined to ſell on very low terms, for caſh or ſhort credit.

MEASE AND CALDWELL,

Have juſt imported by the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, the Chalkely, Capt. Spain, from Briſtol, and other late veſſels from Europe,

A Very large and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, adapted to the ſeaſon, which they are now opening at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the third door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and will ſell on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or the uſual credit.

WILLIAM BARRELL,

HATH imported in the very laſt ſhips from London, &c. a very large and moſt complete Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to all ſeaſons, but particularly adapted to the preſent and approaching; all which he is determined to ſell by Wholeſale and Retail, on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his New Store, the north-eaſt corner of Market and Second ſtreets.

A. CALDWELL AND J. WILSON,

HAVE imported by the laſt veſſels from England, a large Aſſortment of yard wide, 7-8ths and 3-4ths IRISH LINENS, with ſundry other Goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.—They have alſo for ſale, Window Glaſs, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, and 10 by 12; 4*d.* 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* 12*d.* and 20*d.* nails; ſeveral cables and rigging of all ſizes; crates of plain, enamelled and penciled ſtone and Queen's ware; canvas, No. 1 to 8; bottle corks, and old Madeira wine of the beſt quality.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and now ſelling by

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Oppoſite Chriſt's Church, in Second-Street,

A Large and general Aſſortment of Blue and White and Enamelled China, in boxes, variouſly aſſorted to ſuit the town and country ſales. Likewiſe, Enamelled and Plain Queen's Wares of all kinds, Enamelled, Blue and White, and White Stone Wares, in crates, well aſſorted, Delph Bowls of different ſizes, Glaſs Wares in ſmall aſſorted crates, and a variety of Cut and Flowered Glaſs, as Decanters, Wines, Jellies, Salts, &c. which he will ſell on at leaſt equal terms with any of the buſineſs. Orders put up carefully on the ſhorteſt notice. He expects daily a freſh addition to his elegant aſſortment, and flatters himſelf he ſhall give full ſatisfaction to all who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

ABRAHAM USHER,

HAS juſt imported in the Hawk from Glaſgow, the Richard Penn, and the Pennſylvania Packet from London, a neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, and he daily expects by Capt. Sparks and other ſhips from London, &c. a further ſupply, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh or ſhort credit, at his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London, and to be ſold by

WHITE AND PATTON,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door below Arch-ſtreet,

A Large and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the enſuing ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh or ſhort credit.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from England, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER BARTRAM,

Next door to the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet,

A Large and General Aſſortment of Enamelled and Plain Queen's Ware, Enamelled Blue and White, and White Stone Ware, Delph Bowls of different ſizes, Glaſs Ware of different ſorts, both Engliſh and country made, all of which he is determined to ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms: As the above goods are laid in with ready money at the different manufactories in England, he has them much lower than they formerly came to this place. He has likewiſe a large aſſortment of Potter's Ware, made at his pot-houſe, equal in quality, and as cheap as any made in this place.

*** Orders ſent will be carefully forwarded on the ſhorteſt notice.

MARTIN FOY,

PROFESSOR of DANCING and MUSIC,

HAS opened SCHOOL in the Aſſembly-Room, and will introduce a collection of the neweſt Cotillons immediately; therefore, he humbly requeſts of his employers, who chooſe that their children ſhould learn theſe new French compoſitions, that they will commence as ſoon as poſſible, or it cannot be expected that they will be capable to perform them with any approbation this winter.——A Night School will be conducted, as uſual, on Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Fridays, from ſeven till nine o'clock.

SHAD,

IN BARRELS,
TO BE SOLD BY
WHITE AND MONTGOMERY,
ON MARKET-STREET WHARF,
PHILADELPHIA.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A PARLOUR AND BED-CHAMBER genteelly furniſhed, in a good part of the city.—Enquire of the Printer.

FOR LONDON,

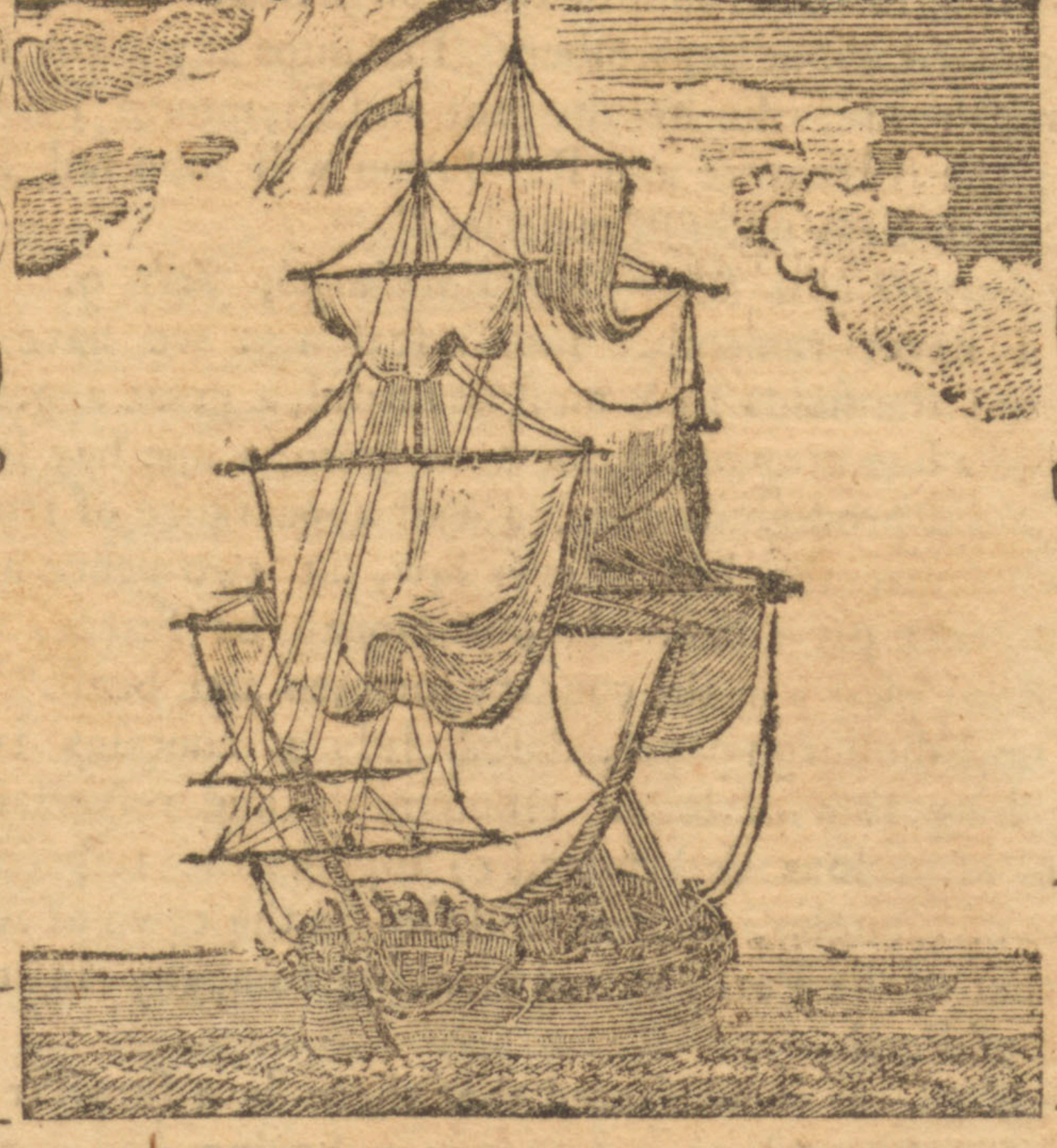
THE SHIP
MARY AND ELIZABETH,
JAMES SPARKS, Maſter;

WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed. She is a good veſſel, and has excellent accommodations for paſſengers.——For freight or paſſage, apply to JOHN HEAD, or the Maſter, on board, at Roſheau's wharf, or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where
Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

OCTOBER, 1772. NUMB. 51.

THE PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, AND THE GENERAL ADVERTISER.



MONDAY, OCTOBER 12th, 1772.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

To the PRINTER *of the* PENNSYLVANIA PACKET.

SIR,

In conſequence of my late letter, which had the honour of appearing in your entertaining paper, I have been favoured with the following addreſs. It was indeed delivered to me ſomewhat unſeaſonably, by a ſcrub looking boy, who knock'd me up at 12 o'clock at night for the purpoſe.

"To FATHER SENEX,

"OLD SLY-BOOTS,

"CAN you be ſuch a fool as to imagine that we don't know you are humming us all this while? Some of our club indeed were at firſt inclined to think you ſerious, and began to call you hearty old cock, honeſt dry-bones, and propoſed to apply for ſome of your coats of arms: But I ſoon convinced them of their error, by ſending for a dictionary and explaining your Latin mottoes. If you intend to ſet up for a reformer, you muſt fall upon ſome other plan—this won't do.—Have you the vanity to think that we ſhall alter our courſe of life for any thing you can ſay? We have already frequently been told that riot is the ſource of diſeaſe; that extravagance is the mother of poverty; that piety, temperance and learning are an honour to youth, a crown of glory to old age, and the paths that lead to happineſs hereafter; that time is precious, life ſhort and uncertain, and death inevitable.—I ſay, we have been told this and ten times as much:—Nay, what is more, we verily believe it all to be true, and yet bravely ſtand our ground, and are determined ſo to do in defiance of whatever our parents, inſtructors, or preachers can ſay. Can you then ſuppoſe that your feeble attempt at wit will laugh us into amendment, when all theſe ſerious applications have been made without effect: Lectures of morality are to be ſure very pretty, that we muſt acknowledge; but how eaſily are they anſwered. If piety, virtue and learning are the higheſt honours men can poſſeſs, how great is our humility in declining them? If life is ſhort and death certain, why ſhould we be anxious about our characters, or concern ourſelves for what the grave and ſerious may think of us? If time is precious, ſhould we not take advantage of it, and make ourſelves as happy as we can? And if riot brings diſeaſe, ſo much the better for the doctors. In ſhort, you may write, and the parſons may preach; but whilſt we can wheedle our parents out of their money, we will laugh at your ſatyr, deſpiſe the opinions of mankind, and kick the world before us. And ſo, old dad, we wiſh you a good night.

In behalf of the club,

Your's, as you behave,

TOM RATTLE."

Jacobs's Tavern, Saturday
night, 12 o'clock.

What my friend Tom ſays is very true: If the arguments he mentions are of no weight with the giddy and thoughtleſs, it is not in my power to offer any of more importance. But I would obſerve that it is one thing to *believe* a truth, and another thing to be *ſenſible* of it. The underſtanding may admit a fact, and the heart remain altogether unintereſted by it. That only can be ſaid to be fully acknowledged as a truth which is *felt* to be ſo, and has a due influence upon our life and conduct. The mere *belief* of a doctrine is a picture ornamenting the underſtanding; but to have an inward *ſenſibility* of its truth is to poſſeſs the real ſubſtance itſelf. Old men may prattle and divines may preach; but whilſt people have a notion that moral *ſentiments* are virtue, and *belief* is chriſtianity, the work of reformation will go on but ſlowly. To expect religion from ſyſtems of divinity and virtue from moral philoſophy, is to dine upon a page of the complete houſe-wife.

Youth are as much to be pitied as blamed for the irregularities of their conduct, and at leaſt one half of their imprudences ſhould lie to the account of thoſe whom Providence hath entruſted with the care of them.

A parent thinks he has diſcharged his duty if he pays for his ſon's ſchooling. At ſchool the boy has knowledge adminiſtered to him, as phyſic is given to infants, by main force: He learns rules by rote, without knowing the reaſon of them, and gets morality by memory. Heartily ſick of this regimen, he launches forth at the age of ſeventeen, into ſcenes of temptation and diſorder; with large ideas of his father's wealth, and money ſufficient in his pocket, which is the ſinews of vice as well as of war. In this ſituation how is it poſſible but that he muſt be borne down the torrent of diſſipation! Add to all this, that the fair ſex, to whom he will naturally endeavour to recommend himſelf, approve of his exceſſes under the polite appellation, *gallantry*.

Sure I am, that if the Ladies would ſeriouſly condemn riot and debauchery in the young Gentlemen, *their* diſapprobation would be more effectual in reclaiming our youth, than any reaſonings on the ſubject, or moral diſſertations. By not condemning, they greatly encourage vice in thoſe over whom they have ſo pow'rful an influence. Shall I go too far if I aſſert, that a young Lady who approves, nay, who does not really abhor, in her gallant, the common vices of irregular amours, intemperance, gaming and blaſphemy, would, but for the cuſtom of the world, plunge deep into thoſe vices herſelf? and that the foundation of her virtue is nothing more than the fear of cenſure: Otherwiſe, how can ſhe be delighted with the company and converſation of a perſon who is daily committing extravagancies ſhe ought to deteſt; or how can ſhe be a real friend to piety, chaſtity and temperance who holds ſtrict amity with their avowed enemy, and encourages him, as far as ſhe can with ſafety, in violating their moſt ſacred laws?

I have heard ſome women ſay, that a reformed rake makes the beſt huſband; but for my part, I ſhould chooſe a coat that would fit me at once, rather than one I knew did not, in hopes of altering it afterwards to my mind.

Mr. Pope ſays, *every woman is at heart a rake*—this cenſure probably aroſe from his obſerving, that however cautious the Ladies might be of their own reputations, they too often preferred men of debauched principles, and were fond of thoſe vices in the other ſex, which the ſeverity of cuſtom would not allow them to commit themſelves.

I have known men affect a libertiniſm that did not belong to them, merely to ingratiate themſelves with the Ladies: If ſo, how readily would our youth cultivate ſobriety, chaſtity, and every moral virtue, did they know theſe to be the only means of obtaining the favour of the fair ſex.

Lothario was a young Gentleman of a handſome perſon, a good underſtanding, and a competent fortune; but became early in life addicted to the faſhionable vices of the times. He had long paid his ſerious addreſſes to *Clariſſa*, a Lady every way qualified to be the object of love.

Lothario was by no means indifferent to *Clariſſa*; ſhe found his perſon and addreſs quite agreeable, and through all the follies of his conduct, thought ſhe diſcovered a good heart and a quick underſtanding. He urged her to determine his fate, but ſhe ingeniouſly delayed her final anſwer from time to time in hopes of his amendment; taking every opportunity to convince him of the errors of his conduct. He readily ſubmitted to her reaſonings, but continued the practice of his riot and debauchery.

Finding at length that ſhe had little hopes of his reformation before marriage, ſhe did not chooſe to venture the obtaining it after, and therefore came to a reſolution, and ſent him one evening the following letter:

"To LOTHARIO.

"SIR,

"YOU have often requeſted from me a deciſive anſwer to your aſſiduous addreſſes. I think you have an undoubted right to candour upon my part, nor ſhould I have detained you thus long in ſuſpence, had I been determined myſelf. Your character is of ſo mixed a kind, that I found it very difficult to diſcover the real ſtate of my heart with reſpect to you.

"I will now confeſs, that your perſon and accompliſhments are ſuch as would ſufficiently content me; theſe, with ſome other good qualities which I obſerved in you, had created an eſteem which might have increaſed to love; but the extreme imprudence of your conduct, your continued irregularities and exceſſes, and the little regard you have paid to my repeated remonſtrances, have determined me never to riſque my happineſs for life with a man of your principles.

"I would not ſeem to affect a delicacy which does not belong to me, but I cannot ſtifle my real fears. If my influence as a miſtreſs hath been ineffectual for your reformation, I have not the vanity to think, that as a wife it will be in my power to fix the chaſtity of one who hath been long accuſtomed to indulge in a variety of criminal attachments, to teach a prudent œconomy to him who knows not how to check any irregular deſire, or to expect delicacy and affection from a man who continually treats his God with diſreſpect and open defiance.

"I ſhall ſet out early to-morrow morning for the country, where I ſhall endeavour to forget that I ever had any growing inclinations towards the unfortunate *Lothario*.

CLARISSA."

This letter had a ſurpriſing effect upon the gay *Lothario*: The diſappointment ſtruck him to the heart: He *felt* that he had been wrong: His folly ſtood in full view before him, and he could not but acknowledge the juſtice of *Clariſſa*'s conduct. He fell in love with virtue, and not content with barely aſſenting to the truth, he really altered his way of life, but could never obtain leave to renew his addreſſes to the beautiful *Clariſſa*.

SENEX.

ABRAHAM USHER,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, and now opening at his Store in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet, a large and general Aſſortment of BROADCLOTHS, coatings, duffils, freezes, ſwanſkins, Indian blanketing, rugs, roſe blankets, halfthicks, baize, ſhalloons, rattinets, durants, calimancoes. Alſo, imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh or the uſual credit.

FOR CAPE-FEAR IN NORTH-CAROLINA,
THE SLOOP
PATTY,
GABRIEL SIMPSON,
MASTER;

NOW lying at Clifford's wharf, above Market-ſtreet, and will ſail on the 18th inſtant. For freight or paſſage apply to the ſaid Maſter on board.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A YOUNG MAN, who writes a good hand, and underſtands accompts. Such a perſon, if he can be properly recommended, may hear of employment at an Iron Work, by enquiring of Meaſe and Caldwell.

A VENDUE.
TO-MORROW, AT ONE O'CLOCK, AT
JOHN HART's
VENDUE-STORE,
At the Corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS,
WILL BEGIN THE SALE OF
A LARGE AND NEAT ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANDIZE;
Among which are,

Fine and coarſe broadcloths, coatings, fearnoughts, blankets, rugs, camblets, calimancoes, ſhalloons, ſilk, cotton and worſted hoſe, Iriſh linens, checks, cottons, chintſes and calicoes, baſket and death-head buttons, ſewing ſilk, coloured threads, &c. &c.

N. B. He intends to continue his Vendue every Tueſday.

To be let, a very convenient ſtable, chair houſe, &c. Enquire at ſaid ſtore.

Swedeſborough, Weſt New-Jerſey, Oct. 5, 1772.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from his bail, the Subſcriber, on Sunday the 4th of this inſtant, in the evening, a certain WILLIAM HOOD, by trade a taylor, about five feet ten inches high, ſhort blackiſh hair, of a dark complexion, and of an agreeable ſpeech and aſpect. Had on and took with him, a light coloured German ſerge jacket; an under jacket of red flannel, much worn; a pair of linen ſtriped blue and white trowſers, much worn, and under them a pair of German ſerge breeches; a pair of pumps, about half worn; rib'd worſted ſtockings, brown and white mixed, and a beaver hat, very old. As the Subſcriber is bail for this perſon in a large ſum, and alſo at the time of abſconding robbed him of about eight pounds, in the following money, viz. a five pound bill, two ten ſhilling bills, a fifteen ſhilling bill, two five ſhilling bills, one dollar, and the reſt in ſmall money. It is hoped that thoſe circumſtances will induce many to endeavour to apprehend him, and the above reward ſhall be paid, on ſecuring him in any of his Majeſty's goals, giving notice thereof, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the caſh recovered again, by

ABRAHAM KEEN.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed that he is gone towards Eaſt-Jerſey, or Charles Read's iron works.

MARYLAND, *October* 1, 1772.

There will be expoſed to Sale, at Public Vendue, on Thurſday the 22d inſtant, at the houſe of Mr. JACOB HOLLINGSWORTH,

ALL that Valuable TRACT of LAND, with the improvements thereon, lying in Cæcil county, called Sim's Foreſt, (except twenty acres thereof, on which is erected a griſt-mill) containing, as per certificate, 400 acres. This land may be ſeen at any time before the day of ſale, by applying to Mr. Abraham Miller, or Mr. Jacob Hollingſworth.

TOBIAS BELT.

N A P L E S, *June* 23.

LAST week five cheſts of ſilver plate, which belonged to the Jeſuits at the time they were obliged to quit the kingdom, were ſent to the Mint, where the King has ordered that it ſhall be coined into money and diſtributed to the poor.

Hague, July 22. Among the laſt letters from Spain, one received from Malaga, dated the 15th ult. adviſes, that the Emperor of Morocco had aſſembled all his troops near Ceuta, a fortreſs belonging to the Spaniards; and a letter dated the 19th ſays, this moment we learn that the army of the Emperor of Morocco began cannonading the abovementioned fortreſs yeſterday.

Warſaw, July 6. It is ſaid that Lukaſki, one of the King's aſſaſſins, being ſo narrowly kept in by the Ruſſians that he could not make his eſcape, has ſhot himſelf. Letters from Pruſſia mention, that the famous Pulawſki is in priſon at Potſdam, and we are curious to know whether he will be delivered to the Ruſſians or not.

Schleſwig, July 13. Prince William of Heſſe, a Colonel in the Ruſſian ſervice, and ſon to Prince Charles of Heſſe, died here the 11th of this month.

L O N D O N, *July* 11.

The extenſion of credit, which on all hands is allowed to have been one of the co-operating cauſes which contributed to bring on the late numerous failures, hath been differently expatiated upon by various writers; hence the public prints, as is uſual in all caſes of national emergency, have been filled with the diſſertations of raggamuffin politicians, who are ſeized with a periodical fit of the *cacoethes ſcribendi*, whenever poor old England is in ſo forlorn a ſituation as to call for their aſſiſtance.

Extract of a letter from on board the Briton merchant ſhip, Captain Morris, dated at Algiers, June 1, 1772.

"We croſſed the Bay of Biſcay all ſafe and well, with a fine gale, entered the Streights of Gibraltar about eight o'clock in the evening, and got through by one the next morning; but gueſs our ſurpriſe, when day light began to appear, to find ourſelves ſurrounded by four Algerine corſairs, two of them boarded us directly, and began to rummage the ſhip, and finding, as they pretended, ſome contraband Spaniſh goods on board, they deemed us a lawful prize, and accordingly carried us into this place, where, after laying three days in expectancy of death or ſlavery, we were agreeably ſurpriſed by an order from the Dey, to depart as ſoon as we pleaſed, and to have all our goods reſtored, which was religiouſly obſerved, and we are now preparing to to proceed on our voyage to Aleppo."

By letters which the merchants in Holland have received from their correſpondents in different places, it appears, that the preſent dearth ſo much complained of throughout Europe is not ſo much owing to a general ſcarcity, as to a defect in the regulations of the ſeveral countries with regard to the circulation of the productions of the earth. The general alarm which for ſome time paſt prevailed in Germany leſt a famine ſhould take place, cauſed the Dutch to ranſack every corner of Europe where any kind of grain could poſſibly be thought to abound; and they diſcovered ſuch reſources in the ports of the Baltic, and in other nothern countries, as conſiderably lowered the price of bread-corn in the provinces.

July 14. Several noble Peers of very oppoſite principles have for ſome time paſt had ſuch an interchange of dinners at each others houſes, as to afford much matter for ſpeculation in the political world, where eating together is conſidered a grand advance towards acting together.

The Mufti of Ferni has in a late piece fully enumerated all the ſyſtems of the preſent powers of Europe, from thoſe concerned in diſmembering the Crimea and Poland, to the completion of button and ballad-making.

Some further ſchemes are now agitating for rendering the banks of the Ganges a reſource for the profligate, the indigent, and the enterpriſing members of the community.

Convicts we hear will, in future, inſtead of being ſent to America, be tranſported to the eaſt, as a very proper ſupply to the Military in that part; deſperation being a firſt rate requiſite in all fighting bodies.

They write from Rome, that the Pope, at the requeſt of the King of Spain, has granted the cutting down ſeveral trees in the foreſt of Terracina, fit for ſhip timber.

A ſurvey and eſtimate is ordered to be made of all the timber in his Majeſty's foreſts, and all over England, fit for the uſe of the Dock-yards.

July 15. The Empreſs Queen has ordered the ſubjects of her hereditary dominions to be trained after the manner of the French; ſo that for the future there will be a body of a hundred and twenty thouſand men ready to bear arms.

July 16. Her Grace the Ducheſs of Northumberland is to pay a viſit to a certain unfortunate Princeſs before her return to England.

However foreward the matrimonial negociations between the houſes of Denmark and Sweden may be, it is imagined it will never have the intended termination, many powers having ſtrong perſonal motives for oppoſing it.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, July 12.

"According to your requeſt I have endeavoured to ſend you as complete a liſt of the ſhips in this port as poſſible: The artificers have been very buſy lately, and work an additional tide; the Duke, a ſecond rate, and the Conqueror and Nonſuch, a third and fourth rate, are going on with great expedition; and orders have been ſent down lately to the maſter builder, to lay down a firſt rate in the room of the Conqueror, which will be launched about September. The ſhips at preſent under repair are, the Foudroyant and Plymouth Tranſport; the Adventure and Reſolution will ſoon ſail for the South-Seas upon diſcoveries."

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, July 9.

"I never remember ſuch a ſeaſon as we have at preſent; the fields look moſt beautiful, a great appearance of a fine crop of all ſorts of grain, a fine hay ſeaſon, and a prodigious crop, a vaſt appearance of fruit, ſtrawberries, the beſt I ever ſaw, at two-pence and three-pence per quart. If our money be ſcarce, we ſhall have plenty in the country for men and beaſt."

The Edinburgh paper, dated July 4, contains two very long liſts of Right Honourable and reſpectable names of perſons determined to ſupport the reſpective banks of Douglas, Heron, and Co. in the town of Air, and that of the Perth united Banking company in the town of Perth.

July 18. It is whiſpered that there is a ſurprize in ſtore for the public—A Great man having had a private audience at St. James's, who for years has not breathed the air of a Court; and ſome diſpatches in conſequence thereof have been hurried off to a neighbouring kingdom.

The ſcheme for the aboliſhing the office of Secretary of State for the colonies, which has been in contemplation for two years paſt, is now ſaid to be entirely laid aſide.

Recent letters from Gibraltar mention, that the Spaniards are buſy in augmenting the fortifications of Malaga, Barcelona, and every ſea port of any conſequence within the Streights.

Thurſday two veſſels of 300 tons were taken up in the river, on government contract, for carrying ordnance ſtores to the iſland of Grenada and garriſon of Gibraltar.

A diſappointed dependant ſays, that if private Gentlemen knew the bleſſings of moderation, they would not forget, that the higher they climb the more they are expoſed.

July 21. Several families, in conſequence of the Royal meaſures at Verſailles, are expected to bid a ſpeedy and final adieu to the Gallic Court, and fix their future reſidence in this or ſome other neighbouring kingdom.

The miniſterial toaſt now is, *Fairy Hill*, or; *The New Junto*: A toaſt which requires no comment to render it intelligible to the public.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, July 14.

"They write from Hanover, that the Hereditary Princeſs of Brunſwick has been at Goerde, accompanied contrary to expectation by the Hereditary Prince her huſband, which is looked upon as a convincing proof that a perfect harmony ſubſiſts between theſe two illuſtrious perſonages. They ſtaid four days with Queen Carolina Matilda of Denmark, who was overjoyed to ſee her ſiſter. It is ſince reported that the Queen may poſſibly ſoon make a tour to Brunſwick."

July 23. It is a little remarkable, ſays a correſpondent, that in the pious and œconomical reign of George the Third, univerſal diſſipation ſhould be connived at and promoted by our miniſters, without the public being once aware that it is merely a Court artifice to divert the peoples' attention from *political* affairs.

July 25. Yeſterday ſome intereſting diſpatches arrived at the Secretary of State's office, from the Court of Berlin.

It is ſaid that Lord North has lately made frequent viſits to the Earl of Chatham.

Should a certain ambitious potentate, by the death of a near relation, have it in his power to attempt the enlargement of his dominions, it is imagined it would be no longer poſſible for us to preſerve the peace we love. Thus, in all probability, though we have been dead to the ſenſe of our own honour and emolument, we muſt ſacrifice both men and money to foreign purpoſes.

It is reported that his Majeſty's forces in both Floridas will ſhortly be recalled; the national expence in maintaining thoſe ſolitary provinces being infinitely beyond their worth.

July 28. The repeal of the Royal marriage act will, it is ſaid, be the grand object with a certain little ſpirited Junto the enſuing winter.

A correſpondent informs us, that an eſſay on the importance of Bengal, has lately been addreſſed and preſented to the Directors of the Eaſt-India Company, by Henry Patullo, Eſq; wherein the vaſt advantages which may ſoon be reaped from that valuable province by the Company and by the kingdom, appear in ſtrong lights, provided that the reaſonable and eaſy meaſures which are therein pointed out ſhall happen to be adopted.

Auguſt 1. Some ſteps, it is ſaid, are taking by the Venetians in favour of an unfortunate neighbour; and ſo well affected are they to the cauſe, that nothing, it is believed but ſelf-preſervation, could reſtrain them from declaring publicly in its favour.

They write from Breſt, that diſpatches had juſt been ſent off to the Governors of the French Weſt-India iſlands containing freſh inſtructions concerning a regulation of trade between the ſubjects of their Britannic and moſt Chriſtian Majeſties in America.

Laſt week a Jew merchant of this city remitted bills to the amount of 40,000l. ſterling to Liſbon and Holland to buy diamonds.

Auguſt 8. Two regiments of Highlanders are ſhortly to be raiſed in Scotland, intended for garriſon duty in North-America.

Orders are ſent to Ireland for a ſtop to be put to the exportation of ſalt proviſions to the Spaniſh iſlands in the Weſt-Indies.

Whether Lord Chatham will or will not enter, as many imagine, on an active part in the adminiſtration the enſuing winter, is ſomewhat doubtful; but many aſſert, it is certain that his Lordſhip has recently taken ſeveral ſteps, and been engaged in divers interviews which can be no otherwiſe interpreted than agreeable to the wiſhes of the public.

Betts of three to one are depending, that the Earl of Hillſborough will not remain Secretary of State for the colonies two months longer.

They write from Minorca, that that iſland has doubled the number of its inhabitants ſince the laſt acceſſion to the Britiſh Crown.

A N T I G U A, *September* 15.

At a Meeting of the Gentlemen of the Aſſembly in St. John, Thurſday September 10*th*, 1772.

Upon motion made and ſeconded,

Reſolved, That a bill be brought in for "raiſing a tax for ſecuring the payment of 20,000l. lawful money of Great-Britain, to ſuch perſon or perſons as will advance the ſame, in order to ſupply the preſent exigencies of this iſland, occaſioned by the late moſt dreadful hurricane," and Alexander Willock, Eſq; has leave to bring in the ſaid bill, who informed the Houſe, that he had prepared a bill for that purpoſe, and was ready to deliver it in whenever the Houſe would pleaſe to receive it.

Reſolved, That the ſame be now received; accordingly he read the ſaid bill in his place, and delivered it in at the table where it was read the firſt time, and ordered to be read a ſecond time at the next meeting.

The Gentlemen of the Aſſembly to his Excellency in Council.

This Houſe has come to a reſolution to bring in a bill for "raiſing a tax for ſecuring the payment of 20,000l. lawful money of Great-Britain, to ſuch perſon or perſons as will advance the ſame, in order to ſupply the preſent exigencies of this iſland, occaſioned by the late moſt dreadful hurricane;" and as that fund is intended to ſupply this iſland with proviſions and other things neceſſary to enable the planters, to ſupport themſelves under their preſent diſtreſſes, This Houſe deſires the concurrence of your Excellency and that of the Council to employ three veſſels, two to be ſent to the ports propoſed by your Excellency, and one to Barbados for ſupplies of corn and flour, and ſuch other proviſions as we now ſtand in need of. And in order to encourage the importation of proviſions, this Houſe deſires your Excellency would be pleaſed to write ſuch letters to the Governors of the colonies to which thoſe veſſels are ſent as is alſo propoſed by you in your Excellency's meſſage to this Houſe of the 7th of this inſtant September, and to induce perſons forwith to ſupply this iſland with proviſions; the veſſels ſent upon the preſent occaſions, ſhall take in their ladings freight free; and this Houſe deſires the concurrence of your Excellency and Council, that the treaſurer may be directed to hire thoſe veſſels, and pay the expences thereof out of the public treaſury of this iſland.

THOMAS WARNER, *Speaker.*

His Excellency in Council, to the Gentlemen of the Aſſembly,

Gentlemen,

This board concurs with your Houſe that three veſſels be immediately hired at the public expence, and that one of them be diſpatched to Philadelphia, one to Virginia, and one to Barbados for the purpoſes contained in our meſſage of the 7th inſtant. And his Excellency Sir Ralph Payne, will write ſuch letters as are mentioned in that meſſage, to be ſent by thoſe veſſels to the reſpective Governors of the places they go to; and his Excellency has given the treaſurer the neceſſary orders for this occaſion.

By Command,
JOHN WILKINS, *Dep. Sec.*

P H I L A D E L P H I A, *October* 12.

Further Returns of the Gentlemen choſen Repreſentatives Sheriffs, &c. at the late Election, viz.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
Joſeph Ferree,
Jacob Carpenter,
Iſaac Whitelock,
James Webb.
Sheriffs,
Frederick Stone,
John Ferree.
Coroners,
Samuel Boyd,
Paul Zantzinger.
Commiſſioner,
Samuel Bear,
Aſſeſſors,
Thomas Clark,
Michael Wither,
Eberhart Michael,
James Cunningham,
Alexander Martin,
Valentine Brenciſen.

YORK COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
James Ewing,
John Pope.
Sheriffs,
Samuel Edie,
Henry Sloagle.
Coroners,
Joſeph Adlum,
David Cantler.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
William Allen,
John Montgomery.
Sheriffs,
Ephraim Blaine,
Robert Sample.
Coroners,
Samuel Laird,
James Pollock.

BERKS COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
Edward Biddle,
Henry Chriſt.
Sheriffs,
George Nagel,

Henry Vanderſlice.
Coroners,
Iſaac Levan, junior,
John Spohn.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Repreſentative,
William Edmonds,
Sheriffs,
Peter Kaichlin,

Henry Fuller.
Coroners,
Peter Seip,
Abraham Labar.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

Repreſentative,
William Thompſon.
Sheriffs,
John Proctor,
Providence Mountce.
Coroners,
Joſeph Erwin,
John Nicholls.
Commiſſioners,
Durſey Pentecoaſt,

John Stevenſon,
James Piper.
Aſſeſſors,
James Cavet,
James Pollock,
Joſeph Beelor,
Richard Wells,
William Parker,
James Smith.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Repreſentative,
Samuel Hunter, Eſq;
Sheriffs,
William Cook,
William Patterſon.
Coroners,
James Parr,
James Murray.
Commiſſioners,
Samuel Allen,

Robert Fruit,
Caſpar Reed.
Aſſeſſors,
George Wolf,
James M'Clure,
William Gray,
Paul Giddis,
Sam uel Wiſer,
Cookſon Long.

KENT COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
William Killen,
Charles Ridgley,
Cæſar Rodney,
Vincent Lockerman,
John Haſlet,
John Banning.

Sheriffs,
Philip Barrat,
John Cook.
Coroners,
Caleb Furby,
Thomas Kirkley.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

Repreſentatives,
Levin Craper,
Thomas Robinſon,
John Clowes,
Benjamin Burton,
David Hall,
Stephen Townſhend.

Sheriffs,
Peter Robinſon.
Dorman Lofland.
Coroners,
David Train,
Thomas Carey, junior.

On Tueſday laſt was held in this city, the anniverſary meeting of *the* CORPORATION *for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in Communion with the Church of England, in* AMERICA: And, on the Thurſday following, the CORPORATION having previouſly aſſembled at the Preſident's houſe, went in proceſſion to CHRIST'S CHURCH, where an excellent Sermon upon the occaſion, was preached by the Rev. Preſident, Dr. PETERS, from Rom. xii. 6, 7, 8. The audience were entertained with ſeveral ſolemn pieces of muſic, well adapted, and performed with great judgment. The generous collection made in the church, for the benevolent purpoſes of this humane and truly charitable inſtitution, amounted to near L. 130. The Honourable Richard Penn, Eſq; Governor of this Province, and his Excellency William Franklin, Eſq; Governor of New-Jerſey, Members of this Society, with a large number of Gentlemen, Clergy, and Ladies of the firſt diſtinction, were pleaſed to honour the ſolemnity with their preſence. The whole ſervice was conducted with the greateſt propriety, and gave univerſal ſatisfaction. The following Hymn, compoſed for the occaſion, was ſung during the collection:

HYMN TO CHARITY.

O FAIREST offspring of the ſkies!
  Bright CHARITY appear!
In all thy native radiance riſe:
  Thy mildeſt aſpect wear.

Let thy ſweet form ſerenely glide
  Thro' this dark vale of woe:
Whilſt ſoft COMPASSION at thy ſide,
  Bids ſtreams of bounty flow.

O baniſh from the widow'd breaſt
  The gloom of grief and care!
The orphan's ſorrows ſooth to reſt,
  And wipe off ev'ry tear.

'Tis done—th' inſpiring pow'r we feel,
  And wait her mild command—
With ſocial ſoftneſs boſoms thrill,
  And hearts with joy expand!—

See! from the lap of gen'rous wealth
  She takes the golden ſtore,
And deals out plenty, peace and health,
  To all the virtuous poor.

O lovelieſt beam of light divine!
  Thy cheering warmth beſtow,
With thine own flame our hearts refine,
  And make it heav'n below.

On the third inſt. was interred at Burlington, after a ſolemn meeting on that occaſion, ELIZABETH SMITH, in whom were happily united many pious excellencies, and by a ſteady conformity to the divine will, ſhe became eminently diſtinguiſhed; being deep in council, ſound in judgment, awful her manners, refined her ſentiments, and graceful her deportment. She paſſed through a large ſhare of bodily affliction with great patience and ſtability, having a foretaſte of that joy which is unſpeakable and full of glory.

See the glad ſoul borne on ſome Cherub's wing,
Attend the throne of her celeſtial King!
To claim the promis'd palm in Jeſus' name,
And join in worſhip with a Seraph's flame.

Tueſday laſt, at a Meeting of the COMMON COUNCIL, JOHN GIBSON, Eſq; was re-choſen Mayor of this city for the enſuing year.

MARRIED.] CAPT. ROBERT GILL, to MISS HANNAH ALLEN, of this city.

Letters from London, by the Packet, mention, that the Captains Falconer, Loxley, and Sutton, were to ſail for this port about the 20th of Auguſt.

Captain Barry, from St. Kits, on the 16th of September, in lat. 25: 17, ſpoke the ſchooner Diligence, Captain Taylor, from London for Providence: On the 24th, in lat. 31: 40, ſpoke a ſloop, from Edentown for Jamaica: On the 26th, in lat. 34: 32, long. 72, ſpoke the ſchooner Kingſton, Captain Patterſon, from this port for Jamaica; and on the 30th, in lat. 38, long. 71, ſpoke the ſloop Good Intent, Captain Kendal, from New-York for Madeira, out 5 days, all well.

Captain Wadlington, from St. Croix, on the 15th ult. in lat. 31: 12, long. 70: 53, ſpoke a brig from Charles-Town for Surinam, out 4 days, all well.

The Schooner Suſanna, Captain M'Cormick, of this port, being obliged to put to ſea from Montſerrat, in the late hurricane, was going into St. Croix, diſmaſted, when Captain Wadlington ſailed from thence.

Capt. Montgomery, from Liſbon, on the 16th ult. in lat. 29: 27, long. 63: 30, ſpoke the brig Molly, Capt. Mullet, from this port for St. Kits, out 7 days: On the 23d, in lat. 36: 30, long. 74, ſpoke the brig York, Capt. Walker, from the Bay for New-York, out 30 days: Capt. Walker took up the crew of a ſloop off the Colloradoes on the preceding day, and ſaw a veſſel, which he took to be a brig, with her mainmaſt gone and nobody on board of her; and on the 2d inſt. in lat. 36: 58, long. 74, ſpoke a brig from Portſmouth for this port with Palantines.

Capt. Waſdale, from Jamaica, on the 1ſt inſt. in lat. 38: 8, long. 74: 36, ſpoke the brig St. John, Capt. Reid, from Block-Iſland, for Jamaica, out 4 days.

Capt. Cox, from Liſbon, on the 3d inſt. about 13 leagues from our Capes ſpoke the brig Hibernia, from Jamaica for New-York, out 32 days.

Captain Ayres, from Liſbon, on the 16th ult. in lat. 32: 30, long. 33, ſpoke the brig Thomas, from Liverpool for this port, out 26 days.

The ſhip Commerce, Captain Alexander, and the brig George, Captain Willſon, were to ſail in a few days after Capt. Ayres for this port.

Capt. Ritchie, from Glaſgow, on the 16th ult. in lat. 41: 18, long. 50, ſpoke a ſnow from Baltimore for Briſtol; and on the 2d inſt. in lat. 38: 53, long. 73, ſpoke a ſnow from New-York for Madeira, out 4 days.

The fair at Princeton, will be held on Wedneſday and Thurſday the 21ſt and 22d of this inſtant.

⁂ We are aſſured, that the Managers of the Second and laſt Claſs of the Apoquinimink New Church Lottery, will proceed to draw at the houſe of Martin Dulany at Apoquinimink Bridge the beginning of next month. The rolling up of the tickets will commence immediately after the 22d inſtant, and the whole will be completed before the third Tueſday in November. Some few tickets yet on hand may be had of the managers at 25s. each, if ſpeedily applied for, at their reſpective dwellings, or of their agent, who may be heard of by enquiring at the Printer of this paper.

By the HONOURABLE RICHARD PENN, ESQUIRE, *Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of Pennſylvania, and Counties of New-Caſtle, Kent, and Suſſex, on Delaware.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, His Excellency Sir Ralph Payne, Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over all his Majeſty's Leeward Charibbee Iſlands in America, by his letter of the 14th of September laſt, hath informed me, that on Monday the 31ſt of Auguſt laſt, it pleaſed the Almighty to viſit the iſland of Antigua, and all the other iſlands of his Government, with a hurricane, more violent and dreadful than perhaps ever before happened in the memory of man, and (as he believed) unparalelled in its effects by any recorded in the annals of hiſtory. That the ſcene of ruin and deſolation, which that event had laid, as well over the face of the country, as in all their roads and harbours where moſt, if not all the ſhipping had periſhed, was not to be deſcribed; but that the terrors of the ſtorm were ſcarcely ſuperior to the miſeries of its conſequences, and among the other dreadful ſhapes, in which thoſe already appeared, was the melancholy proſpect of an approaching famine, unleſs that terrible diſaſter was averted by the early arrival of proviſions from the continent of America: That the Legiſlature of the ſaid iſland of Antigua, had come to the reſolution of diſpatching veſſels to the neighbouring colonies, from whence ſuch ſuccour might be expected, and on that account he hath been pleaſed to requeſt of me that I would contribute my beſt aſſiſtance to relieve their diſtreſſes, by making their neceſſities known throughout my Government, and by promoting a commerce with them at this time, which is immediately and indiſpenſably eſſential to their very exiſtence. WHEREFORE, being moſt ſincerely affected with the diſtreſſes of our fellow ſubjects in the ſaid iſlands, and anxious that no time may be loſt in relieving them from their calamitous, ſituation; I have thought proper, by the advice of the council, to iſſue this Proclamation, not only to make their neceſſities known to the good people under my Government, but moſt earneſtly to recommend it to them, and more particularly to the merchants and traders, to give immediate aſſiſtance to the afflicted inhabitants of the ſaid iſlands, by diſpatching veſſels there with proviſions, and ſuch other neceſſaries, as they may be ſuppoſed to be moſt in want of.

GIVEN under my hand and the great ſeal of the ſaid Province, at Philadelphia, the ninth day of October, in the twelfth year of His Majeſty's Reign, and in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-two.

RICHARD PENN.

By his Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *junior, Secretary.*

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Con. Friends,	P. Flynn,	Iſland of Jerſey,
Sloop Suſanna,	Z. Williams,	Hiſpaniola,
Sch. Amelia,	P. Barry,	St. Kits,
Sloop Sally,	J. Wadlington,	St. Croix,
Sloop Warners,	A. Minot,	Antigua,
Sloop Molly,	H. Waller,	Jamaica,
Brig Charlotte,	J. Montgomery,	Liſbon,
Snow Britannia,	R. Eyres,	Liſbon,
Brig Kitty,	J. Gwynn,	Madeira,
Sloop Defiance,	J. Drew,	Hiſpaniola,
Brig Char. Nancy,	J. Cox,	Liſbon,
Sloop Charlotte,	J. Coburn,	New-York,
Sloop Peggy,	S. Hinkley,	Boſton,
Brig Polly & Han.	J. Smith,	Hull,
ShipKitty&Peggy,	D. Ferguſon,	N. Caſtle on Tyne,
Ship St. Andrew,	A. Ritchie,	Greenock.

OUTWARDS.

Ship Morris,	T. Bell,	Teneriffe,
Schooner Chance,	T. Murdoch,	Antigua,
Brig Induſtry,	P. Cuſhing,	Madeira,
Sch. Amelia,	P. Barry,	Barbados.

CLEARED.

Brig Sprat,	T. Taylor,	Yarmouth,
Schooner Patty,	W. Shines,	North-Carolina,
Sch. William,	J. Gorham,	Boſton,
Brig Paragon,	J. Burrows,	Liſbon,
Ship Priſcilla,	J. Jones,	Liſbon,
Snow Barbados P.	W. Sutton,	Liſbon,
Sloop Suſanna,	W. Wyar,	Piſcataqua,
Sch. Suſannah,	S. Green,	New-Providence,
Sloop Peggy,	J. Barry,	St. Euſtatia,
Ship Cæſar,	W. Miller,	Jamaica,
Sloop Belleiſle,	T. Meſſurier,	St. John's,
Brig Chance,	T. Murdoch,	Antigua,
Sloop Sally,	J. Wadlington,	St. Croix,
Sloop Sally,	E. Chappell,	New London,
Sloop Suſanna,	Z. Williams,	Jamaica,
Sloop Bentham,	T. Albertſon,	New-York,
Brig Carolina,	A. Sweeney,	St. Kits,
Sloop Tryal,	T. Crippen,	Virginia.

* * *

DOUGLAS, HERON, AND CO.

HAVE imported in the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, and the St. Andrew, Capt. Ritchie, from Glaſgow, a neat Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which they will ſell at their Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second ſtreets, very reaſonable, for Caſh or ſhort Credit.

Weſt New-Jerſey, Glouceſter, Oct. 10, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of JOHN FORREST, *jun.* now confined in the county goal of Glouceſter, that purſuant to an inſolvent act of this province, the Court have appointed the 11th day of November next, for the creditors of the ſaid John Forreſt, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of his eſtate and effects ſhould not be then made, and his body diſcharged from confinement.

TO BE SOLD TO ANY EMPLOY,

THE Time of a SERVANT MAN, who has three years and an half to ſerve: He is very ſtrong and healthy, and acquainted with country buſineſs, driving a carriage, taking care of or breaking horſes, or waiting on a Gentleman, or in a family. Enquire of the Printer.

A PIECE of 7-8ths IRISH LINEN, marked, Invoice 53, letters b. g. 1-half, was ſtopped in the hands of a perſon, who has made a practice for ſome weeks paſt, of fraudulently obtaining goods in this city. Any perſon claiming the above deſcribed Linen, will pleaſe apply to Hugh James, at the bar of the London Coffee-houſe.

—*Juſt Publiſhed and to be Sold by*
JOHN DUNLAP,
PRINTER AND BOOKSELLER,
IN MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
Beautifully printed on a fine American Paper, and with elegant Types;

POEMS ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS, WITH SOME OTHER COMPOSITIONS.

BY NATHANIEL EVANS, A. M.

Late MISSIONARY *(appointed by the* SOCIETY *for* PROPAGATING *the* GOSPEL*) for* GLOUCESTER COUNTY, *in* NEW-JERSEY; *and* CHAPLAIN *to the* LORD VISCOUNT KILMOREY *of the* KINGDOM *of* IRELAND.

⁂ The Subſcribers for this Work are requeſted to apply at the above place for their Copies:—And thoſe who deſign to become purchaſers, are entreated to apply ſpeedily, as there are but few copies thrown off above thoſe ſubſcribed for; and their names will be printed in the Liſt of Subſcribers to the Second Edition.

JOSEPH DEAN,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, and the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, a general Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on very low terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, at his Store, in Front-ſtreet, about mid-way between Market and Cheſtnut ſtreets.

Juſt imported in the Elizabeth and Mary, Capt. Sparks, from London, in the Polly and Hannah from Hull, and in the laſt veſſels from Liverpool and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

RANDLE MITCHELL,

At his Store in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, ſhort or long credit, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers,

A General Aſſortment of FALL GOODS; in which are, Coarſe Woollens and Blankets of all kinds, coarſe and middling Broadcloths, Stuffs, Hoſiery, Haberdaſhery, Cutlery, Nails, Steel, Shot and Gunpowder, Frying-pans, Pewter, Window-glaſs, Madder, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, &c.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

GEORGE DAVIS,

A Neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

THOMAS WEST,

In Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Market-ſtreet,

HAS imported in the laſt veſſels from London, &c. A large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be ſold, wholeſale and retail, at a very low price; among which are, ſuperfine, ſuper, middling and low priced broadcloths, fine foreſt ditto, coatings, blankets and rugs, with a general Aſſortment of coarſe woollens; a large Aſſortment of ſilks, mens' green and cloth coloured velvet caps, &c. &c.

BOYLE AND GLEN,

HAVE imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a neat and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which they will ſell at their Store in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door above Walnut-ſtreet, on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or the uſual credit.

JOHN MASON,

UPHOLDER,

In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Market-ſtreet,

CARRIES on the UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS, in all its branches, and will be much obliged to thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen that will pleaſe to employ him.

Said MASON has for ſale, a beautiful aſſortment of the beſt Wilton Floor Carpeting. Likewiſe, Matraſs Beds, Rugs and Blankets, Sacking Bottoms, Cotton Counterpanes, Glaſs and Queen's Ware, &c. &c. all of which ſaid MASON will ſell very low for caſh or ſhort credit.

N. B. Upholſtery Work done with care and diſpatch.

WATCHES,

OF VARIOUS PRICES,

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

JOHN WOOD,

CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,

In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet;

WHERE is done all kinds of Clock and Watch-Work with care and diſpatch. He has for ſale, ſome neat and good Philadelphia made Watches; alſo, all kinds of Clock and Watch Tools and Materials.

ROBERT AND JOHN PROUD,

HAVE juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from Europe, a neat Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which they have for ſale, at their Store in Second-ſtreet, next door above the Church.

WILLIAM BARRELL,

HATH imported in the very laſt ſhips from London, &c. a very large and moſt complete Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to all ſeaſons, but particularly adapted to the preſent and approaching; all which he is determined to ſell by Wholeſale and Retail, on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his New Store, the north-eaſt corner of Market and Second ſtreets.

A. CALDWELL AND J. WILSON,

HAVE imported by the laſt veſſels from England, a large Aſſortment of yard wide, 7-8ths and 3-4ths IRISH LINENS, with ſundry other Goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.—They have alſo for ſale, Window Glaſs, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, and 10 by 12; 4 *d.* 6 *d.* 8 *d.* 10 *d.* 12 *d.* and 20 *d.* nails; ſeveral cables and rigging of all ſizes; crates of plain, enamelled and penciled ſtone and Queen's ware; canvas, No. 1 to 8; bottle corks, and old Madeira wine of the beſt quality.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, a large Aſſortment of Coarſe, Fine and Superfine BROADCLOTHS, Bath Coatings, Duffils, Freezes, Bearſkins, Indian and Roſe Blankets, Shalloons, Calimancoes, &c. &c.

N. B. He has alſo for ſale, a large Aſſortment of other GOODS, lately imported from Britain.

LENNOX AND TURNBULL,

Have juſt imported in the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, Captain OSBORNE, from LONDON,

A NEAT and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be diſpoſed of on the moſt reaſonable terms, the fourth door below Cheſtnut-Street, in Second-Street.——They have likewiſe a few Crates of PLAIN and ENAMELLED QUEEN'S WARE, juſt arrived from Liverpool.

WAS taken up on Sunday laſt, by the Subſcriber, and is now lying on Hamilton's wharf, a ſmall SKIFF. The owner may have it again, by proving his property and paying charges.

THOMAS E. WALLACE.

A VENDUE

For the public SALE of all ſorts of MERCHANDIZE, is kept every WEEK on FRIDAY, and frequently on SATURDAY, by

WILLIAM SITGREAVES,

At his VENDUE-STORE, the upper end of Second-ſtreet,

THOSE who pleaſe to favour him with the Sale of any GOODS, which they have to diſpoſe of in that way, may depend on his beſt endeavours to pleaſe them.

There has lately been put into his care, by ſundry perſons, a large, freſh and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS; among which are, a parcel of Woollens, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, and may he had cheap for caſh, at his Store in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the ſign of the Indian-King, where he receives Goods to ſell at Vendue.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely Young NEGRO WOMAN, uſed to all ſorts of houſework, and will ſuit town or country. Enquire of WILLIAM BALL, living in Market-ſtreet, three doors below Meſſ. Hall and Sellers's Printing-Office.

Said WILLIAM BALL carries on the Silverſmith and Jeweller's trades, as uſual, and has for ſale, a new eight day clock, with a neat mahogany caſe, ſilver and ſtone buckles of all ſorts, diamond and common rings, ear-rings, hair-pins, plain and ſet ſleeve buttons, in gold and ſilver, ſilver ſalts, pepper and muſtard caſtors, cream pots, tea and coffee pots, ſugar diſhes, a neat dreſs ſword, wine cocks, a neat bottle crane, with a cock, ſpoons and tea tongs, childrens' whiſtles and bells, lockets and coral beads, plated ſpurs, ſilver watches, ſeals and chains, ſilver and Pinchbeck, ſteel top thimbles, chaſed tweeſer caſes, &c. Likewiſe regulated money ſcales and weights, in wainſcot, mahogany, and ſhagreen caſes, caſt clock faces, heads and dolphins, clock bells, large and ſmall crucibles, watch main ſprings, glaſſes, pendants, verges, dial-plates, inſide chains, keys, clock and watch hands, magnifying glaſſes, ſmall ſcrew plates, borax, blow pipes, white and red foil, buckle and button ſtones, garnet ditto, miniature glaſſes, corals for childrens' whiſtles, Jewellers bruſhes, paper ſnuff-boxes, ſhoe and knee chapes and tongs, &c. &c.—Alſo, a parcel of coarſe and fine blankets, and the remains of a dry goods ſtore. All the above articles will be ſold as cheap as can poſſibly be afforded, and the ſilver warranted to be good.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

NEWARK, *Sept.* 15, 1772.

MADE his eſcape from the Conſtable, a certain JOHN DOLAN, a ſhort ſet fellow, upwards of twenty years of age, has dark brown hair, a wide mouth, large noſe, is a bold impudent fellow, much given to ſtrong drink, and is very apt to ſwear. Had on when he made his eſcape, a brown jacket lined with ſtriped lincey, or a ſtriped jacket under it, coarſe white ſhirt and trowſers, good ſhoes and ſtockings. Any perſon that will apprehend ſaid fellow, ſhall have the above reward paid by

JOHN DODDS, Conſtable.

THE Subſcriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has bought and repaired the FULLING MILL, that formerly belonged to Jonathan Strange in Newcaſtle county, Chriſtiana Hundred, about five miles from Wilmington, up Brandewyne; where he intends carrying on the Fulling Buſineſs in its different branches. All thoſe that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their work well done, and with diſpatch.——They that propoſe ſending their work by water, are deſired to leave it at Daniel Byrne's mill, on Brandewyne, or at John Yarnel's in Wilmington, oppoſite the Upper Market-houſe, two doors above Mary Harvey's ſtore, where care will be taken thereof.

CHRISTOPHER HOLLINGSWORTH.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, living in Penn-Street, below the Bird-in-Hand Wharf, the 28th of September, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named JAMES BELL; about eighteen or nineteen years of age, and about five feet 7 or 8 inches high; of a pale complexion and very ſlim; has light brown hair. Had on when he went away, a half worn beaver hat, check ſhirt, a light coloured coat of fuſtian, white nankeen jacket, white cotton ſtockings, new ſhoes; and carried away two check ſhirts and all his working clothes.——Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above Reward and all reaſonable charges, paid by

FRAZER KINSLEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.

WE the Subſcribers, take this method of informing the Public, that a ſtage is now carried on between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Wilmington and Charles-Town: The advantages that will attend this ſtage, we hope will induce every perſon that wants a quick diſpatch to Baltimore, to favour us with their cuſtom. As Wilmington is ſituated on Chriſtiana, two miles from Delaware River, and Charles Town on North-Eaſt River, eight from the mouth of Elk River, we ſhall never be detained by contrary winds, which is frequently the caſe with other ſtages. Foudrey and Buſh's ſtage leaves the Crooked-Billet wharf, in Philadelphia, every Wedneſday, and returns every Friday: Patrick Hamilton's ſtage waggon leaves Charles-Town every Thurſday, and returns every Friday from Wilmington; and his Packet leaves Charles-Town every Saturday, and returns every Wedneſday. Paſſengers pay from Philadelphia to Wilmington, Two Shillings; from Wilmington to Charles-Town, Five Shillings; from Charles-Town to Baltimore, Four Shillings. Goods are received in Philadelphia by Meſſieurs Edwards and Marris, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharf.

PATRICK HAMILTON.
FOUDREY AND BUSH.

LADIES, who would chooſe to have their Maids inſtructed in the beſt manner to waſh Blond Lace, Gauzes, Muſlins, Silk Stockings, and all kinds of white Silks, &c. by applying at Mr. Robert Eaſtburn's, in Third-ſtreet, near the Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe, will meet with a perſon, who will wait on them at their own houſes, on the ſhorteſt notice.

THOMAS TISDELL,

HAS juſt opened a ſhop in Market-ſtreet, five doors from Third-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Goal; where he manufactures and ſells all ſorts of ropes, tackle, ropes for millers, ſcale ropes, bed cords, bed lacing, plough lines, plough traces, halters, jack lines, fiſhing-lines of all ſizes, ſeine, ſewing, blocking and ſhop twine. Alſo, a large quantity of ſhoemakers hemp, warranted good. He likewiſe manufactures all ſorts of flax from 1 *s.* to 2 *s.* per pound, and gives the higheſt price for cow tails and horſe hair.

N. B. Said TISDELL returns thanks to his former cuſtomers for their favours, and hopes for a continuance of them, as he ſhall always ſtudy to merit their eſteem.

THIRTY POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY on the 6th of July, from the Subſcribers, living near Soldiers Delight, in Baltimore county, Maryland, a dark Mulattoe Slave, who goes by the name of CHARLES HARDING, but formerly by that of DICK: He is about thirty years of age, five feet ſeven inches high, well made, large noſe, hollow eyed, low forehead, cloſe knee'd, his ſhins bend foreward, has upwards of forty ſcars of different ſizes on his head,; alſo a ſmall ſcar on the upper part of his noſe, the left ſide; another on the right ſide of his under lip, another on one of his thumbs, a large one on the outſide of his left leg, occaſioned by a burn, and ſome on the ſmall of his legs, occaſioned by wearing of irons: He has been unmercifully whipt from his neck to his knees, which he ſays was by his former maſter; is a carpenter and joiner by trade, and has worked in ſundry parts of Virginia; alſo underſtands painting, which he learned of Lewis Allmorn, of Nancemund county, in Virginia, who ſold him to Edward Voſs, a bricklayer, from whom he made his eſcape when living in King and Queen county, near Rapahannock, and got by water to Philadelphia; from thence travelled through Lancaſter and York counties, to Hanover Town, and worked there about a year; and then went into Baltimore county, near Baltimore town, where he continued from about the year 1765 to the year 1772, as a freeman; and ſince he left his former maſter in Virginia, has learnt to read and write, talk Dutch, and play on the violin; it is therefore probable he may forge a paſs, and change his name, as he has done before. He took with him a caſtor hat, a ſuit of white Ruſſia drab clothes, a blue cloth coat, red ſtriped jacket, a new rediſh-brown broadcloth jacket, much too large for him; new darkiſh coloured cotton velvet breeches, with large old faſhioned pocket flaps; alſo, ſhirts, ſtockings, and ſhoes of different ſorts; with large plated buckles: He is a great rogue, ſtole a good deal of caſh, and is artful in making his eſcape when apprehended. Whoever ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſters may get him again, ſhall receive Five Pounds, if 50 miles from home Seven Pounds Ten Shillings, if 100 miles Ten Pounds, if 200 miles Fifteen Pounds, if 300 miles Twenty Pounds, if 400 miles Twenty-Five Pounds, if 500 miles the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, if brought home, by

SAMUEL OWINGS, JUN. And,
ALEXANDER WELLS.

Juſt Publiſhed, and to be Sold by

JOHN DUNLAP,
IN MARKET-STREET,

THE WEST INDIAN:

A COMEDY.

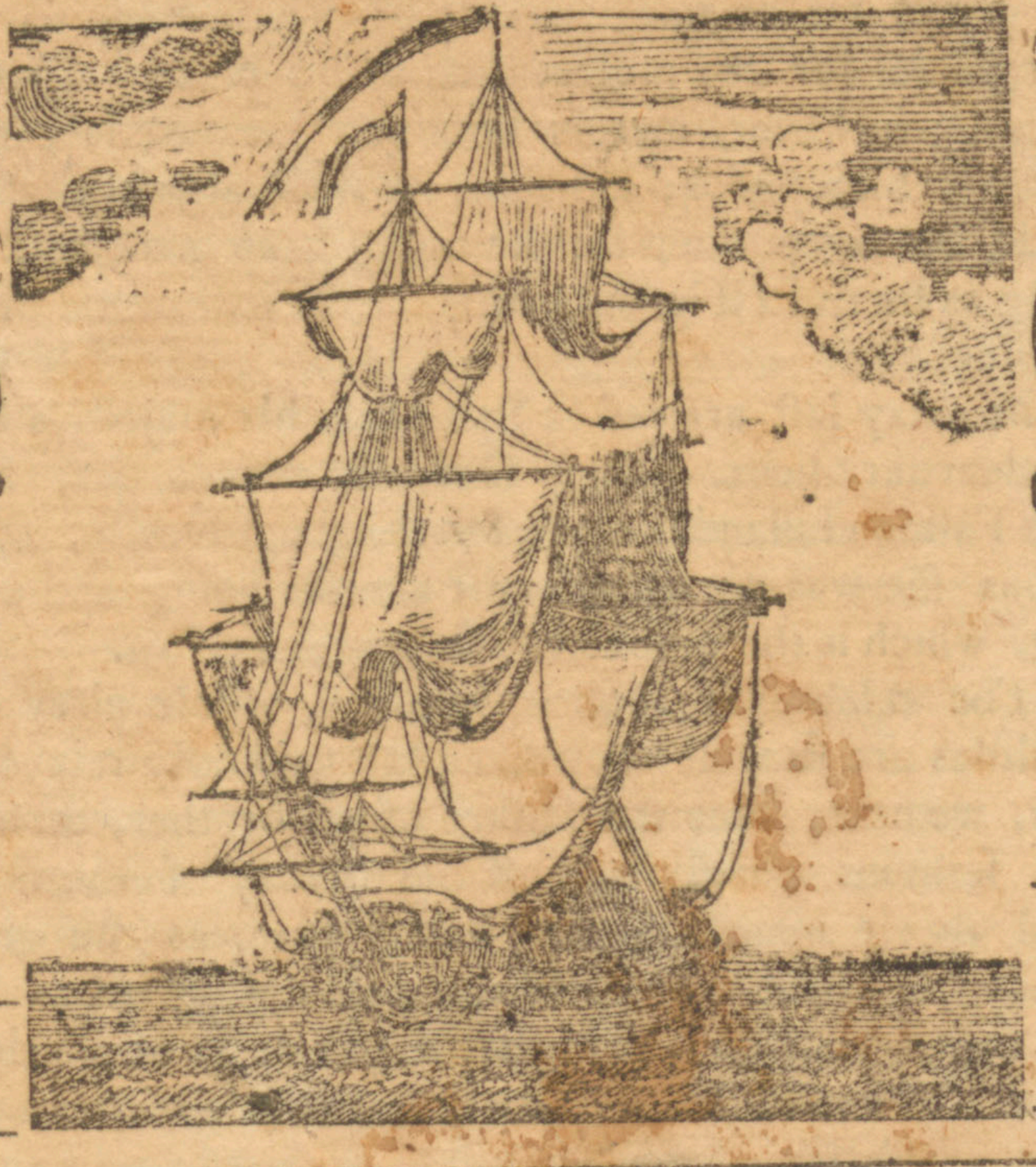
AS IT IS PERFORMED AT
THE THEATRE ROYAL, IN DRURY-LANE.
BY RICHARD CUMBERLAND,
Author of the BROTHERS *and the* FASHIONABLE LOVER.

⁂ The Monthly and Critical Reviewers have been pleaſed to give this performance the following character:—it is "An appeal to ſound judgment and true taſte, from the ſterile affectation of lovers of ſimplicity, and the unimpaſſioned fecundity of thoſe who put mere incidents into dialogue." Month.——"We never received greater pleaſure from any comic performance of modern date, either in the cloſet or on the ſtage." Critic.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, &c. are thankfully received for this Paper.

OCTOBER, 1772. THE NUMB. 52.

Pennſylvania Packet



AND THE

GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 19th, 1772.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

On the VANITY of being diſſatisfied with our own HAPPINESS, and envying that of another.

Abſtract what others feel, what others think,
All pleaſures ſicken, and all glories ſink,
Each has his ſhare, and who would more obtain,
Shall find, the pleaſure pays not half the pain.
POPE.

THE writers who have undertaken the taſk of reconciling mankind to their preſent ſtate, and of relieving the diſcontent produced by the various diſtribution of terreſtrial advantages, very frequently remind us that we judge too haſtily of good and evil, that we view only the ſuperficies of life, and determine of the whole by a very ſmall part; and that in the condition of men it frequently happens, that grief and fear, anxiety and deſire, lie hid under the golden robes of proſperity, and the gloom of calamity is often cheered by ſecret radiations of hope and comfort; as in the works of nature the bog is frequently covered with flowers, and the mine concealed in the barren crags.

Though none but thoſe who have not learned the art of ſubjecting their ſenſes as well as their reaſon to hypothetical ſyſtems, will be perſuaded by the moſt ſpecious rhetorician that the lots of life are equal; yet it cannot be denied, that every one has his pleaſures and vexations, that external accidents operate variouſly on different minds, and that no man can exactly judge from his own ſenſations, what another would feel in the ſame circumſtances.

If the general diſpoſition of things be eſtimated by the repreſentation which every one makes of his own ſtate, the world muſt be conſidered as the abode of ſorrow and miſery; for how few can forbear to relate their own troubles and diſtreſſes? If we judge by the account which may be obtained of every man's fortune from others, it may be concluded, that we are all placed in an *Elyſian* region, overſpread with the luxuriance of plenty, and fanned by the breezes of felicity, ſince ſcarcely any complaint is uttered without cenſure from thoſe that hear it; and almoſt every man is allowed to have obtained a proviſion at leaſt adequate to his virtue or his underſtanding, and to poſſeſs either more than he deſerves, or more than he enjoys.

We are either born with ſuch diſſimilitude of temper and inclinations, or receive ſo many of our ideas and opinions from the ſtate of life in which we are engaged, or the particular objects by which we are ſurrounded, that the griefs or cares of one part of mankind ſeem to the other hypocriſy, affectation, and folly; every claſs of ſociety has its cant of lamentation, which is underſtood or regarded by none but themſelves, and every part of life has its uneaſineſſes, which thoſe who do not feel them will not commiſerate. An event which ſpreads terror and deſtruction over half the commercial world, that aſſembles the trading companies in councils and committees, and ſinks the hearts and ſhakes the nerves of a thouſand ſtock-jobbers, is read by the landlord and the farmer with frigid indifference. An affair of love, which fills the young breaſt with inceſſant alternations of hope and fear, and ſteals away the night and day from every other pleaſure and employment, is regarded by them whoſe paſſions time has extinguiſhed, as a trivial amuſement, which can properly raiſe neither joy, nor ſorrow; and which, though it may be ſuffered to fill the vacuity of an idle moment, ſhould always give way to prudence and intereſt.

He that never had any other deſire than to fill a cheſt with money, or to add another manor to his eſtate; who never grieved but at a bad mortgage, or entered a company but to make a bargain; would be aſtoniſhed to hear of beings known among the polite and gay, by the denomination of wits. How would he gape with curioſity, or grin with contempt, at the mention of men who have no wiſh but to ſpeak what was never ſpoke before, who, if they happen to inherit wealth, often exhauſt their patrimonies in treating thoſe who will hear them talk, and, if they are poor, neglect a thouſand opportunities of improving their fortunes for the pleaſure of making others laugh? How ſlowly would he believe that there are men who would rather loſe a legacy than the reputation of a diſtich, who think it leſs diſgrace to want money than repartee, whom the vexation of having been foiled in a conteſt of raillery is ſometimes ſufficient to deprive of ſleep, and who would eſteem it a lighter evil to miſs a profitable bargain, by ſome accidental delay, than not to have thought of a ſmart reply till the time of producing it was paſt? How little would he ſuſpect that this child of idleneſs and frolick entered every aſſembly, with a beating boſom, like a champion deputed to the combat, and revolved the probability of applauſe with all the anxiety of a conſpirator; that at the hour of retirement he often carried home, amidſt all his airy negligence, a heart lacerated with envy, or depreſſed with diſappointment, and immured himſelf in his cloſet, that he might diſentangle his memory at leiſure, review the progreſs of the day, ſtate with accuracy his loſs or gain of reputation, and examine the cauſes of his failure or ſucceſs.

Yet more remote from common conceptions is the numerous and reſtleſs train of anxieties, by which female happineſs is particularly diſturbed. A ſolitary philoſopher would imagine ladies exempt from care and ſorrow, lulled in perpetual ſecurity, and feaſted with unmingled pleaſure; for what can interrupt the content of thoſe, upon whom one age has laboured after another to confer honours, and accumulate immunities; thoſe to whom all rudeneſs is infamy, and inſult is cowardice; whoſe eye commands the brave, and whoſe ſmile ſoftens the ſevere; whom the ſailor travels to adorn, the ſoldier bleeds to defend, and the poet wears out life to celebrate; who claim tribute from every art and ſociety, and for whom all who approach them endeavour to refine delicacy, or multiply delights, without requiring from them any return but willingneſs to be pleaſed.

Surely, among theſe favourites of nature, thus acquainted with toil and danger, felicity muſt have fixed her reſidence; they muſt know only the changes of more vivid or more gentle joys; their life muſt always move either to the ſlow or ſprightly melody of the lyre of gladneſs; they can never aſſemble but to pleaſure, or retire but to peace.

Such ſhould be the thoughts of every man who ſhall hover at a diſtance round the world, and know it only by conjecture and ſpeculation. But experience will ſoon diſcover how eaſily thoſe are diſguſted who have been made nice by luxury, and tender by indulgence. He will ſoon ſee to how many dangers power is expoſed, which has no other guard than beauty; and how eaſily that tranquility is moleſted, which can only be ſoothed with the ſongs of vanity. It is impoſſible to ſupply wants as faſt as an idle imagination may be able to form them, or to remove all inconveniencies by which impatience may be offended. None are ſo hard to pleaſe as thoſe whom ſatiety of pleaſure makes weary of themſelves; nor any ſo readily provoked as thoſe who have been always courted with an emulation of civility.

There are indeed ſome ſtrokes which the envy of fate aims immediately at the fair. The miſtreſs of *Catullus* wept for her ſparrow many centuries ago, and lap-dogs in the preſent age will be ſometimes ſick. The moſt faſhionable brocado is ſubject to ſtains; a pinner, the pride of *Bruſſels*, may be torn by a careleſs waſher; a picture may drop from a watch, or the triumph of a new ſuit may be interrupted in the firſt day of its enjoyment, and all diſtinctions of dreſs be unexpectedly obliterated by a general mourning.

Such is the ſtate of every age, every ſex, and every condition; all have their cares, either from nature or from folly; and whoever therefore finds himſelf inclined to envy another, ſhould remember that he knows not the real condition which he daſires to obtain, and that, by indulging a vicious paſſion, he muſt leſſen that happineſs which he thinks already too ſparingly beſtowed.

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WANTED to PURCHASE,

A NEGRO MAN, who is a compleat Cook: Alſo, a number of able NEGROES. Enquire of the printer hereof.

WANTED,

AN APPRENTICE to a Dry Goods Store, a lad about fifteen years of age, who underſtands arithmetick, and writes a tolerable good hand. Enquire of the Printer.

Philadelphia, October 19, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture in Southwark, in the night of the 15th, or the morning of the 16th inſtant, A brown MARE, ſeven years old, fourteen and a half hands high, a natural trotter, in very good order, branded on the near buttock L S, ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare and reſtores her to the owner, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS reward; if ſtolen, and the thief ſecured ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, FIVE POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

THOMAS PRYOR.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, out of her paſture-field in Brandywine Hundred, Newcaſtle County, about the 9th of this inſt. October, A large dark brown HORSE, with two wall eyes, a large ſtar in his forehead, and his foretop very ſmall; is between fifteen and ſixteen hands high, about eleven or twelve years old, and was in exceeding good order. Whoever ſecures the thief in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and TWENTY SHILLINGS for reſtoring the horſe, paid by

MARGARET WATSON.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, on Delaware, A ſervant man named ROBERT RICHARD PYE, born in England; he is a ſhort, thick, well ſet man, about five feet high, and has remarkable bow legs, yellow hair and thin beard: Had on when he went away a fearnought jacket, coarſe home-ſpun ſhirt, oznabrig trowſers, and a half worn felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

RICHARD SMITH.

JOHN ACKROYD and THOMAS SWAINE,

Juſt arrived in the POLLY and HANNAH, Capt. SMITH, from HULL, with an aſſortment of GOODS ſuitable to the preſent and approaching ſeaſon,

CONSISTING OF

COARSE and fine broadcloths, ditto foreſt cloths, ſhalloons, calimancoes, durants, camblets, and ſundry other woollens and Mancheſter goods; alſo, flour of muſtard in caſks of about 30 wt. each, ditto in caſks bottled, containing 103 lb. bottles in each, and ſome of them 74 half lb. bottles, and, a crate of cream-coloured Queen's ware, which they will ſell at their ſtore in Third-ſtreet, near the corner of Arch-ſtreet, very cheap for caſh or at the cuſtomary credit.

WANTS A PLACE,

AS a clerk to a merchant, or any gentleman in this city, or the country: A young man lately arrived from New-Caſtle upon Tyne, he underſtands arithmetick, writes a good hand, is capable of keeping merchants accounts, and can procure a ſatisfactory character. For further particulars enquire of the printer hereof.

Cheſter County, October 12, 1772.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Weſt-Calon, A ſtray MARE, betwixt a bay and a black colour, of a ſmall ſize, and has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead: She is very troubleſome, therefore the owner is deſired to pay charges and take her away.

JOSEPH LONG.

Philadelphia, October 14, 1772.

FOR CHARLESTOWN, IN S. CAROLINA,
The BRIGANTINE
CHARLESTOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT, Maſter;

HAVING extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and great part of her cargo ready to go on board; will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage apply to URIAH WOOLMAN, or ſaid maſter on board, at Abraham Bickley's wharf.

FOR MORE NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SEE THE FOURTH PAGE.

By the Earl *of* Halifax Packet, *Captain* Boulderson, *arrived at* New-York, *in* 34 *Days, from* Falmouth; *the Ship* Friendship, *Capt.* M'Culloch, *from* Belfast, in 42 *Days*; *and the Ship* Catherine, *Capt.* Sutton, *in* 42 *Days, from* London, *both arrived here, we have the following Intelligence.*

WARSAW, *July* 22.

A COURIER from count Romanzow is arrived here, and hath brought the Ruſſian ambaſſador the news, that all the miniſters-plenipotentiary, as well of the belligerant as mediating powers, were arrived at Fockzani, on the 15th of this month, and that the firſt conferences were appointed to be held there the day before yeſterday. Theſe advices add, that from the ſeeming good diſpoſition of the Turks, it was hoped the negotiation of peace would be attended with ſucceſs. The Turks wanted the miniſters to aſſemble under their tents, but it has been decided that the conferences ſhall be held in a wooden building, which the count d'Orlow hath erected for that purpoſe. Gen. Haddick is advanced within nine miles of Leopold.

Vienna, July 22. The conduct of general Suwarow having been diſapproved of by the Ruſſian ambaſſador at Warſaw, the Ruſſians have received orders to retire to Cracow, and to leave our troops in poſſeſſion of the fortreſs at Tyniec; ſo that that affair is adjuſted, and will not be attended with any diſagreeable conſequence.

Milan, July 28. We learn from Turin, that all public diverſions have been afreſh forbidden, on account of a relapſe which the king had ſuffered, which had cauſed great anxiety among the people.

Warſaw, July 29. All our environs are occupied by Ruſſian troops, and 'tis computed that the number of thoſe troops that form a line round this capital, amount to 30,000 men. Epidemic diſtempers have broke out afreſh in the neighbourhood of Kaminieck, but all poſſible care is taken to prevent their ſpreading. They have carried off ſeveral perſons at Jaſſy and Buchareſt, but, however, the Ruſſian army has hitherto eſcaped the contagion.

Vienna, Aug. 1. The corn harveſt in Hungary, Bohemia, and Auſtria, hath been ſo abundant, that the Empreſs Queen hath ordered that the publick and military magazines be furniſhed for three years. The vines alſo promiſe exceedingly well.

Paris, Aug. 3. There has been a rencontre on the frontiers between the marquis de Fleury, ſon of the duke de Fleury, and a captain in the regiment of Touraine. They fought with piſtols; the officer was kill'd, and the marquis had his arm ſhattered, which makes it thought they both fired at the ſame time. This melancholy affair is ſaid to have been occaſioned by an old quarrel.

Warſaw, Aug. 5. They write from the army of the Grand Vizir, that the greateſt pains are taking to eſtabliſh the moſt exact diſcipline among the Ottoman troops; in conſequence of which, ſeveral hundreds of Janiſſaries have already been hanged for diſobedience to orders.

Dantzick, Aug. 5. The report ſome time ſince of the plague having made its appearance, is unhappily confirmed. According to our laſt advices from Poland, it makes great ravages in the Ukraine, in Podolia, in the palatinate of Ruſſia, and has reached to within eight miles of Leopold.

Hague, Aug. 6. We have juſt received accounts from Rotterdam, that the Rottekaai broke down about 10 miles from that city, by which accident not only a large extent of land is laid under water, but the river Rotte is run dry from Rotterdam to Gouda.

Berlin, Aug. 11. A report prevails here, that a camp will be formed between Zielentzig, and Reppen, near the frontiers of Poland, on the ſide of the new Marche, and that Prince Henry of Pruſſia will have the command of it.

Hague, Aug. 17. We have learnt by a letter from Algiers, that two of our ſhips arrived at Alexandria from Boudroum, had been attacked with the plague; that they had been refuſed admittance at ſeveral ports; but, however, had been furniſhed with proviſions, and whatever elſe they were in want of.

Hamburg, Aug. 22. We learn this inſtant, that there has been a great change in a certain court in the North, but we have not as yet received the particulars.

St James's, Aug. 14. This day ſir Robert Murray Keith, knight of the bath, had the honour to kiſs the king's hand on being appointed his majeſty's envoy extraordinary to the court of Copenhagen.

St. James's, Sept. 1. The king has been pleaſed to grant unto George James Williams and Francis North, Eſqrs; the office of receiver-generals of all his majeſty's revenues within his colony and dominion of Virginia.

Edinburgh, Aug. 15. We hear from Glaſgow, that Mr. Golbourne is not only carrying on his operations in deepening the river Clyde with diſpatch, but with the moſt promiſing appearance of ſucceſs. About 30 jetted dykes are now finiſhed, which has greatly increas'd the rapidity of the current; and all the fords betwixt Dunglaſs and the Broomielaw are deepened about three feet and a half, by which the gabbards and lighters now paſs up and down the river without waiting for ſpring-tides as formerly. Great progreſs has likewiſe been made this ſeaſon in the Monkland canal, which is alſo carrying on with much ſucceſs, and when finiſhed will conſiderably reduce the price of coals.

LONDON, *Aug.* 8.

A number of groſs attacks are hourly fabricated in the public prints on lord Hillſborough; and the general cry of his enemies is, that he would ſtoop to any turpitude for the preſervation of his place. His reſigning, however, merely becauſe a meaſure is carried againſt his opinion, indicates no ſuch abject promptitude to temporize, for he might keep his places as long as he lived if he only adopted the ſentiments of the cabinet.

Monday laſt arrived at Spithead, his majeſty's bark Endeavour, lieut. James Gordon, commander, from the Falkland iſlands. She left England Dec. 5, 1771. Thus ſhe was not quite eight months going and coming, which is the quickeſt paſſage ever known.

The celebrated Doctor Fordyce, whoſe piety and abilities are ſo well known, and ſo generally reſpected, has, we hear, ſince the failure of his brother, directed his ſermons chiefly againſt the luxury of the times, and dwelt upon frugality and juſtice, as the grand ſources of private happineſs and public proſperity.

Auguſt 10. It is ſaid that negotiations of a private nature are now on the carpet between our court and that of Berlin.

The agents of France were ſcarce ever more buſy than at this time in inliſting ſecretly recruits for the Iriſh brigades in the French ſervice, particularly in Wapping, where they meet with great ſucceſs.

Aug. 11. By the ſhips arrived laſt from the Ganges we learn, that the government of Bengal is in ſuch a ſtate of deſpotic anarchy, that nothing but a miracle can ward off a blow; and when the natives cry, "Havock, and let ſlip the dogs of war," if the Lord does not fight on our ſide, Mahomet will be there the honoured prophet, and his paradiſe will be ſought after by the company's moſt grateful and moſt meretricious ſervants.

A correſpondent informs us, that the late Archbiſhop Secker, being in conference with an eminent Coloniſt, deſired to know of him, if his countrymen would be averſe to the ſending a Biſhop among them? *Pray my Lord*, ſaid the gentleman, can one Biſhop make another? Undoubtedly, replied his Grace. *Why then, my Lord*, rejoined the Coloniſt, *you may ſend your Biſhop as ſoon as you pleaſe, it will be one conſiderable ſtep towards our living without you.*

A gentleman reſident at Berlin writes to his friend in town, that the king of Pruſſia's health viſibly declines daily, and that, that active monarch begins now to feel the fatal conſequences of having gained his friends only by the ſword. Probably his ſucceſſor in the throne will ſome time hence wiſh his majeſty had not added ſo many provinces to his dominions.

Several letters have been lately received in town from Copenhagen, but they are ſo various and contradictory that no true judgment can be formed from them, as to the real ſituation of affairs in that capital, though from the general tenor of them it is conjectured the writers declined giving their ſentiments, apprehending their letters would be intercepted; and that a ſecond revolution either had happened, or was upon the point of taking place when theſe letters came away.

Aug. 12. Yeſterday the Marquis of Granby ſet out to make the tour of France.

Lord Chatham has written to a great perſonage a very long letter upon Eaſt-India affairs, ſhewing the abſolute neceſſity of taking the territorial affairs of India into the hands of the nation. The letter was ſubmitted to the peruſal of the Premier, and he was deſired to follow the plan in all it's parts, or give place to the writer. Lord Camden aſſiſted his lordſhip in drawing up the plan, which, it is ſaid, is perfect in its kind. This is given as lord North's reaſon for changing his opinion with regard to the meaſure of ſuperviſors.

It is confidently aſſerted at the weſt end of the town, that the Queen of Denmark will not come to England, but will ſoon return to Copenhagen, as the King is fully convinced that ſhe is wholly innocent of every charge laid againſt her, and therefore is determined to be no longer governed by the Queen Dowager and her party, and as ſoon as the great offices of ſtate are filled up with his Majeſty's old friends, that the Queen will depart from Zell to Denmark.

The creditors of Meſſrs. Neale, James, and Downe, have behaved with a moſt exalted generoſity to thoſe gentlemen; to Mr. Neale they have granted an annuity of 100l. for life; to Mr. James, they have allowed the life poſſeſſion of 160l. a year, which was ſettled on him at marriage by Mrs. James; and to Mr. Downe they have given the intereſt of 5000l. ſettled for his life, the ſum ſettled in marriage on Mrs. Downe, and which, after his deceaſe, becomes the entire property of that lady. All this the creditors have done, beſides returning the depoſits of the bankrupts; and in the true ſpirit of Engliſh lenity, made the ſtrongeſt diſtinction between a crime and misfortune.

Aug. 13. Yeſterday a council was held at St. James's at which it is ſaid Lord Hillſborough reſigned. The Lords North and Sandwich were above an hour with his Majeſty after the council was over.

Whatever changes may hereafter take place in the Miniſtry, it is aſſured there is not as yet the leaſt certainty with reſpect to the new arrangement.

Yeſterday a gentleman, about 70 years of age, belonging to one of the public offices, after eating a hearty dinner, blew his brains out with a piſtol. He left a letter on the table, directed to another gentleman in the ſame office, apologizing for his conduct.

The appointment of Lord Dartmouth to the American Secretaryſhip of ſtate, is a full refutation of all the reports with which the news-papers have been lately crowded relative to the removal of Lord North, as Lord Dartmouth is his half brother, and as the carrying of the Ohio meaſure, contrary to the ſenſe of ſo favourite a Miniſter as Lord Hillſborough, ſufficiently indicate the firmneſs of his ſeat at the treaſury.

It is the opinion of many ſenſible men, that if our miniſters, inſtead of obſerving a ſurly ſilence on imputed miſapplications of the revenue, were to ſtate the real fact to the public, it would not be in the power of deſigning men to occaſion ſuch frequent ferments through the nation. The expence of the civil liſt, for inſtance, is a ſtrong proof of this aſſertion; many well-meaning people imagine, that the king has nothing to pay out of it but the private diſburſements of his family, and therefore, when they ſee no extraordinary ſplendor at court, they naturally enough aſk, what is done with 800,000l. Whereas when the truth is cleared up, they will ſee that arrears are ſometimes not only unavoidable but neceſſary, and that their Sovereign is not the prodigal he has been repreſented in a number of inflammatory publications.

The Betty Gregg, Captain Scott, from Belfaſt, a miſſing ſhip, is ſafe arrived at Peterſburgh.

Aug. 14. Advices are received, that at the Portugueſe ſettlement of Fernanda de Norana, in the Brazils, where there was a garriſon of 60 men, the ſoldiers had mutined and murdered the governor and his family, the chief captain and his junior, and gone off, the principals of them, in a large barge, as pirates, on a cruize on the South Seas.

Yeſterday being the birth-day of his royal highneſs the prince of Wales who entered into the 11th year of his age, their majeſties received the compliments of the nobility, foreign miniſters, and gentry on the occaſion.

A letter from the confines of Poland ſays, "The diſtreſſes of this unhappy country ſeem to encreaſe daily. Within the diſtance of fourteen leagues there are no leſs than eight different armies; and the united horror of fire, ſword, peſtilence and famine combine to make it the moſt wretched ſpot on the inhabitable globe."

Lord Clive, it is ſaid, has declared an intention of adding one more publick charity to the many in this kingdom, viz. a houſe of accommodation and reception for the blind of both ſexes.—An extenſive act of benevolence, let what may be the motives.

Lord Dartmouth is the firſt of the Rockingham party that has accepted of a place with the preſent miniſtry, and, it is ſaid, was with the concurrence of his friends.

A Scotch officer on half pay, it is ſaid, is a claimant for the title and eſtate of lord Lenox in Scotland, which has lain ſome time dormant. The eſtate which is twelve thouſand pounds per annum, is inveſted in the crown, and the claimant is ſupported by two noble families, till he can make good his title.

Advices received from Copenhagen mention, that the king has of late manifeſted an extraordinary abſence of mind, and is almoſt continually in a ſtate of deſpondency.

It is ſaid that every cauſe of diſagreement between the earl of Chatham and lord Camden is entirely laid aſide, and a very ſtrict friendſhip now ſubſiſts between thoſe noble men.

Dr. Solander and Mr. Banks are to proceed from Iceland up the Baltic, and paſs their winter in making obſervations, &c. in Sweden.

Aug. 15. On Wedneſday the Earl of Hillſborough kiſſed his Majeſty's hand on being created an Earl of Great-Britain.

Yeſterday the Earl of Dartmouth kiſſed hands, on being appointed Secretary of State for the Colonies, and firſt Lord of Trade, in the room of the Earl of Hillſborough, who has reſigned.

We are aſſured that his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales is endowed with a military genius, as a proof of which, on Wedneſday 21 pieces of cannon were drawn out in a field adjoining to his houſe in Kew, to be fired at one o'clock, in honour of the day; his Royal Highneſs inſiſted on firing them off himſelf, which, with ſome reluctance was complied with, and executed with a moſt ſurpriſing agility.

By advices from Conſtantinople, we hear that the Turkiſh merchantmen daily elude the utmoſt vigilance of the Ruſſian cruiſers, and arrive ſafely in that port, and that an Engliſh ſhip bound thither in paſſing by the Dardanelles foundered, and was totally loſt.

Aug. 16. Yeſterday a cabinet council was held at St. James's; when the Earl of Dartmouth was ſworn in Secretary of State for the Colonies, and firſt Lord of Trade. His lordſhip enjoyed the poſt of firſt Lord of Trade before the Earl of Hillſborough was appointed to that place.

A patent is preparing to paſs the great ſeal, for creating the Earl of Hillſborough, an Engliſh Earl, by the name, ſtile, and title of Earl Hillſborough, and Baron of Harwich.

A patent is alſo preparing for creating Lord Bathurſt (father of the Lord Chancellor) an Earl of this kingdom.

Yeſterday the French and Spaniſh ambaſſadors were together at the premier's houſe in Weſtminſter, near four hours.

On Thurſday Mr. Stuart, eldeſt ſon of the Right Hon. James Stuart M'Kenzie, brother to the Earl of Bute, was preſented to their Majeſties at St. James's, by his father, and moſt graciouſly received.

The Hollanders, it is certain, are now beheld with an univerſal eye of jealouſy by the neighbouring powers: and as they are well known to be able politicians, and poſſeſs immenſe treaſures, what blow can they premeditate without the ſtrongeſt probability of ſucceſs, as policy joined with money can effect every thing.

Aug. 18. On Saturday the Earl of Hillſborough ſet out from his houſe in Hanover-ſquare for Ireland.

They write from the Hague, that ſeveral thouſand tons of naval ſtores, which had been bought up by an agent for his Sardinian Majeſty, had lately been ſhipped off in the Texel for the Mediterranean.

About two years ſince his Imperial Majeſty had a long conference with the king of Pruſſia at Potzdam: The good and beneficent Emperor has proved an excellent proficient in the politicks of the Brandenbourg hero; they have both ſent large armies into Poland, with an intent to ſhare ſuch provinces of that kingdom as the Empreſs of Ruſſia will permit them to enjoy.

Orders are iſſued for immediately building ſix frigates of 36 guns in the private yards on the river.

The ſhip Little Pompey, Capt. George Thomſon, from St. Chriſtophers to London, is taken by a pirate ſhip off the Madeiras, and carried into a Spaniſh port.

The Spaniards are very aſſiduous with reſpect to their naval armaments; and it is hoped, England, will, for once, copy their example..

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, July 29.

"New troubles are ariſen between the clergy and the Peaſants on account of the holidays, which are to be kept for the future on Sundays only.

"The clergy have made uſe of the Kantſchuen, a ſort of inſtrument to chaſtiſe criminals with, as the Peaſants have ſhut up the churches, which brought on a bloody engagement, two prieſts were killed, and ſeveral of the Peaſants mortally wounded."

An addreſs is, we hear, preparing by a very reſpectable body of North-American merchants to the earl of Hillſborough, to thank him for the very polite reception which they conſtantly received at his board during the time he preſided, and to acknowledge their high idea of his intentions for the mutual benefit no leſs of the colonies than the mother country.

Aug. 19. The earl of Dartmouth, who has ſucceeded lord Hillſborough as ſecretary of ſtate to the American department, is reckoned, beſide being a man of buſineſs, one of the moſt accompliſhed nobleman in England, being a doctor of the civil law, and fellow of the royal ſociety.

The laſt letters from Hanover adviſe, that the hereditary princeſs of Brunſwick is arrived at Gorde, on a viſit to her ſiſter the queen of Denmark; and as the prince of Brunſwick is not with her, it is imagined her ſtay will be longer than at her former viſit. The palace at Zell is fitting up againſt the winter for the reception of her Daniſh Majeſty.

Within theſe few days conſiderable quantities of Dutch property, bound to the Eaſt and Weſt-Indies, have been inſured here at a very advanced premium.

By a very intelligent farmer, who has juſt returned from a tour through moſt of the counties of England, we are informed, that there never was a more plentiful crop of all kinds of grain, particularly wheat, oats, and peas, and that the farmers would be at a loſs for room to hold it, as their houſeing, which uſed to contain their crops, was not this year nearly ſufficient to receive the produce of their fields.

They write from Coventry, that ſeveral pluſh weavers have lately been engaged there to embark for New England.

Yeſterday ſir Joſeph Yorke, ambaſſador to the States General, ſet out for Harwich, to embark there for the Hague.

Aug. 20. On Thurſday the 7th inſt. a miniſter arrived here from the emperor of M[illegible]rocco, who, it is ſaid, is charged with matters [illegible]e greateſt importance.

It is believed by ſome, that l[illegible]artmouth's entrance into the miniſtry, is only [illegible]ade to other important changes; the names [illegible]nple, Chatham, and Rockingham being ſtill fre[illegible] brought up at court, as if they were at laſt [illegible]rmitted to ſave this nation from deſtruction.

It is ſaid, that the buſin[illegible] has brought us our unexpected viſitor f[illegible]cco, is of the moſt amicable nature, and r[illegible]ely to the improving and ſtrengthening [illegible]gues, which have for years ſubſiſted betw[illegible]e courts of Great-Britain and the Barbary ſtat[illegible]

A parliamentary enquiry, we are told, will be made early this winter into the cauſes of the high prices of proviſions, and the meaſures will be entered into for their reduction.

It is now generally believed that the princeſs of Brunſwick will accompany the queen of Denmark to this kingdom.

The noble reſolutions entered into by ſeveral capital merchants of this city to import American wheat, muſt, it is believed, more effectually ſtrike at the horrid practice of foreſtalling, than any legal proviſion that can be made againſt it.

Such puppets are the Engliſh populace, that they are conſtantly played off againſt their own beſt intereſts. The foreſtallers, alarmed at the idea of American wheat being approved in this country, have already begun to prejudice the lower orders of the community againſt it, and it is well known that obſtinacy and credulity are ſtrong alliances in favour of their ſchemes.

Aug. 22. It is confidently reported, that at the beginning of the next ſeſſion of parliament will be taken into conſideration the preſent mode of traffic in the funds.

Aug. 24. By the laſt accounts from the Mediterranean and Archipelago, we hear, that thoſe ſeas ſwarm with pirates of all nations ſo much that their navigation is totally precarious and unſafe.

It is ſaid that a proclamation will ſhortly be iſſued, offering great advantages to thoſe people who embark for America, in order to cultivate the country, and facilitate the Miſſiſippi ſcheme.

A correſpondent informs us, that a certain Northern Monarch has ſunk into ſuch an inactive ſtate, as to be totally indifferent about the affairs of his court.

A ſullen kind of inactivity, we learn by letters from Vienna, now prevails at that court, as if convinced, that ſome ſpirited meaſures were neceſſary to be taken, but doubtful of the prudence of engaging in them at the preſent conjuncture.

The Poliſh Monarch has, it is ſaid, received ſome encouraging aſſurances from many powers, but particularly from England, that a few months ſhall reſtore him to his throne and dignities.

Lord Hillſborough, ſays a correſpondent, ought to be greatly honoured by all mankind for his motives of reſignation, for as it was impoſſible to convince him that a ſettlement, inacceſſible to our navy, could be advantageous to this country, it was noble in him to forego his appointment, rather than proſtitute his opinion.

It is now generally believed that Lord Hillſborough will be the choſen perſon to relieve the Vice-Roy of a neighbouring kingdom; or, in other words, heal the diſcontents of an oppreſſed people.

The martial ſpirit which ſhines forth in the heir apparent to theſe kingdoms promiſes honour and ſecurity to the riſing generation; as the prince that has a repugnancy to every military operation beyond a harmleſs review muſt at all times be ready to pay an unworthy price for his pacific enjoyments.

Whatever be the buſineſs of the ſtranger's viſit from Morocco to the Britiſh court, it is certain that many very important deliberations have already been the conſequence.

The manufacture of cambrick is now ſo much improved in Ireland, as to be ſuperior in colour, fineneſs, and ſervice, to any made in the other parts of Europe.

Extract of a letter from Conſtantinople, June 24.

"We have juſt received the diſagreeable news here of a dangerous revolt of ſome troops which were under the command of Aga Neogren Zede at Adrianople. They roſe in the night of the 3d inſt. and having killed ſeveral of their officers, immediately went to the Aga's tent, but he found means to eſcape their fury; they then fell to plundering the military cheſt, out of which they took near 2,000,000 pieces of eight, and all the arms, &c. they could find. From thence they proceeded to the principal houſes, which they plundered, but met with ſome oppoſition by a party of horſe, which had been ſuddenly raiſed by the Pacha who commanded there; they were ſoon defeated, and the Malecontents proceeded out of town, bending their march towards Egypt."

Extract of a letter from Illay, Aug. 8.

"Upon Friday the 31ſt ult. Mr. Banks, Drs. Solander and Lind, with a number of other gentlemen of fortune, arrived in the harbour of Lochindaal here, and this day they ſet out on their tour through the Weſt and Northern iſles, from whence they are to proceed to Iceland."

Aug. 26. Accounts from Vienna inform us that every thing there wears the ſtrongeſt appearance of war, the ſtreets are full of recruiting parties, the arſenals are daily emptied of large quantities of military ſtores; there have been no leſs than three promotions of General and field officers in leſs than a month, nevertheleſs the ultimate views of the Imperial and Royal Courts, as well as the intention of theſe hoſtile preparations, remain a profound ſecret.

Lord Mansfield was ſent for on Monday evening to Kew, where he had a long conference with his Majeſty.

Aug. 27. Yeſterday Lord Garlies kiſſed his Majeſty's hand, on being appointed one of the Lords of trade, in the room of John Roberts, Eſq; deceaſed.—Charles Jenkinſon, Eſq; is to be Member for Harwich, in the room of Mr. Roberts; and that Sir George Macartney is to be Member for Appleby, in the room of Mr. Jenkinſon.

Should the ſettlement on the Ohio take place, no emigrants whatſoever are to be permitted from this country except the actual proprietors.

An extra board is appointed to take cognizance of the Miſſiſippi and Ohio ſchems, at which the merits of both will be finally determined.

Lord Hillſborough, it is now pretty certain, has viſited his native country on the nobleſt of motives; for that the purport of his commiſſion being no leſs to enquire into, than redreſs the real grievances of that kingdom.

From St. Alban's we learn, that an inhabitant of that town keeps a tame rat in his houſe; the conſequence of which is, that his dwelling is infeſted by no other rats, nor by mice. As other inſtances of the like kind have been known, particularly on ſhip board, there is no doubt but from this circumſtance, a new method might be put in practice for getting rid of theſe troubleſome and highly miſchievous vermin.

Aug. 29. The king of P——a's private intercourſe with the Swedes gives, it is ſaid, no ſmall umbrage to all the neighbouring powers, in ſo much that remonſtrances have been preſented, which that martial prince has treated with great haughtineſs and diſregard.

It is generally believed that a revolution is inevitable at a certain Northern court, as alſo that ſome powers are concerned in it, who affect, at preſent to be mere ſpectators.

It is reported that the French have lately given very large orders for powder and ball in the ports of Holland to be delivered into his Chriſtian Majeſty's dock-yards before Chriſtmas next.

Accurate plans are taking of all our forts, ſea coaſts, and ſettlements in Africa and on the coaſt of Guinea.

It is ſaid that no ſuperior poſts in the army will, for the future, be diſpoſed of, or exchanged, without the conſent and approbation of his Majeſty.

Letters from Vienna ſay, that a league is forming there between ſome Northern, &c. Potentates, to put a ſtop to the progreſs of the Pruſſian Monarch in Poliſh Pruſſia.

Great-Britain feels at this hour the fatal effects of her ill-judged conduct towards the Americans. The balance of trade to America was ſo great before the diviſion happened as to fill this country with gold and ſilver, particularly the latter, the want of which is now ſo grievouſly felt by every man in trade from one end of this kingdom to the other. The diviſion between the mother country and her colonies gave the firſt riſe to the extenſion of paper credit, the evil conſequence of which is now manifeſted.

Sept. 1. Yeſterday a commiſſion paſſed the great ſeal, appointing the Lord Chancellor, and the other miniſters of ſtate, together with William, Earl of Dartmouth, Soame Jenyns, Edward Elliot, Lord Robert Spencer, George Greville, Bamber Gaſcoyne, William Jolliffe, Eſqrs. and Lord Garlies, to be Commiſſioners for promoting the trade of Great-Britain, and inſpecting and improving the plantations in America, and elſewhere, with a revocation of the laſt commiſſion.

Alſo paſſed the great ſeal, a reverſionary grant of the office of Secretary of his Majeſty's province of New-York, to William Knox, Eſq; during his life, on the death, or any ſooner determination of the intereſt therein, of George Clark, Eſq; the preſent Secretary.

Alſo paſſed the ſeal, a proclamation, promiſing a reward of 500l. for the diſcovering and apprehending any of the perſons concerned in burning the Gaſpee ſchooner in Providence river, on the 10th of June laſt: alſo a further reward of 500 l. and his Majeſty's pardon to any of the offenders, for apprehending each of the ringleaders.

By letters from Cadiz we learn, that the Juno frigate of war was lately arrived in that port from La Vera Cruz, but laſt from the Havannah, with a million and a half of piaſtres in ſpecie, on account of his Catholic Majeſty; aboard this ſhip the archbiſhop of Mexico took his paſſage, being appointed archbiſhop of Toledo, the richeſt eccleſiaſtical preferment in Europe, except the Popedom.

The French and Corſicans are now at perpetual war, which is carried on by military executions on one ſide, and murder, and aſſaſſinations on the other; ſo averſe are the Corſicans to a French government, that (it is ſaid) they really poiſon the wells, ciſterns, and fountains in that part of the country which the French inhabit.

A correſpondent of ſome credit informs us, that the king of Poland, in conſequence of being ſet over an unwilling people, has been miſerable ever ſince the day of his coronation; a proof that it is not ſufficient to be poſſeſſed of the throne, unleſs the monarch be alſo poſſeſſed of the hearts of his ſubjects.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, Auguſt 25.

"Yeſterday the frigate Chrianſon, which a few days ago arrived from the Mediterranean ſea, and was ordered to be unrigged, is now directed to be rigged again with all ſpeed, and further orders were given to fit out more men of war for the Mediterranean, to join thoſe that are there already. The 39 releaſed priſoners are arrived here from Algiers; they give an account that their impriſonment was eaſy till the Daniſh fleet appeared before Algiers, then they had ſevere treatment,"

Sept. 2. Orders are come from the court of Denmark to their agent here to pay to this court 60,000 l. which is the fortune given to queen Carolina Matilda, and which the court of Denmark have thought proper to return, alſo 20,000 l. more, in conſideration of the preſents made to the queen on her marriage with the king of Denmark. And, we hear, that the above ſums of money are to be appropriated for the future maintenance and ſupport of the queen of Denmark.

A certain great lawyer has, it is ſaid, by his ſuggeſtion and arguments engaged government to take a view of its dependents and dependencies, though for what purpoſe, is at preſent uncertain.

They write from Lerwick, in Shetland, that the fiſhery this ſeaſon has been beyond the moſt ſanguine expectations, the Dutch having cleared by the article of white herrings only, above ten millions ſterling; ſo that allowing one-twentieth-part to the revenue, the government has gained 500,000l.

Sept. 3. We hear that it is in contemplation with a little truly patriotic committee to build, in convenient parts of the town, ovens for baking the bread made of American flour, with ſhops adjoining, where the poor may purchaſe it on eaſy terms.

We are credibly informed, that five men of war are now fitting out as a reinforcement for the fleet on the Jamaica ſtation.

A perſon juſt arrived from Liſbon reports, that that court had received ſome diſagreeable advices from the Portugueſe ſettlement of Goa, on the Malabar coaſt.

Letters from Corſica inform, that the duties laid on all Engliſh goods imported into that iſland, are ſo high that they almoſt amount to a prohibition.

The Fox, Capt. Norman, from Caſco Bay, with maſts for the dock yard, is ſafe arrived at Plymouth, after a very fine paſſage.

A letter from Hambourg, dated Aug. 25, ſays, " The day before yeſterday two couriers, diſpatched from Stockholm, paſſed through this city; ſince which it is no longer a ſecret here, that the four great cities of Sweden, viz. Chriſtianſtad, Joenkjoeping, Landſcrona, and Gottenburgh, have declared the King of Sweden their abſolute Sovereign. On the 13th of this month Prince Charles put himſelf at the head of the troops and the militia of Landſcrona, and Prince Frederick Adolphus did the ſame at Gottenburgh. Theſe two Princes joined together, and marched with their army conſiſting of 16,000 men, and encamped before the walls of Stockholm, declaring the King to be abſolute at every place in their march. On their arrival before Stockholm, they demanded their Princely rights, which had been limited and oppoſed by the deputies of the ſtates, and inſiſted that they ſhould revoke the late act called "The aſſurance of the King." The private letters from thence ſince that date, ſay, that his Majeſty kept himſelf cloſe at Stockholm till the army came before the walls, and then communicated his deſign to the ſtates; that a reſiſtance was made by a great part of the Clergy and ſome of the nobles, but that they found themſelves obliged to diſcharge the King from his oath, and to declare him an abſolute ſovereign. The other two ſtates of the burghers and peaſants made not the leaſt reſiſtance.

PHILADELPHIA, *Oct.* 15.

On Wedneſday laſt, the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this province met, and choſe Joſeph Galloway, Eſq; for their Speaker. Charles Moore, Eſq; Clerk. Doctor Benjamin Franklin continued Agent for the Province. Joſeph Fox, Eſq; continued Barrack-maſter. William Criſpin, Eſq; continued Collector of Exciſe.

To the Honourable RICHARD PENN, *Eſquire; Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the province of* Pennſylvania, *and counties of* New-Caſtle, Kent, *and* Suſſex, *on* Delaware.

The humble ADDRESS *of the* CORPORATION for the relief of the WIDOWS and CHILDREN of Clergymen, in the communion of the church of England, in America.

May it pleaſe your HONOUR,

INDEBTED as we are to your honourable family for their ready grant of a charter, and bearing the greateſt reſpect to your perſon and public character, we cannot omit this firſt opportunity of tendering to your Honour our beſt wiſhes, that your adminiſtration may be accompanied with a long continuance of that tranquility and happineſs, for which it has been hitherto diſtinguiſhed.

We have done ourſelves the honour, at this meeting, to chooſe you a member of our corporation, being fully perſuaded, that your known benevolence, and regard to the church of England, will induce you, not only to favour us with your protection and countenance in your public ſtation, but likewiſe to accept a ſhare with us, in the management of a charity intended for the relief of the widow and fatherleſs.

Signed, by Order, and in Behalf of the Corporation, at a Meeting, held at Philadelphia, October 7th, 1772. RICHARD PETERS, Preſident.

To which his HONOUR *was pleaſed to return the following Anſwer.*

GENTLEMEN,

I HEARTILY thank you for this obliging mark of your eſteem for me; and I ſhall always think myſelf happy, while my public conduct can merit the approbation of ſo reſpectable a body of men as you are.

I am glad that it hath been in the power of my family to ſerve you in your benevolent undertaking; and as my regard to the Church of England is ſincere, your having choſe me a member of a corporation, inſtituted for the relief of the diſtreſſed families of the members of that Church, is very agreeable to me; and you may be aſſured of my beſt endeavours, at all times, to aſſiſt you in the proſecution of the laudable and humane purpoſe for which you are incorporated.

By the ſnow Caſtleton, Capt. Nunns, from Dominica, we are adviſed, that on the 31ſt of Auguſt a large brig, Capt. Collins, belonging to Quebec, was drove aſhore and loſt, but the people ſaved; and the Governor's ſloop, with the Engineer's ſchooner, and thirteen other ſail there, all loſt; all the other veſſels that were at the iſland when the hurricane came on, put out to ſea: On the 5th of Sept. about 45 leagues from Cape Henlopen, he ſpoke a large topſail ſchooner from this port for St. Kitts, but it blowing hard he could not learn the captain's or veſſel's name.

By Capt. Copeland from St. Vincents, we hear, that the ſloop Hopewell, Capt. Carliſle, was ſunk by the hurricane at Antigua, but it was thought the veſſel would be got up; and that 30 or 40 veſſels at Guadaloupe, and a ſloop at Martinico, were loſt by the ſame melancholy event. On his paſſage he ſpoke the following veſſels, viz. Sept. 14th, in lat. 23 : 16, long. 64 : 59, ſpoke a brig from St. Euſtatia for Newberry, in New-England, out 5 days: On the 26th, in lat. 34 : 12, long. 72 : 11, ſpoke a brig from Barbados for Baltimore, out 18 days; and the ſame day he ſpoke a brig from Virginia for Jamaica: October 9th, lat. 37 : 54, long. 73 : 16, ſpoke a ſloop from Grenada for New-Haven, in New-England, out 31 days; the maſter of her informed him he took up and had on board the crews of three New-England veſſels, that foundered in the hurricane off St. Martins and St. Euſtatia.

Capt. Dean from Liverpool, ſpoke the following veſſels, viz. Auguſt 23d, lat. 52 : 2, long. 11 : 59, a ſhip from Briſtol for Virginia, out 8 days, but the roughneſs of the weather prevented his hearing her name, &c. On the 28th, in lat. 48 : 16, long. 18 : 50, ſpoke the packet from Charleſtown for Falmouth, out 5 weeks, all well: On the 31ſt, lat. 47 : 44, long. 20 : 14, ſpoke a ſhip from Piſcataway for Biddeford, out 28 days, but did not underſtand her name: On the 5th of Sept. in lat. 48 : 35, long. 26 : 10, ſpoke a ſhip from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 8 days, but did not learn her name: On the 11th, lat. 45 : 11, long. 33, ſpoke a ſhip from Jamaica, Capt. Ogilvy, for London, out 7 weeks: On the 2d. inſt. in lat. 36 : 15, long. 58, ſpoke a packet from Jamaica for Falmouth, out 36 days: And on the 3d, in lat. 36 : 59, long. 60, ſpoke a ſloop from Rhode-Iſland for Dominica, but being rough weather did not learn the maſter's name.

Capt. Carr from Grenada, ſpoke the following veſſels, viz. October 5th, 15 leagues off Cape Charles, ſpoke a ſloop from St. Martins for New-London, out 22 days, but it blowing freſh he could not learn the maſter's name: On the 6th, about 20 leagues Eaſt from the ſame place, ſpoke the ſhip Beaver, Capt. Peter Depoſiter, from Hull for New-York, out 13 weeks, who had been cloſe in with Egg Harbour 15 days before, and by contrary winds was blown off.

Capt. Carr informs us, that Governor Fitzmorris came from St. Vincents to Grenada on a viſit, and died in a few days after his arrival there.

Capt. Peterſon from Madeira, on the 28th of Sept. in lat. 33 : 30, long. 62 : 30, ſpoke the brig Hamburgh, Capt. Thetroſs, from Charleſtown for Surinam, out 16 days, all well: And on the 3d inſt. in lat. 36 : 18, long. 71, ſpoke a ſloop from Rhode-Iſland for Hiſpaniola, out 2 days, all well, but could not learn her name: He informs us that Capt. Braſs, in a ſhip from New-York, was arrived at Madeira.

With Capt. Peterſon came paſſenger, Mr. WILLIAM ALLEN, jun. ſon of the honourable WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq; of this place.

Capt. M'Culloch from Belfaſt, on the 25th of Sept. in lat. 44 : 30, long. 48 : 30, ſpoke the brig Liberty, from Maryland for London, out 16 days, all well.

Capt. Smith from Rotterdam, but laſt from Cowes, on the 27th of Sept. in lat. 27 : 46, long. 53 : 32, ſpoke the ſchooner William, from Virginia for Antigua, out 14 days.

Capt. Sutton from London, ſpoke the following veſſels, viz. On the 1ſt inſt. in lat. 40, long. 48 : 33, ſpoke a ſhip capt. Punderſon, from Virginia for London, out 28 days: On the 2d, in lat. 40 : long. 51, ſpoke a brig from Maryland for London, out 18 days: On the 4th, in lat. 38 : 56, long. 56 : 10, ſpoke a French ſnow from Hiſpaniola for old France: On the 8th, in lat. 38 : 32, long. 68 : 41, ſpoke a ſloop from Caſco Bay for St. Euſtatia: On the 10th, in lat. 36 : 36, long. 68 : 56, paſſed a wreck which he took to be a brig or a ſchooner, having boom ſails, ſaw her quarters and crutch painted black, red and yellow: On the 11th, in lat. 36 : 1, long. 69 : 38, ſpoke the ſhips Calvert, capt. Sewell, and the Swan, capt. Manning, 4 days out, from Maryland for London, all well; with capt. Sutton came paſſengers, Meſſieurs Crafts and Courtenay, and Dr. William Hannah.

Capt. Winning, from Londonderry, ſpoke with the following veſſels, viz. On Sept. 9th in lat. 48 : 47, long. 26 : 36, ſpoke a brig, capt. Lynn, from Whitehaven for Virginia, out 13 days: On the 10th, in lat. 48 : 6, long. 28, ſpoke a ſhip from Jamaica for London, out 5 weeks, and a ſhip, capt. Williams, from St. Vincents for Liverpool: On the 25th, in lat. 43 : 26, long. 41, ſpoke a brig, capt. Heeners, from the bay of Honduras for London, out 8 weeks.

Capt. Hamilton from Vigo, ſpoke with the following veſſels, viz. On Sept. 30th, in lat. 36 : 30, long. 72, ſpoke a ſnow, capt. James Miller, from London for Virginia, out 6 weeks: On the 5th inſt. in lat. 37 : 13, long. 72 : 30, ſpoke a ſloop from Rhode-Iſland for North-Carolina, out 5 days, and a ſhip from London for this port, but it blowing freſh, could not learn the captain's name, who about 8 days before had ſpoke capt. Davis from this port for Vigo, who had carried away the head of his mainmaſt: On the 8th in lat. 38 : 9, long. 73 : 30, ſpoke a brig, capt. March from Dominica for New-York, out 32 days.

Extract of a Letter from Surinam, dated Sept. 5th, 1772.

" This colony is in the greateſt diſtreſs, occaſioned by an inſurrection of the ſlaves; they are aſſembled 1000 ſtrong, very formidable, ſupplyed with arms and ammunition, and have defeated our ſoldiers, and taken ſome ſix pounders from them, with which they have fortifyed themſelves on an iſland, committing great depredations and anoying and terrifying the inhabitants daily. We have made ſeveral ineffectual attempts to ſubdue them, and about 3 months ago they defeated our eſcort ſent againſt them. I happened to be at a plantation where one of their parties 50 in number came to, and carried off about 80 negroes, and all the guns and ammunition furniſhed to guard it. We have been obliged to ſet 3 or 400 of our ſtouteſt negroes free to defend us, and without they do ſomething effectual againſt them, ſhall be under the moſt melancholy apprehenſions from theſe inſurgents."

On Thurſday laſt was married, Mr. GEORGE MIFFLIN, Merchant; to Miſs PATTY MORRIS, daughter of Mr. JOSEPH MORRIS, Merchant of this city.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Thomas,	R. Woods,	Liverpool,
Ship Lydia,	T. Dean,	Liverpool,
Ship Crawford,	C. Smith,	Cowes,
Ship Friendſhip,	W. M'Culloch,	Belfaſt,
Schoon. Delaware,	B. Goodhue,	Salem, N. E.
Brig Charleſtown P.	S. Wright,	South-Carolina,
Sloop Triton,	P. Cook,	Rhode Iſland,
Brig Nancy,	W. Hawkins,	Barbados,
Snow Caſtleton,	T. Nunns,	Dominica,
Sloop Morn. Star,	J. Vecey,	St. Vincent,
Brig two Friends,	J. Peter,	Madeira,
Brig Rawlinſon,	T. Fryers,	St. Vincent,
Brig Anna,	G. Carr,	Grenades,
Brig George,	J. Wilſon,	Liſbon,
Ship Commerce,	C. Alexander,	Liſbon,
Brig Venus,	J. Bennet,	New-Caſtle,
Ship Liverpool,	A. Beard,	Liverpool,
Sloop Molly,	E. Rogers,	Boſton,

OUTWARDS.

Brig Deborah,	B. Canby,	Jamaica,
Brig Venus,	W. Williams,	Jamaica,
Ship Sally,	S. Covell,	Liſbon,
Sloop Sally,	R. Alberſon,	New-York,
Sloop Chance,	J. Roſs,	St. Euſtatia,

CLEARED.

Sloop Sally,	J. Thorp,	New-Haven,
Schooner Amelia,	P. Barry,	Barbados,
Brig Con. Friends,	P. Flynn,	St. Croix,
Ship Morris,	T. Bell,	Teneriffe,
Ship Rich. Penn,	J. All,	London,
Sloop Warners,	A. Minot,	Antigua,
Snow Britannia,	R. Eyres,	St. Kitts,
Snow Neptune,	T. Wallace,	Liſbon,
Sloop Chance,	J. Roſs,	St. Croix,
Brig Pr. of Wales,	W. Moore,	South-Carolina,
Sloop Peggy,	S. Hinckley,	Boſton,
Sloop Molly,	V. Wightman,	Rhode-Iſland,
Ship Philadelphia,	J. Malcolm,	Liverpool,
Brig Nancy,	W. Hawkins,	Barbados,
Sloop Patty,	G. Simpſon,	North-Carolina.

◆

THE managers of the Pettie's Iſland caſh lottery, for the encouragement of the AMERICAN STEEL MANUFACTURE, earneſtly requeſt thoſe perſons who have had tickets on credit, to pay the money into the hands of thoſe gentlemen of whom they purchaſed, on or before the 24th day of this inſtant, as the managers are determined to have it in their power to pay off the fortunate adventurers, immediately after the drawing is finiſhed; and the public may be aſſured, that the above-mentioned lottery will commence drawing, on the ſaid iſland, the 26th day of this month, without any further delay. All thoſe who have had tickets to diſpoſe of, are deſired to return what they have on hand, and to remit the money to the managers for ſuch as they have ſold, on or before the time firſt above-mentioned.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 14*th*, 1772.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE.

At the late dwelling-houſe of the REV. CHARLES BEATTY, deceaſed, on the 10th day of NOVEMBER next, part of his eſtate, both real and perſonal; that is to ſay,

THE Plantation on which he formerly lived, ſituate in Warminſter Townſhip, Bucks-County, containing upwards of One Hundred and Fifty-two Acres: Whereon is a good ſtone-houſe, log-kitchen, barn, ſtables, ſpring-houſe, waggon-houſe, fields, orchards, meadows, and woodland in proper proportion; the whole is well watered, and in good repair. Alſo another plantation, ſituate at the Croſs-Roads, on Old York road, ſo called, in Warminſter, aforeſaid, containing Fifty-ſix acres, with a large two ſtory ſtone houſe, four rooms on a floor, and very convenient for any public buſineſs, with a ſtone kitchen adjoining the ſame, a young orchard, log-barn, barracks, and other conveniencies which need not be particularly mentioned; there are a few Acres of wood-land on the place, and ſome meadow may eaſily be made. At the ſame time and place will be ſold, horſes, cows, a waggon, cart, and other implements of huſbandry; a large variety of houſhold goods, among which are a muſical clock, and a curious and elegant collection of cuts, maps, and pictures; alſo a large and valuable collection of books on various ſubjects, but more particularly divinity. When the conditions of ſale will be made known, and attendance given by

JOH[illegible] BEATTY,
HE[illegible] WYNKOOP, } Executors.
SA[illegible]L ERWIN.

All perſons w[illegible]ve any demands againſt the eſtate, are deſired to br[illegible] their accounts, that they may be adjuſted; and th[illegible]o are indebted, to make ſpeedy payment.

BY P[illegible]MISSION.

MR. SA[illegible]DERS will exhibit his DEXTERIT[illegible] AND DECEPTION, at the houſe of Mr. Iſrael [illegible] the Bunch of Grapes, in Third-ſtreet.—He ha[illegible] honour of performing before his Excellency th[illegible] Dunmore, now Governor of Virginia, his E[illegible] Robert Eden, Eſq; and moſt of the nobility and ge[illegible] Great-Britain and America, and in particular in t[illegible] capital cities. He performs a variety of new, aſtoniſhing and entertaining performances, by dexterity of hand, ſurpaſſing every thing of the kind that has hitherto been ſeen, or attempted, on this ſide the Atlantic, which will be exhibited in a number of ſurpriſing inſtances, deceiving the eye of the niceſt obſerver, and appear in a manner ſupernatural.——Mr. SAUNDERS has been honoured with the greateſt applauſe by all the nobility who has ſeen his great performance in Europe, America, and the Weſt Indies; and is allowed to be the moſt aſtoniſhing proficient in the art of clean conveyance, that ever attempted an exhibition of its kind, without deſcending to the low tricks of cups and balls, ribbons, &c.—Mr. ABRAHAM BENJAMIN will likewiſe (between Mr. Saunders's performances) exhibit ſeveral curious BALANCES: He has had the honour of performing before the King of Denmark, and all the nobility of that kingdom, and was allowed to be the moſt aſtoniſhing of its kind. He likewiſe will perform the DEXTERITY, in a different manner from Mr. Saunders. To begin on Wedneſday evening the 21ſt of this inſtant, and continue Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Saturdays.—Tickets to be had at the place of performance, and at Mr. Abraham Franks's, Tobacconiſt, in Water-ſtreet, at Three Shillings each. To open at ſix o'clock, and to begin at ſeven.

N. B. Any perſon deſirous of having a private performance at his own houſe, will be waited on by giving a day's notice to Mr. Saunders, at Mr. Abraham Franks's, in Water-ſtreet.

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S U P P L E M E N T

TO THE

PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,

AND

GENERAL ADVERTISER. No. 52.

ST. JOHN's, (*in Antigua*,) *Auguſt* 29.

ON Thurſday night laſt we had a moſt violent gale of wind here, accompanied with much rain: It began early in the evening, and as the night advanced the wind encreaſed, blowing chiefly from the north weſt, with little or no variation until near two next morning, when it ſuddenly ſhifted to the ſouth-weſt, and blew a moſt violent ſtorm.—We have not heard of any conſiderable damage being done either to the houſes or buildings in town or country; but the ſmall veſſels in the harbour ſuffered much, many ſunk, others ran on ſhore, and ſeveral totally deſtroyed. The ſhip Tom, Peter Holmes, maſter, from Africa, with ſlaves on board, drove from her moorings, but luckily went on ſhore in a ſoft muddy part of the harbour, and (we hope) will be eaſily got off with little or no damage; the ſloop Hopewell, captain Carliſle, from Philadelphia, is aſhore near Otto's paſture in a dangerous ſituation: ſeveral ſhips and other veſſels were fortunate enough to ride out the gale.—From the vehemence of the wind, and the points it blew from, we are under the moſt dreadful apprehenſions of the conſequences that may have attended the veſſels lying at the neighbouring iſlands to the ſouthward and weſtward, their roads, bays and harbours being in general ſo ſituated as to receive its utmoſt violence.

Sept. 5. On Wedneſday laſt arrived here a ſloop, diſmaſted, from Rhode-Iſland.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at St. Vincents, to his friend here, dated Auguſt 29.

"General Leyburne, a few days ago, ſent the government ſloop, and capt. Stephenſon's boat to windward of this iſland, with capt. Gordon, the chief engineer, Mr. Byers, the principal ſurveyor, and the maſter of the Creſcent man of war, with a few marines, &c. to ſound along ſhore and inſpect the coaſt, in order if poſſible, to find out ſome proper place to anchor veſſels and land ſome ordnance, ſtores, &c. neceſſary for the Charib expedition: when the Charibs perceived their intention, they immediately alarmed their country, hoiſted a white flag, and as ſoon as the boat with the above gentlemen, approached the ſhore near enough they fired a very large volley of muſkets at the boat, and continued ſo to do as long as they thought they could reach her with their ſhot, which providentially neither killed or wounded any of our friends; the weather being then very calm; the ſloop was a good diſtance from the boat, and a long way from the ſhore, but a light breeze ſpringing up they ſoon got in ſhore, and the gentlemen in the boat, under cover of the guns from the government ſloop, effected their deſign; and I have the pleaſure to inform you they found very good anchorage; and at a place called Grand Sable, a good road for veſſels, and a very convenient landing: this place is the very heart of the Charibs country, and where their principal ſettlement is.—The ſloop and boat returned laſt Tueſday.

"By this behaviour of the Charibs, it plainly appears, that they mean ſtrongly to oppoſe us, and will make an obſtinate reſiſtance.—The troops from North-America are not yet arrived, nor any news of them; as ſoon as they come, it is the opinion of every body here we ſhall begin buſineſs."

On Monday morning laſt, about one o'clock, aroſe here, the moſt terrible hurricane of wind and rain that ever was known in the memory of the oldeſt man living. This dreadful tornado ſeemed deſtined by providence to complete what the ſtorm on Thurſday laſt only threatned us with. The wind and rain increaſed with the morning, and ſeemed to blow with greater vehemence between nine and ten in the morning. To attempt to raiſe by words an adequate idea of our diſtreſſes, were the height of preſumption. Let it ſuffice thoſe that are only unconcerned readers of our cataſtrophe, that the Almighty (no doubt of his own infinitely wiſe purpoſes) permitted a total convulſion of four winds to ſtrip us of what was left of the town of St. John on the memorable 17th of Auguſt, 1769.

I ſhall paſs over as unworthy of my reader's attention a deſcription of the deſtruction of obſcure buildings, but of theſe above a third were deſtroyed.

To obſerve ſome order in my attempt I ſhall begin with the eaſtern part of the town. The houſe on Mrs. Knight's hill, purchaſed ſome years ago, and deſtined for a government houſe, was carried totally off its ſite, and not a veſtige left, by which means the wife of Mr. George White, merchant, was killed on the ſpot by the falling of a beam, Mr. White had his collar bone broke ſo that his life is deſpaired of. The wind found entrance into the Free Maſon's lodge, which is let to a company of comedians, who had obtained his Excellency's permiſſion to play here, and deſtroyed all their ſcenery, &c. ſo that it will take up a fortnight before they can put it in STATU QUO, and open it; the ſhop of Obediah Todman, copper-ſmith, braſier and plumber, lately deſtroyed by fire, is blown to the ground, all the turrets and many houſes in the ſame ſtreet quite weſt to the wharfs, are either blown down or much damaged, many houſes are carried into the harbour, above a third of the town of St. John is deſtroyed; the news from all parts of the country are truly deplorable; the houſe of the Hon. Col. Farley is entirely blown down, as alſo the buildings on the eſtate called Briggin's over againſt it. The dwelling-houſe of Nathaniel Humphry's, Eſq; in Popeſhead diviſion is alſo deſtroyed.

We hear the dwelling-houſe of John Mayer. Eſq; of Belfaſt diviſion, is levelled with the ground, and in his lady and children's flight to the houſe of Joſeph Wickham, Eſq; his infant daughter's leg was broke. We are told the King's Hoſpital at Engliſh-harbour was blown to the ground, whereby ten patients and their nurſe periſhed; the town hoſpital of St. John is blown to the ground, whereby one patient, a blind man, loſt his life, and others much bruiſed, but we do not hear of any other lives being loſt. One Dr. Montgomery we hear loſt his life, being knocked on the head by a beam of the houſe as he was attempting his eſcape, as alſo one Mr. Philpot who is ſaid to be a manager on Gunthorpe's eſtate, was panick ſtruck, and died of the fright. In ſhort the time would fail me to tell of private ſufferings of people drove from their habitations with ladies and their infants in their arms, going from door to door ſeeking ſhelter, but none to take them in.

This dreadful ſtorm continued without abating any thing of its fury till near ſun down on Monday evening, all which time people in general were ſecuring their doors and windows, ſtill expecting a return of the hurricane. The dwelling-houſe of Alexander Willock, on his eſtate called the Folly, is blown to the ground; take the whole iſland in groſs, not one houſe in ten is ſaid to be ſtanding, but all are materially damaged, our canes that were in plants are torn up by the roots, ſo that God only knows what our miſeries will terminate in. The miſeries of this iſland by the permiſſion of providence by fire, drought, and tempeſt, are paſt all deſcription. His Majeſty's barracks here are greatly damaged, his Excellency General Payne's loſs at Clarke's Hill, it is ſaid will amount to near 1500l. ſterling.

When this Gazette went to preſs, we had not learnt one third of the damage done by this lamentable ſtorm. We are juſt informed, that the houſe and works of Chriſtopher Hodges, Eſq; in Popeſhead, are deſtroyed, and moſt of his mules and cattle killed.—The ſeat of the Hon. William Warner, Eſq; deceaſed, at Stony Hill, now the reſidence of the Hon. Thomas Warner, Eſq, has ſuffered much damage.

Sept. 9. We are daily receiving from all parts of the country the moſt melancholy accounts of the terrible effects of the late hurricane on Monday the laſt of Auguſt, and of the moſt pitiable ſcenes of family diſtreſs.

Mr. George White, mentioned in our laſt, whoſe wife loſt her life by the falling of the houſe on Denning's Hill, died of the fracture and bruiſes he received in the ſame horrid ſcene in two days after, by which means three helpleſs children are become orphans. He is moſt juſtly lamented by all his acquaintances on account of the many amiable qualifications he poſſeſſed.

From Leeward, we hear of terrible havock, with many lives loſt, in St. Chriſtophers, St. Euſtatia, St. Vincents, Dominica, &c. in ſome of which places there is, to augment the ſcene of horror, a dreadful ſcarcity of proviſions. A veſſel arrived from North-America this week with corn, the whole cargo was ſold at 15s. per buſhel.

We hear that a brig is drove on ſhore at Bermuda, and by the violence of the tempeſt is quite inverted. No ſoul was found on board her; ſome women's apparel was found in her, mark'd M.

P R I N C E T O N.

ON Monday, the 28th ult. the grammar-ſchool, at Naſſau-Hall, was examined; and the ſcholars acquitted themſelves greatly to the ſatisfaction of the Gentlemen who were pleaſed to attend. The ſenior claſs, ten in number, were admitted into the freſhman claſs in the college. In the evening, this claſs performed a dramatic piece in Latin, before a numerous and learned audience.

On Tueſday, the 29th, voluntary competitions for premiums, among the ſtudents of the college, in ſeveral branches of learning, were attended, in the public library by a very reſpectable number of gentlemen of letters, and graduates from different colleges. Seven judges were elected to decide in each competition.

In "reading Engliſh," the higheſt premium was adjudged to Belcher-Peartree Smith, from Elizabeth Town, New-Jerſey, of the junior claſs; the next to John Bayard Rogers, from New-York, of the Freſhman; the third to John Smith, from Pennſylvania, of the junior.

In "reading Latin and Greek," the firſt premium was adjudged to Samuel Waugh, from Pennſylvania; the ſecond to John Witherſpoon, of Princeton; the third to John Smith; all of the junior claſs.

In "tranſlating from Engliſh into Latin," the firſt to Samuel Waugh; the ſecond to Iſaac Keith; the third to Daniel Martin; the two latter from Pennſylvania, and of the freſhman claſs.

In "ſpeaking Latin," the firſt to Iſaac Keith; the ſecond to John Blair, from Ulſter county, New-York; the third to Charles Lee, from Virginia; all of the Freſhman claſs.

In "pronouncing pieces from the ſtage," the higheſt premium was adjudged to Jonathan Maſon, from Boſton, New-England, of the ſophomore claſs; the next to Belcher-Peartree Smith; the third to Charles Lee.

Mr. Thomas Kittera, of Lancaſter county, Pennſylvania, was pleaſed liberally to preſent two premiums, of conſiderable value, confined to the freſhman claſs; the firſt to be given to the boy who ſhould diſcover "the beſt acquaintance with Latin Grammar," the ſecond to "the beſt ſcholar in Engliſh Grammar." The firſt was adjudged to Iſaac Keith; the ſecond to William Claypole, from Philadelphia.

On Wedneſday, the 30th, the anniverſary commencement of the college was held in the town-church.

At 10 o'clock, the aſſembly being ſeated, the Preſident introduced the buſineſs of the day with prayer; after which Mr. Grier delivered a ſalutatory oration, "*De Utilitate Scientiarum excolendarum.*"

Mr. Fithian then ſupported this theſis, "Political jealouſy is a laudable paſſion;" and was oppoſed by Mr. Alexander.

To this ſucceeded an oration on "Caſtle-building," pronounced by Mr. Burr.

The next exerciſe was a diſpute upon this propoſition, "A mixed monarchy is the beſt form of government;" Mr. Hunter defended it, and Mr. Luckey oppoſed him.

An oration on "paſſive obedience and non-reſiſtance," delivered by Mr. Reeſe, concluded the buſineſs of the forenoon.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when the aſſembly were again ſeated, Mr. Linn delivered an oration on "Independance of ſpirit."

The following theſis was then maintained by Mr. Finley; "*Amor patriæ non debet virtus haberi, niſi ad benevolentiam erga univerſos referatur*;" and oppoſed by Mr. Keith.

After this a dialogue on "the proper employment of the time of youth," compoſed by a graduate of the college, was ſpoken by Meſſieurs Evans, Finley and Hodge.

The next in order was an oration on "the advantages of political liberty," pronounced by Mr. Eckley.

Mr. Burnet, a candidate for the ſecond degree in the arts, then delivered an oration on "the principles of criticiſm and taſte;" and Mr. Davenport, another candidate for the ſecond degree, an oration on "the Influence which ſucceſs has in fixing the general eſtimation of the merit of actions."

The Preſident then conferred the degree of B. A. on the following young gentlemen, Alumni of the college; Iſaac Alexander, Moſes Allen, Robert Archibald, William Bradford, Andrew Bryan, Aaron Burr, John Debowe, Joſeph Eckley, Iſrael Evans, Ebenezer Finley, Philip Fithian, James Grier, Andrew Hodge, Andrew Hunter, Robert Keith, William Linn, William Smith Livingſton, George Luckey, Samuel Maccorkle, John Macmillan, Oliver Reeſe, James Templeton.

And the degree of M. A. on the following gentlemen, Alumni of the college; John Beatty, Matthias Burnet, John Davenport, James Linn, Thomas Melville, Samuel Smith, William Wilcocks.

Archibald Gamble, B. A. of Philadelphia-college, was admitted *ad eundem* in this college.

John Hotchkiſs, M. A. of Yale-College, *ad eundem*.

Andrew Oliver, Eſq; M. A. of Harvard-college, *ad eundem* in this college.

The Rev. Thomas Reid, of Newark, B. A. at Philadelphia-college, to the degree of M. A. in this college.

David Rittenhouſe, M. A. at Philadelphia-college, *ad eundem* in this college.

The Rev. Henry Hunter, of London, M. A. to the degree of Doctor in divinity.

The Rev. John Adam, of Greenoch, in North-Britain, M. A. to the degree of Doctor in divinity.

Mr. Bradford then pronounced a valedictory oration, on "the diſadvantages of an unequal diſtribution of property in a ſtate;" and the Preſident concluded the whole with prayer.

The exerciſes, both in the forenoon and afternoon, were preceded and cloſed with vocal muſick, by a ſelect number of the ſtudents.

The aſſembly was numerous, learned and polite, conſiſting of perſons of rank and fortune from almoſt all, even the moſt diſtant provinces on the continent; and who will doubtleſs do real juſtice to the merit of the ſpeakers, and the preſent ſtate of the college.

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DOUGLAS, HERON, AND Co.

HAVE imported in the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, and the St. Andrew, Capt. Ritchie, from Glaſgow, a neat Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which they will ſell at their Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second ſtreets, very reaſonable, for Caſh or ſhort Credit.

Weſt New-Jerſey, Glouceſter, Oct. 10, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of JOHN FORREST, *jun.* now confined in the county goal of Glouceſter, that purſuant to an inſolvent act of this province, the Court have appointed the 11th day of November next, for the creditors of the ſaid John Forreſt, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of his eſtate and effects ſhould not be then made, and his body diſcharged from confinement.

TO BE SOLD TO ANY EMPLOY,

THE Time of a SERVANT MAN, who has three years and an half to ſerve: He is very ſtrong and healthy, and acquainted with country buſineſs, driving a carriage, taking care of or breaking horſes, or waiting on a Gentleman, or in a family. Enquire of the Printer.

A PIECE of 7-8ths IRISH LINEN, marked, Invoice 53, letters b. g. 1-half, was ſtopped in the hands of a perſon, who has made a practice for ſome weeks paſt, of fraudulently obtaining goods in this city. Any perſon claiming the above deſcribed Linen, will pleaſe apply to Hugh James, at the bar of the London Coffee-houſe.

Juſt imported in the Elizabeth and Mary, Capt. Sparks, from London, in the Polly and Hannah from Hull, and in the laſt veſſels from Liverpool and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

RANDLE MITCHELL,

At his Store in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, ſhort or long credit, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers,

A General Aſſortment of FALL GOODS; in which are, Coarſe Woollens and Blankets of all kinds, coarſe and middling Broadcloths, Stuffs, Hoſiery, Haberdaſhery, Cutlery, Nails, Steel, Shot and Gunpowder, Frying-pans, Pewter, Window-glaſs, Madder, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, &c.

JOSEPH DEAN,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, and the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, a general Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on very low terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, at his Store, in Front-ſtreet, about mid-way between Market and Cheſtnut ſtreets.

THOMAS WEST,

In Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Market-ſtreet,

HAS imported in the laſt veſſels from London, &c. A large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be ſold, wholeſale and retail, at a very low price; among which are, ſuperfine, ſuper, middling and low priced broadcloths, fine foreſt ditto, coatings, blankets and rugs, with a general Aſſortment of coarſe woollens; a large Aſſortment of ſilks, mens' green and cloth coloured velvet caps, &c. &c.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

GEORGE DAVIS,

A Neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

JOHN MASON, UPHOLDER,

In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Market-ſtreet,

CARRIES on the UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS, in all its branches, and will be much obliged to thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen that will pleaſe to employ him.

Said MASON has for ſale, a beautiful aſſortment of the beſt Wilton Floor Carpeting. Likewiſe, Matraſs Beds, Rugs and Blankets, Sacking Bottoms, Cotton Counterpanes, Glaſs and Queen's Ware, &c. &c. all of which ſaid MASON will ſell very low for caſh or ſhort credit.

N. B. Upholſtery Work done with care and diſpatch.

BOYLE AND GLEN,

HAVE imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a neat and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which they will ſell at their Store in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door above Walnut-ſtreet, on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or the uſual credit.

WATCHES, OF VARIOUS PRICES,

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD by

JOHN WOOD, CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,

In Front-ſtreet, at the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet;

WHERE is done all kinds of Clock and Watch-Work with care and diſpatch. He has for ſale, ſome neat and good Philadelphia made Watches; alſo, all kinds of Clock and Watch Tools and Materials.

WILLIAM BARRELL,

HATH imported in the very laſt ſhips from London, &c. a very large and moſt complete Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to all ſeaſons, but particularly adapted to the preſent and approaching; all which he is determined to ſell by Wholeſale and Retail, on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his New Store, the north-eaſt corner of Market and Second ſtreets.

ROBERT AND JOHN PROUD,

HAVE juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from Europe, a neat Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which they have for ſale, at their Store in Second-ſtreet, next door above the Church.

WAS taken up on Sunday laſt, by the Subſcriber and is now lying on Hamilton's wharf, a ſmall, SKIFF. The owner may have it again, by proving his property and paying charges.

THOMAS E. WALLACE.

A. CALDWELL AND J. WILSON,

HAVE imported by the laſt veſſels from England, a large Aſſortment of yard wide, 7-8ths and 3-4ths IRISH LINENS, with ſundry other Goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.—They have alſo for ſale, Window Glaſs, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, and 10 by 12; 4*d.* 6*d.* 8*d.* 10*d.* 12*d.* and 20*d.* nails; ſeveral cables and rigging of all ſizes; crates of plain, enamelled and penciled ſtone and Queen's ware; canvas, No. 1 to 8; bottle corks, and old Madeira wine of the beſt quality.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, a large Aſſortment of Coarſe, Fine and Superfine BROADCLOTHS, Bath Coatings, Duffils, Freezes, Bearſkins, Indian and Roſe Blankets, Shalloons, Calimancoes, &c. &c.

N. B. He has alſo for ſale, a large Aſſortment of other GOODS, lately imported from Britain.

A VENDUE

For the public SALE of all ſorts of MERCHANDIZE, is kept every WEEK ON FRIDAY, and frequently on SATURDAY, by

WILLIAM SITGREAVES,

At his VENDUE-STORE, the upper end of Second-ſtreet,

THOSE who pleaſe to favour him with the Sale of any GOODS, which they have to diſpoſe of in that way, may depend on his beſt endeavours to pleaſe them.

There has lately been put into his care, by ſundry perſons, a large, freſh and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS; among which are, a parcel of Woollens, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, and may be had cheap for caſh, at his Store in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the ſign of the Indian-King, where he receives Goods to ſell at Vendue.

LENNOX AND TURNBULL,

Have juſt imported in the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, Captain OSBORNE, from LONDON,

A NEAT and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be diſpoſed of on the moſt reaſonable terms, the fourth door below Cheſtnut-Street, in Second-Street.——They have likewiſe a few Crates of PLAIN and ENAMELLED QUEEN'S WARE, juſt arrived from Liverpool.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

NEWARK, *Sept.* 15, 1772.

MADE his eſcape from the Conſtable, a certain JOHN DOLAN, a ſhort ſet fellow, upwards of twenty years of age, has dark brown hair, a wide mouth, large noſe, is a bold impudent fellow, much given to ſtrong drink, and is very apt to ſwear. Had on when he made his eſcape, a brown jacket lined with ſtriped lincey, or a ſtriped jacket under it, coarſe white ſhirt and trowſers, good ſhoes and ſtockings. Any perſon that will apprehend ſaid fellow, ſhall have the above reward paid by

JOHN DODDS, Conſtable.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely Young NEGRO WOMAN, uſed to all ſorts of houſework, and will ſuit town or country. Enquire of WILLIAM BALL, living in Market-ſtreet, three doors below Meſſ. Hall and Sellers's Printing-Office.

Said WILLIAM BALL carries on the Silverſmith and Jeweller's trades, as uſual, and has for ſale, a new eight day clock, with a neat mahogany caſe, ſilver and ſtone buckles of all ſorts, diamond and common rings, ear-rings, hair-pins, plain and ſet ſleeve buttons, in gold and ſilver, ſilver ſalts, pepper and muſtard caſtors, cream pots, tea and coffee pots, ſugar diſhes, a neat dreſs ſword, wine cocks, a neat bottle crane, with a cock, ſpoons and tea tongs, childrens' whiſtles and bells, lockets and coral beads, plated ſpurs, ſilver watches, ſeals and chains, ſilver and Pinchbeck, ſteel top thimbles, chaſed tweeſer caſes, &c. Likewiſe regulated money ſcales and weights, in wainſcot, mahogany, and ſhagreen caſes, caſt clock faces, heads and dolphins, clock bells, large and ſmall crucibles, watch main ſprings, glaſſes, pendants, verges, dial-plates, inſide chains, keys, clock and watch hands, magnifying glaſſes, ſmall ſcrew plates, borax, blow pipes, white and red foil, buckle and button ſtones, garnet ditto, miniature glaſſes, corals for childrens' whiſtles, Jewellers bruſhes, paper ſnuff-boxes, ſhoe and knee chapes and tongs, &c. &c.—Alſo, a parcel of coarſe and fine blankets, and the remains of a dry goods ſtore. All the above articles will be ſold as cheap as can poſſibly be afforded, and the ſilver warranted to be good.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, living in Penn-Street, below the Bird-in-Hand Wharf, the 28th of September, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named JAMES BELL; about eighteen or nineteen years of age, and about five feet 7 or 8 inches high; of a pale complexion and very ſlim; has light brown hair. Had on when he went away, a half worn beaver hat, check ſhirt, a light coloured coat of fuſtian, white nankeen jacket, white cotton ſtockings, new ſhoes; and carried away two check ſhirts and all his working clothes.——Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above Reward and all reaſonable charges, paid by

FRAZER KINSLEY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.

THE Subſcriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has bought and repaired the FULLING MILL, that formerly belonged to Jonathan Strange in Newcaſtle county, Chriſtiana Hundred, about five miles from Wilmington, up Brandewyne; where he intends carrying on the Fulling Buſineſs in its different branches. All thoſe that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their work well done, and with diſpatch.——They that propoſe ſending their work by water, are deſired to leave it at Daniel Byrne's mill, on Brandewyne, or at John Yarnel's in Wilmington, oppoſite the Upper Market-houſe, two doors above Mary Harvey's ſtore, where care will be taken thereof.

CHRISTOPHER HOLLINGSWORTH.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 30th, 1772.

Æquè pauperibus prodeſt, locupletibus æque,
Æquè neglectum pueris ſenibuſque nocebit. HOR.

THE Inhabitants of Lancaſter, York, Reading, and parts adjacent, are requeſted to take notice, that in conſequence of the earneſt and repeated ſolicitations of ſeveral perſons labouring under diſorders of their eyes and ears, and whoſe particular circumſtances and ſituation preclude them from the benefit of applying for help at Philadelphia;

DOCTOR GRAHAM, OCULIST and AURIST,

Propoſes to be at Lancaſter on Sunday the 1ſt of November next, from thence he will go to York-Town on Monday the 9th: He will return to Lancaſter on the 12th, and continue there two days longer; on the 15th, he propoſes to be at Reading; and at his houſe in Philadelphia again on Tueſday the 17th of the ſame month; at all which places, he may be conſulted in all the diſorders of the eye and its appendages, and in every ſpecies of deafneſs, thickneſs of hearing, ulcerations, noiſe in the ears, &c.——Thoſe perſons likewiſe who have had the unſpeakable misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and thoſe who labour under any impediment in their ſpeech, by applying perſonally, will, probably, be aſſiſted.

Thoſe perſons whoſe eyes are utterly periſhed or ſunk in their head, may have the deformity removed by artificial eyes, ſo curiouſly fixed and adapted to the orbits, as to have (in appearance) the beauties, motion, &c. of the natural eye in its healthy ſtate.

The ſtructure and diſeaſes of thoſe tender, ſympathetic, and nearly connected organs, to which nature has aſſigned the moſt important offices of life, have, for many years particularly engaged his attention and practice; whence, regardleſs of vague conjectural hypotheſes, he hath deduced, on rational principles, methods of cure, improved and confirmed by the moſt accurate obſervations, in a courſe of practice the moſt extenſive, and, perhaps, the moſt ſucceſsful of any of his cotemporaries in Europe, or on this vaſt continent. The candid and intelligent inhabitants of theſe parts of the Britiſh colonies, can readily diſtinguiſh true merit from pretended knowledge: To conciliate therefore their favour, Dr. Graham begs leave to aſſure them, that, with tenderneſs and moderation, even to the pooreſt individual, his beſt abilities ſhall, at all times, be exerted to ſerve them.

Since his arrival in this city in November 1771, four hundred and ſeventy patients have been cured, or relieved of the following diſorders, many of which had been of very long ſtanding, and deemed altogether incurable by others of the faculty, even by Gentlemen, who, otherwiſe, do honour to the profeſſion, the ſucceſs attending their practice ſufficiently evincing, that they are worthy and capable of the great—the important charge, with which they are entruſted. The chief diſorders are as follow, viz.—Total, partial, and periodical blindneſs; weakneſs and dimneſs of ſight; ſquinting; pain, ſwelling, and inflammation of the eyes; ſpots, ſpecks, or films, occaſioned by the ſmall-pox, blows, or extraneous ſubſtances; weak, watry, red, ſpongy, and ulcerated eye-lids; falling off of the hairs of the eye-laſhes, ſpaſmodic twitchings; involuntary weeping of the tears; tumours and excreſcences; *fiſtulæ lachrymales.*—Total and periodical deafneſs; hardneſs of hearing; pain and inflammations; painful ſenſations in conſequence of loud ſounds; cracking, itching, continual and remitting noiſes and ſounds in the ears; offenſive runnings occaſioned by colds, ſwelling, ſwimming, picking and improper applications, or by long and ſevere ſickneſſes; inſects and extraneous ſubſtances getting into the ears; ulcerations with caries of the bones; polypi, &c.——and ſeveral perſons born deaf and dumb, who have made very conſiderable advances in ſpeaking and hearing, inſomuch, that perfect cures will, probably be effected.

Thoſe who have occaſion for aſſiſtance, are deſired to apply immediately, for buſineſs in Philadelphia will require his attendance, as uſual, at his houſe the corner of Fifth and Market ſtreets, on Tueſday the 17th of November.

On Wedneſday evening the 4th of November, a LECTURE will be delivered at Lancaſter, on that curious and moſt important Organ the EYE: a SYLLABUS of the LECTURE may be had at the Doctor's apartments; and thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, particularly the faculty, who may chooſe to favour him with their company, will be pleaſed to ſend thither for TICKETS of admittance.

N. B. The poor who apply properly recommended, will be aſſiſted gratis, with advice, medicines, or manual operations, as their reſpective caſes may require, and they are deſired to apply every morning between the hours of ſix and eight.

WE the Subſcribers, take this method of informing the Public, that a ſtage is now carried on between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Wilmington and Charles-Town: The advantages that will attend this ſtage, we hope will induce every perſon that wants a quick diſpatch to Baltimore, to favour us with their cuſtom. As Wilmington is ſituated on Chriſtiana, two miles from Delaware River, and Charles Town on North-Eaſt River, eight from the mouth of Elk River, we ſhall never be detained by contrary winds, which is frequently the caſe with other ſtages. Foudrey and Buſh's ſtage leaves the Crooked-Billet wharf, in Philadelphia, every Wedneſday, and returns every Friday: Patrick Hamilton's ſtage waggon leaves Charles-Town every Thurſday, and returns every Friday from Wilmington; and his Packet leaves Charles-Town every Saturday, and returns every Wedneſday. Paſſengers pay from Philadelphia to Wilmington, Two Shillings; from Wilmington to Charles-Town, Five Shillings; from Charles-Town to Baltimore, Four Shillings. Goods are received in Philadelphia by Meſſieurs Edwards and Marris, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharf.

PATRICK HAMILTON.
FOUDREY AND BUSH.

Juſt imported from London, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain Iſaac All, by

OWEN BIDDLE,

A Neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he has for ſale on the very loweſt terms, at his Store in Market-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet.

N. B. He expects a more general aſſortment by the other European veſſels.—Such perſons who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on the beſt uſage and moſt grateful acknowledgments.

OCTOBER, 1772. VOL. II. NUMB. 53.

THE Pennſylvania Packet

AND THE GENERAL ADVERTISER.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 26th, 1772.

Quicquid agunt Homines, noſtri eſt Farrago Libelli. JUVENAL.

FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA PACKET.

IN this growing city, ſo abundantly bleſſed with *the dew of heaven and the fatneſs of the earth*, it is matter for ſorrowful reflection to obſerve the great inattention that is paid to the morals of our young people; and it is certainly worthy of enquiry to what cauſes the great prevalence of vice and immorality among us may be attributed. Can it be more properly accounted for, than by looking thro' this town and ſuburbs at the vaſt number of taverns and places of public reſort, which are ſet up with no other view than to encourage riot and extravagance, and ſerve the purpoſes of diſſipation? Parents, it is true, have a natural authority over their children, which, if properly exerted, might in a great meaſure prevent the pernicious conſequences, which muſt inevitably reſult from their frequenting ſuch places; but this, through neglect or weak indulgence, is too often not only given up, but their unhappy children are ſo liberally ſupplied with money, that they become the prey, and are left at the mercy of a ſet of wretches, whoſe only dependance is on what they obtain from the ruin of others. In the inſtitution of government, this defection in the parent was foreſeen, and the civil magiſtrate was appointed, not only for the protection of property, but for a purpoſe vaſtly more important to ſociety, the preſervation of virtue, and the ſuppreſſion of vice, and inveſted with an authority ſufficiently ample for every purpoſe intended by it. By whoſe licence then, will ſome aſk, are ſo many taverns eſtabliſhed! They ſurely cannot be with the conſent of thoſe very men, who are honoured with that important truſt. I would forbear too general reflections: I know there are worthy men in the *Commiſſion*, who only want the ſupport of their brethren in a more ſtrict performance of their duty; but I would requeſt their ſerious conſideration of the important nature of the truſt repoſed in them, and how far the ſupineneſs of others can juſtify them in omitting the diſcharge of their duty with that reſolution and firmneſs which the degeneracy of the times ſo evidently requires, and in which they may depend on the hearty ſupport of every good citizen. Some others I would aſk, whether they eſteem the offices they hold, merely as diſtinguiſhing marks of honour; or, as having duties annexed to them, on the honeſt diſcharge of which, the preſent and future welfare of the people, and, may I not add, the peace of their own conſciences, very much depend. I would not decry the employment of an innkeeper, I really think him who keeps an orderly houſe, and whoſe doors are only open to thoſe whoſe real occaſions lead them into them, a uſefull member of the community. In a much leſs favourable light, I look on thoſe, whoſe houſes are not only open to ſuch, but alſo in common to every one, who being arrived at the years of manhood, they think have a right to ſpend their money in the manner they chuſe, either in drinking, gaming, or any other faſhionable way of ruining themſelves. But can we ever ſufficiently deteſt the principles of thoſe whoſe only inducement in following that employment, is to draw in thoſe of all ranks and ages, who from the ſituation of their houſes, can have no buſineſs in them, but the gratification of the moſt deſtructive paſſions; including ſuch, wherever ſituate, who ſhut not their doors againſt our beardleſs bucks and ſchool boys, who have ſcarcely forgot the uſe of a pap ſpoon. Thoſe abominable houſes are too frequently the avenues to every vice; from theſe, the road is eaſily and too commonly found, even by the youngeſt, to the ſcenes of lewdneſs, debauchery, diſeaſe and ruin, with which the environs of this city very much abound, and from theſe to the breach of every duty and the commiſſion of every enormity. If there is to be a day of retribution. If theſe diſorders—this depravity in the morals of our youth, have been in anywiſe occaſioned by the connivance or remiſſneſs of thoſe, whoſe duty it was in the paternal or magiſterial character, to have exerted themſelves for the ſuppreſſion of vice in every appearance—what muſt be their reflections, when every thing here ſhall be indifferent to them, and nothing afford real ſatisfaction, but a happy conſciouſneſs of having endeavoured, according to our abilities in our ſeveral allotments in life, to honeſtly diſcharge the duties we owe to the ſupreme being and to our fellow creatures?

A CITIZEN.

◆

PHILADELPHIA, *Oct.* 21.

On Friday evening, the following ADDRESS was preſented to the Repreſentatives of the city and county of Philadelphia, in General Aſſembly, by a Committee of a number of inhabitants of ſaid city and county.

To ISRAEL JACOBS, HENRY PAWLING, JONATHAN ROBERTS, MICHAEL HILLEGAS, SAMUEL RHOADS, JOSEPH KING, JOSEPH PARKER, *and* GEORGE GRAY, *Eſquires, Repreſentatives of the county; and* SAMUEL SHOEMAKER, *and* THOMAS MIFFLIN, *Eſquires; Burgeſſes of the city of Philadelphia,*

The ADDRESS of a number of Freemen of the county and city aforeſaid.

GENTLEMEN,

WE ſincerely congratulate you, in behalf of ourſelves, and others, our fellow-citizens and countrymen, on your Election to repreſent us in General Aſſembly for the preſent year; and though we have the higheſt opinion of your abilities and integrity, and doubt not but you will exert your utmoſt endeavours to promote every meaſure, which may tend to further the happineſs of the community, permit us, nevertheleſs, to recommend to your attention the following ſubjects, as matters, either directly in themſelves, or in their conſequences, moſt likely to ſap the liberties of our happy conſtitution.

And Firſt; Acts of Aſſembly have been paſſed, without giving the people an opportunity of hearing the purport of them, or offering their objections (if any) nor can they poſſibly know, who have or have not juſtly repreſented them, except by private intelligence; and, as we humbly conceive the people have an indubitable right to know how their buſineſs is tranſacted in the Houſe, we expect that our worthy Repreſentatives will coincide in opinion with us, that their conſtituents are entitled to have free acceſs there, or that ſuch methods ſhall be taken to give them ſatisfaction, as to the wiſdom of the Houſe ſhall ſeem meet.

Secondly; The Exciſe Act, paſſed laſt year, we apprehend to be oppreſſive, partial, and unconſtitutional in itſelf, and no leſs ſubverſive of the liberty of the ſubject, and dangerous in its conſequences. Oppreſſive, as it is a heavy tax upon the middling and poorer claſs of the inhabitants. Partial, as the importer may evade the payment of one farthing for what he conſumes. Unconſtitutional, as a perſon is compelled, at the pleaſure of the exciſe officer, to ſwear, or be otherwiſe qualified, for or againſt himſelf. Subverſive of liberty, in that the officer may by a warrant, upon ſuſpicion only, break open any houſe, cellar or ſtore. Dangerous, inaſmuch as it is a prelude to other laws of the like tendency, ſo juſtly deteſtable to every Engliſhman. Whereas we humbly preſume, if the Legiſlature thought proper to lay Two-pence per Gallon, at moſt, upon the importation of Spirituous Liquors, it would raiſe more money, and require fewer officers; and poſſibly, if the law remains as it is, and the people ſit quiet under it, the Government at Home may think proper to lay a duty upon the importation.

Thirdly; Reſpecting the late Act for ſtamping of Leather; we apprehend it contains the foregoing evils, or greater, as the officer is impowered to enter any part of a houſe, barely on ſuſpicion, without a warrant, by night or day; and upon the whole, we are convinced, that no advantage accrues either to the Government or People; it particularly oppreſſes the poor, by ſhoes being conſiderably advanced in price, and is ſo apparently iniquitous, as to need no comment.

Fourthly; The impropriety and inutility of erecting a fortification on Mud-Iſland; at ſuch a diſtance, and ſo ſituated, with regard to the city, as renders it almoſt impracticable to ſuccour and ſupport it in time of danger; add to this, that, agreeable to the propoſed plan, if it is ever compleated, it muſt be at an immenſe expence, and if garriſoned afterwards, at a large additional one; and which we have no doubt you will conceive with us to be inadequate to the abilities of a province, already labouring under very heavy taxes; and we hope will have ſuch weight with you, that you will not conſent to grant any further ſum for that purpoſe.

Fifthly; As the ſubject for a Loan-Office has been frequently conſidered in the Houſe, it may perhaps be needleſs to mention the utility and great advantages, which, we are convinced, would ariſe therefrom, both as a medium of exchange, and to the further improvement of the province. We, therefore, firmly hope, you will do your utmoſt to bring in and ſupport the ſame; and that every reaſonable mode for eſtabliſhing one, may meet with your warmeſt concurrence.

Gentlemen, your candour and good ſenſe will apologize for the freedom we have taken, in pointing out theſe grievances, which you would otherwiſe have naturally adverted to, and conſequently would have ſought redreſs:—But we conceived it would give you pleaſure to know the ſenſe of your conſtituents. We ſhall no longer take up your attention, but conclude with our warmeſt wiſhes, that your efforts may be attended with the moſt happy conſequences.

We are, GENTLEMEN,
With the greateſt Regard,
Your very reſpectful Conſtituents.

Signed, by Order of the Committee.
JOSEPH STILES, CHAIRMAN.

To which they returned the following ANSWER.

GENTLEMEN,

WE ſincerely thank you for the ſentiments you have expreſſed on our Election to repreſent you in General Aſſembly: And the Freeholders and other Electors of the city and county of Philadelphia, may reſt aſſured, that we will, on all occaſions, uſe our beſt endeavours to promote the true intereſt of the Province.

◆

ALL PERSONS Indebted to the Eſtate of RICHARD PARKER, deceaſed, late of this city, Merchant, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, to prevent their accounts being put into the hands of an Attorney, and thoſe that have any demands againſt the eſtate are deſired to ſend them in that they may be adjuſted and paid by

LYDIA PARKER, Executrix.
JEREM. WARDER,
JOSEPH PARKER,
JERE. WARDER, *jun.*
JOHN WARDER, } Executors.

N. B. A Large and Good Aſſortment of Merchandize to be ſold cheap for caſh, by LYDIA PARKER, at her houſe in Third-ſtreet, between Market, and Arch-ſtreet.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from LONDON, LIVERPOOL, and BRISTOL, and to be SOLD on very REASONABLE TERMS, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his Store in Water-ſtreet, the firſt door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet.

A NEAT and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the preſent ſeaſon.

Juſt Imported in the BRITANNIA, Captain FALCONER, and now opening for ſale, at the ſtore of

JAMES WARREN,

In the houſe of *Edmund Kearney*, in Front-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſtnut-ſtreet,

A LARGE and neat aſſortment of SUPERFINE and SECOND BROADCLOTHS, *Superfine double mill'd drabs, Beaver Coatings, &c.* with ſuitable trimmings.

TO BE SOLD,

On the Premiſes, by Public Vendue, on the 5th of November, enſuing, by the Subſcriber, in Eaſt Caln Townſhip, Cheſter County,

A PLANTATION containing 123 Acres of good land, well watered and timbered, 70 acres of it good watered cleared meadow, and much more may be made, as there is ſeveral good ſtreams of water running thro' the ſaid land. There is alſo a piece of ſwamp ſufficient to mud all the cleared land on the ſaid farm, ſuppoſed to be equal to marſh. The ſale will begin at 12 o'clock, and reaſonable credit given by,

JOHN CALBERTSON.

FOR MORE NEW ADVERTISEMENTS SEE THE FOURTH PAGE.

By the ſhip BRITANNIA, *Captain* FALCONER, *from* LONDON, *we have the following advices.*

COPENHAGEN, *Aug.* 4.

THE King, having been informed that a great ſcarcity of corn is felt in the four governments of Norway, has given orders for immediately ſending thither 3500 tons of wheat, to be diſtributed among the moſt neceſſitous of his ſubjects there. His Majeſty has likewiſe ordered 2000 tons of corn to be taken from the Admiralty magazines, and ſold to the poor inhabitants of this city at a very low rate; in conſequence of which, the Magiſtrates of this place have given public notice, that ſuch perſons as intend to take the benefit of the above order, ſhould appear at the Town-hall, at a certain hour, to give in their names.

Naples, July 16. A woman in this capital brought lately to a curate of one of the pariſhes a baſket which ſhe delivered to the domeſtics, together with a letter to be given to the curate, and ſaid ſhe would call ſoon for an anſwer; on the curate's arrival, the baſket (which was ſuppoſed to contain a preſent) was opened, when there appeared nothing in it but a dried ſkull and ſome ſtones, the latter ſuppoſed to be put in to make it appear weighty. The curate then opened the letter, and read as follows: "Mr. Curate, renounce your avarice, no longer fleece the poor, and take great heed how you behave yourſelf for the future, otherwiſe, the firſt opportunity, you ſhall make a ſimilar Figure with this ſkull. Think of this and tremble!"

Dunkirk, Aug. 5. An Arret du Concile arrived here the other day, empowering the Corporation and Board of trade of this town to raiſe two hundred and twenty thouſand livres, in order to defray the expences of repairing our quay and the great tower, and likewiſe the canals of Fuernes and St. Omer's.

Warſaw, Aug. 5. The inhabitants of this city are enjoined to provide themſelves with proviſions for three months. As to the reſt, we pay very little regard to the Auſtrian General Haddick's Univerſalia, addreſſed to the officer of the King's ſalt-works, who are much more diſpoſed to obey the orders of the treaſury board, by ſending here all his Majeſty's revenues. One thing that cauſes great aſtoniſhment here; is, that by order of Mr. Zamoyſky, Waywode of Podolia, the town of Zamoſe, the moſt important of our fortreſſes, has been delivered up to the Auſtrian troops, who have not yet entered Lemberg.

Dantzick, Aug. 5. The Auſtrian infantry in the environs of this city become more numerous every day; but the ſcarcity of forage has obliged General Haddick to diſperſe his cavalry in different places.

The Ruſſians importune the farmers to cut down their corn in the environs of Warſaw. It is preſumed, that their intention is to form a camp around that capital.

Copenhagen, Aug. 8. By the publication of the treaty, concluded between Admiral Hoogland and the Dey of Algiers, we have learnt the following particulars of the late agreement: The King of Denmark obliges himſelf to pay to the Regency of Algiers 50,000 Algerine ſequins (which are equal to 240,000 florins) 30,000 of which are for the renewal of the treaty, and 20,000 for the ranſom of thirty Daniſh ſlaves; beſides which, they are to have 4 braſs mortars, and 400 bombs; 40 iron cannon, 20 of which of 24 pound ball, and the ſame number of 18, and 4000 balls, in proportion to their caliber; 500 quintals of powder, 50 large maſts, and as many cables; 5000 quintals of ſmall cordage, and 1060 planks of the firmeſt oak. The annual preſents to be continued as heretofore. And, laſtly, they have releaſed, for 7200 ſequins, nine Daniſh ſlaves, who were the property of ſome private perſons.

Amſterdam, Aug. 13. A copy of the following letter from Conſul Roſſignol, at Larrache, dated the 14th of laſt month, to Conſul Nagel, at Cadiz, is handed about here.

"I have obtained a ſuſpenſion of all hoſtilities for ſix months, reckoning from the firſt of this month, to the laſt day of December, in order to bring about, during that interval, an accommodation between the two Courts. Although this ſuſpenſion is ſtipulated only for ſix months, yet I believe it may hold for ten, as the corſairs never go out of the ports before May or June.

"Not one of theſe corſairs can actually put to ſea, without being furniſhed with a paſſport under my hand. You will oblige me, ſir, if you will be ſo kind as to communicate this news to the Conſuls on the coaſts of Spain, Portugal, and Italy, that they may regulate their conduct accordingly.

Copenhagen, Aug. 18. By advices from Helſinbourg, in Sweden, we are informed, that the garriſon of Chriſtianſtadt had revolted a few days before, that they had prevailed on the inhabitants of that town to join them; and that they had renounced all obedience to the different orders of the ſtate. Prince Charles, the King of Sweden's brother, is in Scania, where he has aſſembled and put himſelf at the head of 4000 men, with which he is marched towards Chriſtianſtadt.

Stockholm, Auguſt 18. This day the States were aſſembled in Pleno extraordinary, when an extract of the Secret Committee's Protocol was read, containing an account, that the garriſon of Chriſtianſtadt in Schonen had revolted, and made itſelf maſter of the fortreſs, headed by one Hellichius, a Captain in the ſaid garriſon; and that, as this affair may have dangerous conſequences, the Secret Committee has, for the better ſecurity of this capital, ordered one battalion of the regiment of Upland, and one of that of Sudermania, to march hither, and the cavalry of the Burghers to patrole in the night. Senator Funck and General Pecklin are alſo ſent down to Schonen, impowered to aſſemble the troops, and take ſuch meaſures as ſhall be found neceſſary to reduce the revolted garriſon and reſtore the public tranquility.

Several of the members of the Secret Committee having abſented themſelves for a long time, new ones have been elected in their places; among which are General Pecklin, Count Dohna, Baron Gronhagen, Baron Bror Cederſtrom, Lieutenant Colonels Peter Schonſtrom and Vicken.

Stockholm, Auguſt 21. Yeſterday morning a paper was laid upon the table, in one of the apartments the palace, for all thoſe to ſubſcribe who are willing to ſwear fidelity to the King; and it is ſaid that the number of ſubſcribers has been very large.

Stockholm, Auguſt 22. Yeſterday being the day when the form of government, ſworn to by the King, the 29th of May, and by the States the 1ſt of June, was to be aboliſhed, and a new one to be produced in a Plenum Plenorum of all the Orders, a large detachment of guards was ordered to take poſſeſſion of the ſquare where the houſe of Nobles ſtands; and the palace was inveſted on all ſides with troops, and cannon were placed in the court near the hall where the States were aſſembled.

The ſcene was opened by a ſpeech from the throne: his Majeſty had in his hand the ſilver hammer of Guſtavus Adolphus, with which he made the ſignal for ſilence, an office uſually performed by a Senator, but none were preſent. His Majeſty concluded his ſpeech by aſſuring the Plenum, that he did not deſire the ſovereignty, and would take a ſolemn oath to renounce it, which he immediately did.

His Majeſty then ordered the new form of government to be read to them by a Secretary of Reviſion. This piece conſiſts of about forty articles; the eſſential ones are,

1ſt, The King to chuſe the Senate himſelf.

2dly, His Majeſty is to call the States together when he pleaſes, and to ſeparate them alſo when he pleaſes, after three months.

3dly, The contributions are to be given by the States; but if not granted within three months, the old ones are to remain: in caſe of invaſion, or preſſing neceſſity, his Majeſty may impoſe ſome taxes for raiſing money 'till the States can be aſſembled.

4thly, When the States are aſſembled, they are to deliberate upon nothing but what his Majeſty pleaſes to lay before them.

5thly, His Majeſty has the ſole diſpoſition of the army, navy, and finances, and of all employments civil and military.

As ſoon as the whole of this piece was read through, his Majeſty aſked the Plenum if they would give him their oath to obſerve this form of government; which being anſwered in the affirmative, he required them immediately to ſwear to it, which they did accordingly. His Majeſty then required the ſpeakers of the reſpective orders to come to the table and ſign and ſeal the new form.

After all this ceremony was over, the King ſtood up and ſaid, that it was proper to thank Almighty God for his aſſiſtance, in bringing about ſo happy an event, and pulling a Pſalm book out of his pocket, he began to ſing the *Te Deum*, in which he was accompanied by the Aſſembly.

His Majeſty then permitted the ſtates to kiſs his hand, after which he left the room, and the ſtates ſeparated without knowing whether they were to meet again or not. This depends on his Majeſty's pleaſure.

LONDON, *Aug.* 12.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, Aug. 7.

"About five years ago a Greek gentleman, named Gregory Suffras, came from Iſpahan, in Perſia, and brought with him an extraordinary large diamond, weighing 779 carats, which he depoſited in the bank here till he could meet with a purchaſer, and has lately ſold it to the Empreſs of Ruſſia for 1,200,000 florins, which is upwards of 100,000l. ſterling, and an annual penſion of 4000 rubles; and about the middle of laſt July, this valuable jewel was ſhipped on board a veſſel for Peterſburg, which paſſed the Sound the 21ſt of laſt month. 550,000 florins were inſured on it in this country, and the ſame ſum in London.

Aug. 13. It has been declared, that the Court of Aldermen (if Meſſrs. Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend ſhould be the perſons returned by the Livery for the enſuing Lord Mayor) are determined to let Mr. Wilkes have his ſeniority, and have done with him.

Aug. 15. Letters from Liſbon, by the laſt Mail, ſay, that the Engliſh Merchants reſiding there, are treated in ſo contemptuous a manner by the Portugueſe, that many of them are preparing to leave the place: The letters further ſay, that they have been greatly injured in their trade and property by the Portugueſe, of which they have complained divers times, but can get no redreſs, and ſome of them have been threatened with impriſonment, for their inſolence in daring to complain.

The trite adage of "All covet all loſe," was never more truly exemplified than in the fate of Mr Fordyce. At the ſame time that he had abſolutely realized conſiderably upwards of 100,000l. and was adviſed by his intimates to decline all farther ſpeculation in the ſtocks, he was ſo extraordinarily elevated by his ſucceſs, and ſo very ambitious of ſuperlative grandeur, that he declared to ſeveral of his friends, he had fortune chained to his ſide, and would never decline his purſuits till he had attained his ultimate object, that of being the richeſt ſubject in the world.

Aug. 18. We learn from St. John's, Newfoundland, that ſome French veſſels were lately condemned at Placentia, on account of illicit trade.

It is reported, that, beſides the Peerage already granted to Lord Hillſborough, his Lordſhip is to have a penſion of 1500l. per annum, on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment.

Aug. 20. They write from Madrid, that an account has been lately received there, of a dangerous inſurrection of the Indians and Negroes at Baldivia mines, in Chili, South-America, which was not ſuppreſſed when the expreſs came away.

Aug. 22. Two veſſels are arrived at Peterſburgh from Glaſgow, having on board a great number of iron cannon, caſt in Scotland for the ſervice of the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

Aug. 25. We learn from Madrid, that ſome of the principal fortifications in the iſland of Luconia, have lately been blown up, whether by accident or deſign, is not yet known.

They write from Liſbon, that advice has been received of the French having attacked ſome of the Portugueſe ſettlements on the African coaſt.

A petition has lately been preſented by the African Company, for a greater naval force to be kept in that coaſt, for the protection of their trade from the inſults of the French, Dutch, and Portugueſe.

Aug. 27. They write from Holland, that the Dutch Eaſt-India company have preſented an ample memorial to the States-General, in which they complain of the encroachments of the Engliſh in Bengal; particularly of engroſſing the Salt-petre trade, which hath always been a very conſiderable branch of the Dutch commerce in India.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Aug. 21.

"By advices from Warſaw we are informed, that M. de Salderen, Ambaſſador from Ruſſia to the King and the Republic of Poland, is upon the point of quitting that city on his return to Peterſbourg; great part of his baggage is already ſent away, and the reſt will follow immediately. It is pretended that his ſhort ſtay at Warſaw is occaſioned by the proud and haughty behaviour, which has rendered him odious to the Poles. It is not yet known who will ſucceed him, but Gen. Bibikow is to be the charge des affaires per interim, for the court of Ruſſia, at that of Warſaw.

Aug. 29. They write from Stockholm, that the King has given orders to raiſe a body of 6000 men in the northern provinces, and is paying the ſtricteſt attention to put both his military and marine forces on a reſpectable footing.

By a letter from Dantzick we learn, that 4000 of the Pruſſian army were lately quartered in that city, which was a great burthen to the inhabitants.

They write from Corke, that the Glorieux, a French man of war of 64 guns, was wrecked near the Bay of Bantry, and only the Captain and about 40 of the crew were ſaved.

Sept. 3. Orders are iſſued from the War Office to the officers of the ſeveral detachments of Marines, not to grant any furlows to their men.

The laſt ſhips which arrived from the Brazils at Liſbon, give a long detail of a dreadful conſpiracy, which broke out in that country. It was not ſuppreſſed but with great difficulty and effuſion of blood, there being killed in one engagement 272 of the conſpirators, and 100 wounded; and of the Portugueſe 14 killed, and 42 wounded.

A commiſſion of Oyer and Terminer yeſterday paſſed the Great Seal, authorizing and empowering the Governors of New-York and Connecticut, and others, named therein, to try any perſon or perſons, that may be taken in conſequence of the proclamation iſſued for apprehending any that were concerned in plundering and burning the Gaſpee Schooner.

Letters from Cadiz ſay, that the Artificers are working with great diligence in the ſeveral ſea-ports of Spain, on a number of veſſels, which when ready for ſea, are to be ſent to the Weſt-Indies.

The ſame accounts ſay, that nearly one third of the Shipwrights are Engliſhmen.

It is ſaid that the Earl of Harcourt will ſet out for Ireland the ſixth of next month; and ſoon after his arrival there, Lord Townſhend will return to England.

Orders are ſent to Portſmouth and Chatham, to work double tides in his Majeſty's dock-yards.—Some news from Jamaica is ſaid to be the cauſe of this.

A letter from Vienna mentions, that Lord Stormont, the Britiſh Ambaſſador there, was to ſet out from thence on his return to England in the courſe of this month. He will be replaced immediately by Colonel Keith.

They write from Vienna, that his Poliſh Majeſty ſent a very ſpirited Memorial to each of the Courts that have intereſted themſelves in his affairs, in which he pledged his honour, that if any attempt was made to diſmember his kingdom, he would oppoſe it while he could bring one ſoldier to the field; becauſe he conſidered it as the greateſt injuſtice to his ſubjects, after they had thrown themſelves into his protection, to ſuffer them tamely to fall under the dominion of another power without making reſiſtance.

The above letter adds, that it is in conſequence of theſe Memorials the new congreſs, for the affairs of Poland alone, has been propoſed, and is to be held.

FOR MORE LONDON NEWS SEE THE POSTSCRIPT.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where
Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

NEWBERN, (*North-Carolina*) *Sept.* 10.

Capt. Buſbee, in the ſloop Thomas, juſt arrived here from St. Martins, informs us, that off the Capes of Virginia, in about 13 fathom water, he came through a drift of candles, apples, and other things, for near two miles, which muſt have been part of the cargoes of ſome Northern veſſels; and that to the northward of Cape Hatteras, he ſaw four ſail of veſſels on ſhore.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 26.

On Tueſday evening the 20th inſt. died MR. EDWARD COKER, of the iſland of Barbados, who came here for the recovery of his health.

By Capt. Harran, from St Euſtatia, we are informed, that Capt. Carman, in a ſchooner belonging to this port, had put in there by diſtreſs of weather, after cutting away his maſts; and a brig belonging to Ireland that drove out of Montferrat, is put into St. Croix with the loſs of her mainmaſt.

Capt. Bohannan, from Virginia, on the 16th inſt. in lat. 37, long. 74, ſpoke a ſnow, Capt. Wilſon, from Glaſgow, bound to Virginia, out 10 weeks, and informs us that a ſnow which ſail'd from Virginia for Liverpool, 8 days before had ſprung a leak, and was obliged to put back to Virginia, and that the Arethuſia frigate was arrived there from New-York, alſo that the Glaſgow man of war, lying in Lynnhaven Bay, was ſtruck by a flaſh of lightning in a thunder guſt, which ſplit her foremaſt to pieces and ſprung her mainmaſt.

Capt. Collins, from Madera, ſpoke the following veſſels, viz. On the 12th ult. in lat. 31 : 32; long. 62, ſpoke a ſloop from New-London, for Barbados, and the ſame day ſpoke a brig, Capt. Miller, from Liverpool, for Baltimore, out 10 weeks: On the 29th, in lat. 36 : 30, long. 72 : 30, ſpoke a brig from Dominica, for New-York, out 20 days, and a brig Capt. Doubledee, from Cape Nicola Mole, for Boſton, out 19 days; the ſame day he ſaw a veſſel diſmaſted, appeared to be a ſingle deck'd brig, with a billet head, painted with a flower pot in her ſtern, her quarters red, green and yellow, and her ſides black; her decks were gone, and ſhe was full of water: Alſo the ſame day ſpoke the ſhip Dutcheſs of Gordon, from London for New-York, out 7 weeks: On the 11th inſtant, in lat. 37, long. 74, ſpoke a ſloop from Jamaica for New-York, out 48 days, but could not learn the maſter's name.

On Wedneſday laſt arrived here Capt. Falconer, from London, with whom came paſſengers Dr. PITT, of Virginia, Dr. TAYLOR, of Quebec, Mr. WILLIAM MITCHELL, Merchant, of this city, and Capt. THOMAS REID, of Newcaſtle County.

Capt. Campbell from London, ſpoke the following veſſels: On the 10th of September, in lat. 45 : 5, long. 30, ſpoke a brig, Capt. Thomas M'Holme, from Barbados for Liverpool, out 40 days: On the 6th inſtant, in lat. 38 : 22, long. 73 : 12, ſpoke a brig from Salem for Dominica, out 5 days, all well: On the 10th, in lat. 37 : 8, long. 73 : 30, ſpoke the brig Polly, Capt. Shields, from this port for Jamaica, out 2 days, all well; the ſame day he ſaw Capt. Robinſon, in a brig from this port for Jamaica and the Bay, and the ſhip Potowmack, Capt. James Bruce, from Glaſgow for Maryland, out 6 weeks, all well.

Capt. Caſtle from London ſpoke the following veſſels: On the 25th of September, in lat. 39, long. 63, ſpoke the brig Hetty, Capt. Davis, from Vigo for this port, out 65 days, who had loſt the head of his mainmaſt and ſprung his fore-top-maſt, and intended to get into Virginia, and on the 5th inſt. 15 leagues from our Capes, he ſpoke a ſhip, Capt. John Addis, from London for Virginia, out 30 days, all well.

Capt. Wilſon, from Hiſpaniola, on the 5th inſt. in lat. 35 : 49, long. 74 : 9, ſpoke Capt. Rogers, from the Grenades for this port, 13 days out.

By Capt. Souder from Georgia, which he left the 7th inſt. we are informed, that a brig, Capt. Oliver, from thence for the Bay of Honduras, foundered 3 days after ſhe left that port, but the Captain and part of the crew, with a woman paſſenger, got ſafe back there 2 days before Capt. Souder ſailed; but three of the crew, who went in a ſmall ſkiff, were miſſing: He ſailed in company with the ſchooner Savannah, Capt. Thompſon, for this port.

Capt. Kerlin from Falmouth, ſpoke the following veſſels: On the 17th of September, in lat. 32 : 18, long. 22 : 30, ſpoke a French brig from Rochell for Martinico, out 14 days: On the 13th inſt. in lat. 31 : 9, long. 67, ſpoke a ſchooner, Capt. Gilbert, from Bermudas for Antigua, out 3 days: On the 14th, in lat. 31 : 50, long. 69, ſpoke a ſchooner from New-York, out 5 days, but could not learn the Maſter's name; and on the 16th, in lat. 33 : 43, long. 71 : 6, ſpoke a brig from Virginia, for Glaſgow, out 4 days, but it blowing freſh could not learn the Maſter's name.

Capt. Cunningham, from Antigua, ſpoke the following veſſels, viz. On the 8th inſt. in lat. 24 : 20, long. 66 : 27, ſpoke a brig, Capt. Campbell, from Antigua, for Cape-Fear: On the 18th, in lat. 34 : 11, long. 74 : 38, ſpoke a ſloop from Briſtol, for North-Carolina, but it blowing hard could not learn the Maſter's name.

With Capt. Cunningham came paſſengers, Colonel LASLIE, and Lieutenant ELLISTON, of the 64th regiment.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Fort Pitt, to his Friend here.

"As there is a poſitive order to demoliſh Fort Pitt, the whole frontiers is open to ſavage generoſity; the people in general out of regard to their own ſafety, with the advice of the leading gentlemen, have fallen into the meaſure that was talked over by ſundry Gentlemen when I laſt ſaw you, to addreſs the Governor and Aſſembly for ſome troops to protect our trade and frontiers. As it is an affair which muſt concern not only the Inhabitants here, but every feeling heart; and being aſſured of your friendſhip, we now make bold to trouble you on this important occaſion, and ſollicit you to promote and forward the petition we now ſend down for that purpoſe."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Molly,	E. Rodgers,	Boſton.
Brig Venus,	J. Bennet,	Newcaſtle, on Del.
Brig Friendſhip,	P. Amiel,	Halifax.
Sloop Friendſhip,	P. Treeby,	Rhode-Iſland.
Schooner Dolphin,	N. Lawes,	Halifax.
Ship Britannia,	J. Brown,	Leogan.
Snow Anna,	J. Livingſton,	Cadiz.
Ship Lyon,	J. Hamilton,	Vigo.
Brig Betſy,	C. Jenkins,	St. Euſtatia.
Ship Newry Pack.	D. Campbell,	Ditto.
Brig Bolton,	J. Harr,	Barbados.
Schooner Polly,	J. Greely,	St. Lucia.
Schoon. Barbados,	H. Adamſon,	Barbados.
Sloop Polly,	C. Smith,	Hiſpaniola.
Brig Rachel,	E. Doane,	Madeira.
Brig Chance,	D. Harrow,	St. Euſtatia.
Sloop Sally,	T. Wilſon,	Hiſpaniola.
Ship Phœbe,	W. Caſſel,	London.
Ship Magdalen,	J. Wallis,	Glaſgow.
Ship Charm. Sally,	J. Cooper,	Liverpool.
Ship Catherine,	J. Sutton,	London.
Ship Jenny,	J. Campbell,	Cork.
Brig Conolly,	A. Cain,	Dublin.
Ship Hopewell,	J. Winning,	Londonderry.
Ship Minerva,	F. Fearis,	Liverpool.
Ship Ann,	G. Fortin,	Briſtol.
Ship Britannia,	N. Falconer,	London.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Deborah,	B. Canby,	Jamaica.
Brig Venus,	W. Williams,	Ditto.
Ship Sally,	S. Covell,	Liſbon.
Schooner Rachel,	L. Hammond,	Africa.
Ship Commerce,	C. Alexander,	Liſbon.
Brig Bolton,	J. Harr,	Barbados.
Brig Charleſt. Pac.	S. Wright,	South-Carolina.
Brig Harriot,	P. Young,	St. Croix.
Sloop Molly,	E. Rodgers,	Boſton.
Schooner Fanny,	W. Cannon,	North Carolina.

CLEARED.

Brig Induſtry,	P. Cuſhing,	Madeira.
Sloop Sally,	W. Caſey,	New-York.
Brig Anna,	G. Carr,	Dominica.
Brig Charlotte,	R. Montgomery,	St. Kitts.
Brig Caſtleton,	T. Nunns,	Dominica.
Ship Mary & Eliz.	T. Meſnard,	London.
Ship Lark,	T. Powell,	Jamaica.
Sloop Delaware,	B. Goodhue,	Salem, N. Engl.
Sloop Triton,	P. Cooke,	Portſmouth, N. E.
Ship Pennſyl. Pac.	P. Oſborne,	London.
Sloop Defiance,	J. Drew,	Barbados.

* * *

THEATRE.

BY AUTHORITY.

By the AMERICAN COMPANY, at the Theatre in Southwark, on WEDNESDAY, October 28th,

Will be performed, A NEW COMMEDY, called the

SCHOOL FOR LIBERTINES,
OR,
A WORD TO THE WISE.

To which will be added, the

OLD MAID.

TICKETS, without which no perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the bar of the Coffee-houſe.

FOR THE ENTERTAINMENT OF THE CURIOUS.

MR. KINNERSLEY propoſes to exhibit his Electrical Experiments at the College, in this city, on Thurſday and Friday next; and again on Monday and Tueſday the week after; to begin at ſix o'clock in the evening. In this courſe, conſiſting of only two Lectures, many curious and intereſting experiments will be exhibited, tending to ſhow the nature and properties of lightning, and how to avoid the danger of it; among which, the following will not be deemed the leaſt remarkable.

Flaſhes of lightning viſible under water; iron heated red hot and even melted by lightning, whilſt under, and in contact with, common cold water.

Thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies who intend to honour theſe Lectures with their company, are requeſted to be furniſhed with tickets, that no money may be taken at the door. Tickets may be had at Mr. KINNERSLEY's houſe, near the college, at Half a Dollar for each Lecture.

As Electrical Experiments can be beſt exhibited when the air is pretty dry; if it ſhould not prove dry enough in any of the evenings above appointed, the exhibition muſt be deferred till the next dry evening after.

N. B. Mr. KINNERSLEY has room in his houſe to accommodate two more young boarders for the college.

FRANCIS NELSON, TAYLOR,

TAKES this method of acquainting the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has moved to Front-ſtreet near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, next door to Mr. William Woodhouſe, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs in ſuch a manner as to give general ſatisfaction to all thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

FOR DUBLIN,

THE BRIG

CONOLLY,

ALEXANDER CAINE, Maſter;

WILL ſail in two weeks, having the greateſt part of her cargo ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the maſter on board.

FOR LONDONDERRY,

THE BRIG

BOSCAWEN,

GEORGE MARSHALL, MASTER;

WILL ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed veſſels; having a great part of her cargo already engaged; for freight or paſſage apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the maſter on board. Capt. Marſhall has a few barrels of choice Iriſh beef and herrings to diſpoſe of.

JOHN KAIGHN,

Has for ſale, at his Store in SECOND-STREET, a few doors below the CHURCH;

AN Aſſortment of Woollens, and other goods ſuitable to the ſeaſon, imported in the laſt veſſels from LONDON, LIVERPOOL, and HULL, which he purpoſes ſelling on the loweſt terms.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Liverpool and Glaſgow, a large and general aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which will be ſold wholeſale and retail, on the moſt reaſonable terms, by

BAKER AND WEISS,

At the ſign of the White Fleece, the corner of Cheſnut and Second-ſtreets.

N. B. They have juſt opened a large aſſortment of carpets and carpetings.

CALDWELL AND WILSON,

Have juſt imported in the Minerva, Francis Fearis maſter, from Liverpool,

A LARGE and well aſſorted ſupply of Iriſh linens; alſo coals, enamelled and plain ſtone and Queen's ware, Apothecaries green and white phials in crates, cables, hawſers, and other cordage of different ſizes, quart bottles, and a ſmall quantity of kennel coals.

The indentures of a few likely ſervant boys to be diſpoſed of on board ſaid veſſel.

JOHN WHITE,

Hath imported by the Richard Penn, Capt. All, and the Britannia, Capt. Falconer, from London, and the laſt veſſels from Liverpool and Briſtol,

A large and neat ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS ſuitable to the ſeaſon, amongſt which are,

SUPERFINE, ſuper, and low priced broad cloths, rattinets, ſhalloons, durants, and tammies, Bath coatings, blue duffils, ſtriped do. ſwanſkins, ſtriped linſeys, red, and white flannels, blankets, Negro cottons, naps, forreſt cloths, German ſerges, mill'd do. women's cloth coloured, black and ſcarlet cardinals, cottons, callicoes, and chintſes, cambricks, and lawns, Iriſh linens, dowlas, white and brown ſheetings, plain and ſtriped camblets, eaſterets, 7-8, yd. wd. and yd. and 3 8 linen and cotton checks, cotton hollands, velverets, boys, youths, and men's felt hats, boys, girls, men's and women's worſted hoſe, women's worſted mitts, men's cotton, and worſted caps, oznabrigs, cotton and wool cards, taylors and ſiſters thread, ſewing ſilk, knives and forks, penknives, ſciſſars, leather ink-pots, buckrams, ſilk handkerchiefs of various kinds, cotton romal do. paſte work and Scotch do. men's black ſilk cravats, perſians, peelongs, powder and ſhot, bar lead, nails, German ſteel, &c. &c. which he will ſell at the loweſt prices, at his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets.

JOSHUA BROOK,

JUST arrived from England, with a neat aſſortment of coarſe and fine FOREST CLOTHS, dreſſed and ſhaged, all of his own manufacture, which he is opening at the houſe of Mr. William Savery, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, and will ſell to any merchant, or ſhop-keeper in the city or country, lower than they can import them, as he returns to England immediately, and wants to diſpoſe of them before he ſails. Alſo a neat aſſortment of CUTLERY, for caſh or ſhort credit.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A PERSON who underſtands making and burning bricks well: Such a perſon, if well recommended, will hear of extraordinary encouragement by applying to the printer.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JAMES BURNSIDE,

(Having taken Mr. WIGTON, Writing-Maſter of the Academy into partnerſhip) has opened

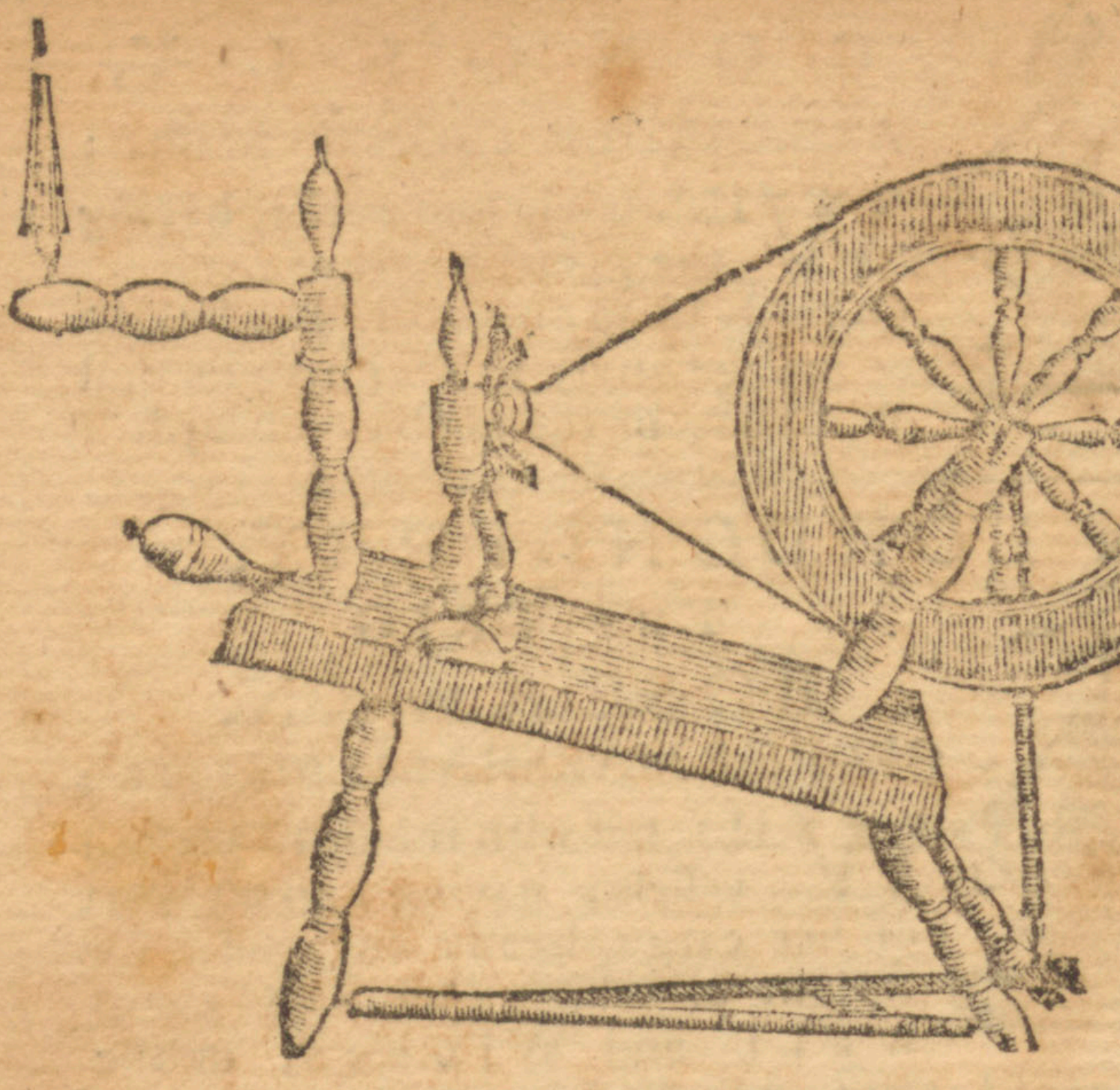
A NIGHT SCHOOL,

AT his School-Houſe in Wheeler's Alley, near Chriſt-Church; where can be taught, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Geometry, Plain and Spherical Trigonometry, Menſuration of Superficies and Solids, Gauging, Surveying, Navigation, the Projection of the Sphere, the uſe of the Globes and Maps, Geography, Dialling, Algebra, Conic Sections, Fluxions, Aſtronomy, &c. &c. by

J. BURNSIDE, AND
J. WIGTON.

‡ The advantages ariſing from the due attendance of two maſters in one School being ſo obvious, it is unneceſſary to point them out here; and, as they purpoſe, not only to be particularly careful of the proficiency of their pupils in the different branches of literature, but alſo to pay proper attention to their behaviour, they hope to merit the approbation of their employers.

N. B. Said Burnſide continues his Day-School at the ſaid place.



JAMES CUNNING,

At the Sign of the Spinning Wheel, in Market-ſtreet, within one door of Third-ſtreet, and oppoſite the Meal-Market,

RETURNS his moſt grateful acknowledgments to his friends and cuſtomers, for the many obliging favours he has received ſince he firſt commenced buſineſs, and acquaints them, he has juſt opened a large Aſſortment of Dry Goods, imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, which he is determined to ſell Wholeſale and Retail on ſuch terms, as to merit a continuance of their favours.

For CHARLES-TOWN, (S. CAROLINA)

THE BRIGANTINE
FRIENDSHIP,
JOSEPH BLEWER, Maſter;

BEING conveniently and purpoſely provided with genteel accommodations for paſſengers, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage apply to ſaid maſter, at his houſe in Southwark, or on board, at Mr. Joſeph Sims's wharf, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his ſtore on ſaid wharf; who has for ſale, Carolina ſole leather, raw hides and rice.

DOVER, *Oct.* 20th, 1772.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of May next:

ANOTED and well accuſtomed Tavern, in the town of Dover, in Kent county on Delaware. The houſe is large and commodious, and extremely well calculated for that buſineſs, having five rooms on the lower floor, and eight on the ſecond, and the garret finiſhed; a large cellar in three diviſions, a kitchen with two fire places; a billiard room, granary, ſtables, ſmoke-houſe, ſhed and other out houſes; a pump of extraordinary good water in the yard; a very good garden, and a lot of paſture ground, containing about one acre and a half. The whole is in good order. For terms and further particulars apply to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes.

JOHN BELL.

⁂ The ſubſcriber requeſts all thoſe that are indebted to him, to make immediate payment; and thoſe that have accounts unſettled, are deſired to call on him to ſettle. As he intends to decline public buſineſs, he is deſirous of having his affairs ſettled.

To the INHABITANTS *on or near the* LOWER *or* SPRINGFIELD *Road.* GENTLEMEN,

UNDERSTANDING that you have frequently been diſappointed, in not getting your weekly News-Papers tranſmitted with exactneſs, ſo that many of you have declined to continue any longer ſubſcribers for the ſame; and, as every lover of Literature muſt in conſequence regret the loſs of ſuch amuſing and inſtructing papers; to remedy the aforeſaid defect, the ſubſcriber intends to ride from the city of Philadelphia to Joſeph Martin's tavern, in Weſt-Bradford, every Fourth-day, (it being the day the Pennſylvania Gazette and Journal are printed, and but two days after the Pennſylvania Packet) in order to carry News-Papers, Letters, &c. to and from the city, for ſuch as have already, or may hereafter pleaſe to favour him with their commands, which, by being left with the ſubſcriber, at Benjamin Townſends, in Eaſt Bradford, or with the following Gentlemen, innkeepers, on the aforeſaid road, viz. Joſeph Martin, John Harper, John Hill, Nathan Edwards, and Joſeph Gibbons, *Junior*, ſhall be thankfully received, and obeyed with the utmoſt care and diſpatch, by their obliged friend

JOHN GORDON.

TO THE PUBLIC.

DOCTOR RALPH ASHETON,

Having removed his ſhop next door to the corner of PINE-STREET, nearly oppoſite the New-Market, in SECOND-STREET,

BEGS leave to inform his former cuſtomers, and the public, that he undertakes the cure of all diſeaſes incident to the human body, that he, upon examination ſhall judge within the reach of Medicine. He cures the VENERIAL DISEASE, in a new, ſafe, expeditious, and ſecret manner, upon the moſt reaſonable terms; alſo the Intermittent Fever (vulgarly called the Fever and Ague) in a few days without the uſe of the Bark, Fluxes, Coughs, &c. conſtant attendance will be given from ſeven o'clock in the morning till ten, and from ſix in the evening till ten. He will undertake the cure of any diſeaſe that upon examination he ſhall think remediable, NO CURE NO PAY; to the poor he gives his advice gratis.

RICHARD TOMLINSON,

SCOWERER and DYER;

JUST arrived from Mancheſter in England, and purpoſes to proſecute his buſineſs in all its branches, (at his ſhop in Front-ſtreet, near Poole's Bridge, adjoining the Northern Liberty Beer-Houſe,) which he has regularly ſerved his time to, and carried on in an extenſive manner for twelve years ſince at Mancheſter: Therefore hopes for the favour of the publick's employ, aſſuring them no ignorant bombaſt ſo often offered in his profeſſion, will be impoſed on them by him, but chuſing to let his abilities by trial ſpeak for themſelves, he undertakes to Dye and Scower ladies ſilks of any colour, to appear as bright as when new, and cotton, thread, &c. Alſo to Dye, Scower and Dreſs gentlemen's clothes. Merchants and Shop-keepers having their cloths, woollens, ſtuffs or fuſtians, &c. ſpotted or ſtain'd, may have them dyed over, or without dying perfectly cleanſed and the ſtains taken out, even if they are ſpotted with ſalt water lightly, to look as well as when firſt from the manufactory. To render the diſtance of his ſhop convenient to the inhabitants in all parts of this city and the country, he has agreed for the reception of goods, clothes, &c. to be at the houſes of Mr. William Byrne, hair dreſſer in Cheſtnut-ſtreet; Mr. John Byrne, hair dreſſer in Walnut-ſtreet; and Mr. John Spence, in Water-ſtreet, tavernkeeper near the Draw-Bridge; at either of which places they will be received and carefully taken care of, and the public may depend upon his fidelity and punctuality in performing their work to ſatisfaction.

BY PERMISSION.
THIS EVENING,

MR. SAUNDERS will exhibit his DEXTERITY and GRAND DECEPTION, at the houſe of Mr. Iſrael Jacobs, at the Bunch of Grapes, in Third-ſtreet.—He has had the honour of performing before his Excellency the Earl of Dunmore, now Governor of Virginia, his Excellency Robert Eden, Eſq; and moſt of the nobility and gentry in Great-Britain and America, and in particular in the capital cities. He performs a variety of new, aſtoniſhing and entertaining performances, by dexterity of hand, ſurpaſſing every thing of the kind that has hitherto been ſeen, or attempted, on this ſide the Atlantic, which will be exhibited in a number of ſurpriſing inſtances, deceiving the eye of the niceſt obſerver, and appear in a manner ſupernatural.——Mr. SAUNDERS has been honoured with the greateſt applauſe by all the nobility who has ſeen his great performance in Europe, America, and the Weſt-Indies; and is allowed to be the moſt aſtoniſhing proficient in the art of clean conveyance, that ever attempted an exhibition of its kind, without deſcending to the low tricks of cups and balls, ribbons, &c.——To continue Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Saturdays.——Tickets to be had at the place of performance, and at Mr. Abraham Franks's, Tobacconiſt, in Water-ſtreet, at Three Shillings each. To open at ſix o'clock, and to begin at ſeven.

N. B. Any perſon deſirous of having a private performance at his own houſe, will be waited on by giving a day's notice to Mr. Saunders, at Mr. Abraham Franks's, in Water-ſtreet.

A VENDUE.

TO-MORROW, AT ONE O'CLOCK, AT
JOHN HART's
VENDUE-STORE,
At the Corner of SOUTH and FRONT-STREETS,
WILL BEGIN THE SALE OF
A LARGE AND NEAT ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANDIZE

N. B. He continues his Vendue every Tueſday.

Philadelphia. October 19, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture in Southwark, in the night of the 15th, or the morning of the 16th inſtant, A brown MARE, ſeven years old, fourteen and a half hands high, a natural trotter, in very good order, branded on the near buttock L S, ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare and reſtores her to the owner, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS reward; if ſtolen, and the thief ſecured ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, FIVE POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

THOMAS PRYOR.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, on Delaware, A ſervant man named ROBERT RICHARD PYE, born in England; he is a ſhort, thick, well-ſet man, about five feet high, and has remarkable bow legs, yellow hair and thin beard: Had on when he went away a fearnought jacket, coarſe home-ſpun ſhirt, oznabrig trowſers, and a half worn felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

RICHARD SMITH.

Cheſter County, October 12, 1772.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Weſt-Calon, A ſtray MARE, betwixt a bay and a black colour, of a ſmall ſize, and has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead: She is very troubleſome, therefore the owner is deſired to pay charges and take her away.

JOSEPH LONG.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD

NEWARK, *Sept.* 15, 1772.

MADE his eſcape from the Conſtable, a certain JOHN DOLAN, a ſhort ſet fellow, upwards of twenty years of age, has dark brown hair, a wide mouth, large noſe, is a bold impudent fellow, much given to ſtrong drink, and is very apt to ſwear. Had on when he made his eſcape, a brown jacket lined with ſtriped lincey, or a ſtriped jacket under it, coarſe white ſhirt and trowſers, good ſhoes and ſtockings. Any perſon that will apprehend ſaid fellow, ſhall have the above reward paid by

JOHN DODDS, Conſtable.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, out of her paſture-field in Brandywine Hundred, Newcaſtle County, about the 9th of this inſt. October, A large dark brown HORSE, with two wall eyes, a large ſtar in his forehead, and his foretop very ſmall; is between fifteen and ſixteen hands high, about eleven or twelve years old, and was in exceeding good order. Whoever ſecures the thief in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and TWENTY SHILLINGS for reſtoring the horſe, paid by

MARGARET WATSON.

WANTS A PLACE,

AS a clerk to a merchant, or any gentleman in this city, or the country: A young man lately arrived from New-Caſtle upon Tyne, he underſtands arithmetick, writes a good hand, is capable of keeping merchants accounts, and can procure a ſatisfactory character. For further particulars enquire of the printer hereof.

JOHN ACKROYD and THOMAS SWAINE,

Juſt arrived in the POLLY and HANNAH, Capt. SMITH, from HULL, with an aſſortment of GOODS ſuitable to the preſent and approaching ſeaſon,

CONSISTING OF

COARSE and fine broadcloths, ditto foreſt cloths, ſhalloons, calimancoes, durants, camblets, and ſundry other woollens and Mancheſter goods; alſo, flour of muſtard in caſks of about 30 wt. each, ditto in caſks bottled, containing 103 lb. bottles in each, and ſome of them 74 half lb. bottles, and, a crate of cream-coloured Queen's ware, which they will ſell at their ſtore in Third-ſtreet, near the corner of Arch-ſtreet, very cheap for caſh or at the cuſtomary credit.

WANTED to PURCHASE,

A NEGRO MAN, who is a compleat Cook: Alſo, a number of able NEGROES. Enquire of the printer hereof.

WANTED,

AN APPRENTICE to a Dry Goods Store, a lad about fifteen years of age, who underſtands arithmetick, and writes a tolerable good hand. Enquire of the Printer.

PHILADELPHIA, *October 14th*, 1772.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE.

At the late dwelling-houſe of the REV. CHARLES BEATTY, deceaſed, on the 10th day of NOVEMBER next, part of his eſtate, both real and perſonal; that is to ſay,

THE Plantation on which he formerly lived, ſituate in Warminſter Townſhip, Bucks-County, containing upwards of One Hundred and Fifty-two Acres: Whereon is a good ſtone-houſe, log-kitchen, barn, ſtables, ſpring-houſe, waggon houſe, fields, orchards, meadows, and woodland in proper proportion; the whole is well watered, and in good repair. Alſo another plantation, ſituate at the Croſs-Roads, on Old York road, ſo called, in Warminſter, aforeſaid, containing Fifty-ſix acres, with a large two ſtory ſtone houſe, four rooms on a floor, and very convenient for any public buſineſs, with a ſtone kitchen adjoining the ſame, a young orchard, log-barn, barracks, and other conveniencies which need not be particularly mentioned; there are a few Acres of wood land on the place, and ſome meadow may eaſily be made. At the ſame time and place will be ſold, horſes, cows, a waggon, cart, and other implements of huſbandry; a large variety of houſhold goods, among which are a muſical clock, and a curious and elegant collection of cuts, maps, and pictures; alſo a large and valuable collection of books on various ſubjects, but more particularly divinity. When the conditions of ſale will be made known, and attendance given by

JOHN BEATTY,
HENRY WYNKOOP, } Executors.
SAMUEL ERWIN.

All perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted; and thoſe who are indebted, to make ſpeedy payment.

THE managers of the Pettie's Iſland caſh lottery, for the encouragement of the AMERICAN STEEL MANUFACTURE, earneſtly requeſt thoſe perſons who have had tickets on credit, to pay the money into the hands of thoſe gentlemen of whom they purchaſed, on or before the 24th day of this inſtant, as the managers are determined to have it in their power to pay off the fortunate adventurers, immediately after the drawing is finiſhed; and the public may be aſſured, that the above-mentioned lottery will commence drawing, on the ſaid iſland, the 26th day of this month, without any further delay. All thoſe who have had tickets to diſpoſe of, are deſired to return what they have on hand, and to remit the money to the managers for ſuch as they have ſold, on or before the time firſt above-mentioned.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by JOHN DUNLAP, at the NEWEST PRINTING-OFFICE, in MARKET-STREET, where Subſcriptions at TEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, Advertiſements, *&c.* are thankfully received for this Paper.

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SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,
AND
GENERAL ADVERTISER. No. 53.

THOUGHTS ON PLEASURE.

Pleaſure never comes ſincere to man,
But lent by heav'n upon hard uſury:
And while Jove holds us out the bowl of joy,
'Ere it can reach our lips, 'tis daſh'd with gall
By ſome left-handed god.

DRYDEN.

IT is a hard matter to gather flowers in the garden of pleaſure without hazarding the bite of the ſerpent which lies hidden under them. For pleaſures, like the bee, have honey in the mouth, but a ſting in the tail. The ſweeteſt of all flowers hath its thorns, and who can determine whether the ſcent be more delectable or the prickles more irkſome.

Pleaſures, like Dalilah, ſhew and ſpeak fair, but in the end they bereave us of our ſtrength, our ſight, ourſelves. Like gnats they fly about our ears for a while, but are ſure to ſting. Pleaſure, at the beſt, is but a tilted veſſel, which, though it pleaſe for a cup or two, the lees are at hand, and a little diſturbance turns it into diſtaſte. It is like a potion, which being but taſted is good, but mortal if ingurgitated. We ſhould deal with our delights as ladies with their ſquirrels, never play with them but when we have nothing to do, or for want of better company. All that is honeſt and profitable ſhould pleaſe; but amongſt the moſt, the paſſion of pleaſure tranſporteth the conſideration both of honour and profit. Pleaſure, when it is arrived at the higheſt, is not far diſtant from diſtaſte. The more that flowers breathe forth their excellent odour, ſo much the ſooner they fade.

Jupiter commanded Pleaſure to retire to heaven; for he was ſo well followed and ſerved by men, that he did no more care to leave the earth. To return the more purely, he diſrobed himſelf. Grief, who all the time of his abode on earth had been baniſhed, found thoſe cloaths, and diſguiſed herſelf. Since, ſhe hath always deceived the world, which under the ſhew of joy encounters ſorrow, the greateſt joys being but mere vexations covered with little pleaſures. Pleaſures ſmother them that embrace them; ſorrow and delight hold ſo faſt together, that they are inſeparable. Pleaſure, like the box, bears no fruit, but produceth a ſpecious flower, which killeth the bees that ſuck it; for it ſurpriſes the eyes by a vain illuſion, whilſt it conveys the poiſon into the heart. Pleaſures are born in the ſenſes, and, like abortives, are commonly conſumed in their birth. They muſt end with life; and it is a great hazard if, during life itſelf, they ſerve not their hoſt for an execution. Recreation is a ſecond creation, when wearineſs hath almoſt annihilated our ſpirit. It is the breathing of the ſoul, which otherwiſe would be ſtifled with continual buſineſs; yet our recreations ſhould be as a file, to ſmooth and cleanſe the ſpirit, and adapt it to its proper functions; and we may treſpaſs in them, if uſing ſuch as are forbidden by the lawyer, as againſt the ſtatutes; by the phyſician, as againſt health; but eſpecially by the divine, as againſt conſcience.

Delight is the period of all the motions of our ſoul; and as love is the beginning thereof, pleaſure is the end. True delight is never more pleaſing than when in extremes; the greater it is, the more it doth raviſh us, and, being agreeable to our nature, it never makes us more happy than when it moſt abundantly communicates itſelf.

The pleaſures of this world have in them a double vanity; they are tranſitory, they are unſatisfactory; as they cannot give me true content whilſt I poſſeſs them, becauſe they are not ſatisfactory, ſo let them not create in me any diſcontent when I muſt leave them, becauſe they are but tranſitory.

TITUS VESPASIAN.

IT is ſomewhere ſaid in ſcripture, "That a righteous man regardeth the life of his beaſt." Certain it is, that a perſon of a humane and benevolent temper, will be kind; even to the brute creation. Of this I do not remember to have met with a more remarkable, or a more affecting inſtance, than in the following ſtory, which is related of Subuctagi, an Indian Emperor in the tenth century.

Subuctagi was at firſt a private horſeman in the ſervice of Abiſtagi, and being of a vigorous and active diſpoſition, uſed to hunt every day in the foreſt. It happened one time as he employed himſelf in this amuſement, that he ſaw a deer grazing with her young fawn; upon which, ſpurring his horſe, he ſeized the fawn, and binding his legs, laid him a-croſs his ſaddle, and turn'd his face towards his home. When he had rode a little way, he looked behind, and beheld the mother of the fawn following him, and exhibiting every mark of extreme affliction. The ſoul of Subuctagi melted within him into pity; he untied the feet of the fawn, and generouſly reſtored him to his liberty. The happy mother turned her face to the wilderneſs, but often looked back upon Subuctagi, and the tears dropt faſt from her eyes. Subuctagi is ſaid to have ſeen that night a figure, or apparition, in his dream, who ſaid to him, "That generoſity and compaſſion which you have this day ſhown to a diſtreſſed animal, has been approved of in the preſence of God: therefore, in the records of Providence, the kingdom of Ghizni is marked as a reward againſt thy name. But let not greatneſs deſtroy your virtue, but thus continue your benevolence to men."

HUMANUS.

JOSEPH HILLBORN,

HATH juſt imported in the ſhip Charming Molly, Capt. Gill, from London, a neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which he has for ſale on the loweſt terms, at his Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, and next door to the Croſs-Keys Tavern.

THOMAS AND GEORGE MIFFLIN,

Have imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London,

A Very large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which are now opening for ſale, on the loweſt terms, in their Store, at the corner of Front and Cheſtnut ſtreets, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM MILLER,

At his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Gray's Alley, between Cheſtnut and Walnut ſtreets, hath juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, and the laſt veſſels from Briſtol,

A Neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit.

Juſt Publiſhed, and to be Sold by
JOHN DUNLAP,
IN MARKET-STREET,
THE
WEST INDIAN:
A
COMEDY.
AS IT IS PERFORMED AT
THE THEATRE ROYAL, IN DRURY-LANE.
BY RICHARD CUMBERLAND,
Author of the BROTHERS *and the* FASHIONABLE LOVER.

⁂ The Monthly and Critical Reviewers have been pleaſed to give this performance the following character:—it is "An appeal to ſound judgment and true taſte, from the ſterile affectation of lovers of ſimplicity, and the unimpaſſioned fecundity of thoſe who put mere incidents into dialogue." Month.——"We never received greater pleaſure from any comic performance of modern date, either in the cloſet or on the ſtage." Critic.

BENJAMIN DEAN,

HAS juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, and is now opening at his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Arch ſtreets, next door to Mr. David Franks, a neat and general Aſſortment of FALL GOODS, which he is determined to ſell on very low terms, for caſh or ſhort credit.

MEASE AND CALDWELL,

Have juſt imported by the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, from London, the Chalkley, Capt. Spain, from Briſtol, and other late veſſels from Europe,

A Very large and general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, adapted to the ſeaſon, which they are now opening at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the third door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and will ſell on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or the uſual credit.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and now ſelling by

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Oppoſite Chriſt's Church, in Second-Street,

A Large and general Aſſortment of Blue and White and Enamelled China, in boxes, variouſly aſſorted to ſuit the town and country ſales. Likewiſe, Enamelled and Plain Queen's Ware of all kinds, Enamelled, Blue and White, and White Stone Ware, in crates, well aſſorted, Delph Bowls of different ſizes, Glaſs Wares in ſmall aſſorted crates, and a variety of Cut and Flowered Glaſs, viz. Decanters, Wines, Jellies, Salts, &c. which he will ſell on at leaſt equal terms with any of the buſineſs. Orders put up carefully on the ſhorteſt notice. He expects daily a freſh addition to his elegant aſſortment, and flatters himſelf he ſhall give full ſatisfaction to all that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Capt. All, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, and the laſt veſſels from Briſtol, Liverpool, and Glaſgow, and now opening by

JOHN MITCHELL,

At his Store in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

A Very neat and general aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS ſuitable for the fall and winter ſeaſon, which he will ſell very low for caſh or the country produce.

THOMAS TISDELL,

HAS juſt opened a ſhop in Market-ſtreet, five doors from Third-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Goal; where he manufactures and ſells all ſorts of ropes, tackle, ropes for millers, ſcale ropes, bed cords, bed lacing, plough lines, plough traces, halters, jack-lines, fiſhing-lines of all ſizes, ſeine, ſewing, blocking and ſhop twine. Alſo, a large quantity of ſhoemakers hemp, warranted good. He likewiſe manufactures all ſorts of flax from 1*s.* to 2*s.* per pound, and gives the higheſt price for cow tails and horſe hair.

N. B. Said TISDELL returns thanks to his former cuſtomers for their favours, and hopes for a continuance of them, as he ſhall always ſtudy to merit their eſteem.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A YOUNG MAN, who writes a good hand, and underſtands accompts. Such a perſon, if he can be properly recommended, may hear of employment at an Iron Work, by enquiring of Meaſe and Caldwell.

MARYLAND, *October* 1, 1772.

There will be expoſed to Sale, at Public Vendue, on Thurſday the 22d inſtant, at the houſe of Mr. JACOB HOLLINGSWORTH,

ALL that Valuable TRACT of LAND, with the improvements thereon, lying in Cæcil county, called Sim's Foreſt, (except twenty acres thereof, on which is erected a griſt-mill) containing, as per certificate, 400 acres. This land may be ſeen at any time before the day of ſale, by applying to Mr. Abraham Miller, or Mr. Jacob Hollingſworth.

TOBIAS BELT.

ABRAHAM USHER,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, and now opening at his Store in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet, a large and general Aſſortment of BROADCLOTHS, coatings, duffils, freezes, ſwanſkins, Indian blanketing, rugs, roſe blankets, halfthicks, baize, ſhalloons, rattinets, durants, calimancoes. Alſo, imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh or the uſual credit.

Juſt opening, and to be ſold on the very loweſt terms, wholeſale and retail, by

JOHN SMITH,

The ſecond door below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet,

A Large and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

STEPHEN COLLINS,

HAS lately imported in the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, and the Charming Molly, Captain Gill, from London, and the Chalkley, Capt. Spain, from Briſtol, a large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which he is now opening for ſale on very reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit, at his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Church.

Juſt imported in the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, and will be ſold by

ROBERT BASS,
APOTHECARY,
IN MARKET-STREET,

A GREAT VARIETY OF DRUGS, and Patent Medicines, that may be depended on; being a picked aſſortment of every article in preſent uſe and practice.

Alſo, a collection of finely prepared Colours for portrait painting, neat ſets of crayons, prepared canvas, vellum, lacker, varniſh, painters utenſils, &c. &c.

A few bottles of freſh Pyrmont and Spaw waters, ſmall packets of the much eſteemed Britiſh herb tobacco, Straſburg and rappee ſnuffs, and a few cheſts of the beſt Florence oil.

N. B. Medicines and receipts correctly prepared, with advice and directions for adminiſtering them properly.

HUGH AND GEORGE ROBERTS;

IMPORT immediately from the Manufacturers, and have for ſale at their WARE-HOUSE, the corner of GRINDSTONE ALLEY, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

IRONMONGERY AND BRASS WARES,
In their moſt extenſive BRANCHES.

Alſo, a large Aſſortment of COPPER WARE, INDIA METAL WARE, JAPAN'D WARE, and CUTLERY.—Joiners and carpenters planes, ſteel, lead, ſhot, glue, Turkey oil ſtones, grindſtones, &c.

The Ironmongery, Braſs and the other Wares, at the ſaid Ware houſe, conſiſt of ſo great a variety of ſizes, patterns and workmanſhip, that, to particularize the articles in an advertiſement, would be too extenſive for publication in a news-paper.

THE CREDITORS of CHARLES QUINN, deceaſed, late of this city, are deſired to bring in their accounts duly atteſted, before the 1ſt of October, when a dividend is propoſed to be made; and thoſe that are indebted to the deceaſed, are requeſted to diſcharge their acounts immediately,

JEAN ARCHDEACON, }
PATRICK CONOLLY, } Adminiſtrat.

TOWNSEND SPEAKMAN,
CHYMIST AND DRUGGIST,

On the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between Second and Third ſtreets, has juſt imported in the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, from London,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of DRUGS, Patent Medicines and Surgeons Inſtruments of the very beſt quality, particularly, very fine Jeſuits bark, borax, camphire, ſaltpetre, Anderſon's pills, Godfrey's cordial, eſſence of peppermint, Greenhough's two tinctures for cleaning the teeth, and tooth ach, Jeſuits drops, anodyne necklace, Keyſer's pills, with a great variety of other articles.

Practitioners, or others, who may be pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having medicines, &c. of the beſt quality, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Family receipts, and phyſical preſcriptions faithfully compounded.

NEAVE, HARMAN AND LEWIS,

HAVE imported in the Richard Penn, Capt. All, the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, a large and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell low, at their Store, the corner of Second and Spruce-ſtreets.

DANIEL TYSON,

HAS juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, a general Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which he has for ſale on the loweſt terms for Caſh or ſhort Credit, at his Store in Water-ſtreet, the ſeventh door above Market-ſtreet.

Juſt imported in the ſhips Richard Penn, Capt. All, the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Oſborne, and the Mary and Elizabeth, Capt. Sparks, from London, by

MAGDALEN DEVINE,

A Large and General Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which ſhe will ſell remarkably low for Caſh or ſhort credit, wholeſale or retail, at her Store in Second-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Golden Fleece Tavern.

JOHN FIELD,

HAS juſt imported in the ſhips Richard Penn, and the Mary and Elizabeth, from London, a large Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, which are now opening for ſale on very low terms, at his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, next door below the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

SHAD,
IN BARRELS,
TO BE SOLD BY
WHITE AND MONTGOMERY,
ON MARKET-STREET WHARF,
PHILADELPHIA.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from England, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER BARTRAM,

Next door to the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet,

A Large and General Aſſortment of Enamelled and Plain Queen's Ware, Enamelled Blue and White, and White Stone Ware, Delph Bowls of different ſizes, Glaſs Ware of different ſorts, both Engliſh and country made, all of which he is determined to ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms: As the above goods are laid in with ready money at the different manufactories in England, he has them much lower than they formerly came to this place. He has likewiſe a large aſſortment of Potter's Ware, made at his pot-houſe, equal in quality, and as cheap as any made in this place.

⁂ Orders ſent will be carefully forwarded on the ſhorteſt notice.

MARTIN FOY,
PROFESSOR of DANCING and MUSIC,

HAS opened SCHOOL in the Aſſembly-Room, and will introduce a collection of the neweſt Cotillons immediately; therefore, he humbly requeſts of his employers, who chooſe that their children ſhould learn theſe new French compoſitions, that they will commence as ſoon as poſſible, or it cannot be expected that they will be capable to perform them with any approbation this winter.——A Night School will be conducted, as uſual, on Mondays, Wedneſdays, and Fridays, from ſeven till nine o'clock.

WARRANTED BOULTING CLOTHS,

A Large Aſſortment of Fine, Superfine, Middling and Coarſe, the beſt in kind, ſuitable to every branch of that buſineſs, and ſold as low as any in this city, by ISAAC MELCHER, in Second-ſtreet, about mid-way between Arch and Race ſtreets, PHILADELPHIA, where Millers and others may depend always on being ſupplied with the beſt of Cloths on the loweſt terms, wholeſale and retail.

N. B. A conſiderable abatement will be made to thoſe who take a quantity.

LADIES, who would chooſe to have their Maids inſtructed in the beſt manner to waſh Blond Lace, Gauzes, Muſlins, Silk Stockings, and all kinds of white Silks, &c. by applying at Mr. Robert Eaſtburn's, in Third-ſtreet, near the Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe, will meet with a perſon, who will wait on them at their own houſes, on the ſhorteſt notice.

ABRAHAM USHER,

HAS juſt imported in the Hawk from Glaſgow, the Richard Penn, and the Pennſylvania Packet from London, a neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, and he daily expects by Capt. Sparks and other ſhips from London, &c. a further ſupply, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for caſh or ſhort credit, at his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London, and to be ſold by

WHITE AND PATTON,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door below Arch-ſtreet,

A Large and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the enſuing ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh or ſhort credit.

JAMES REYNOLDS,
CARVER AND GILDER,

In Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe,

BEGS leave to inform his friends, that he has brought in from London, per the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, (and expects per Captain Falconer) a large and general Aſſortment of Looking-Glaſſes, Paper Hangings, Japanned Ware, Braſs Sconces, and Mahogany Tea Cheſts, &c. which he will diſpoſe of on the very loweſt terms, wholeſale or retail.

N. B. All kinds of Millinery and Haberdaſhery Goods very low.

Lusburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Aug. 15, 1772.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Loudoun county, in Chancery, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on Monday the 23d of November next, on the premiſes, Four Lots or Half Acres of Land, in the town of Luſburg, on one of which ſtands a genteel ſtone houſe, 40 by 32 feet in the clear, has four rooms with three fire places, and a paſſage below ſtairs, one of which, fronting the moſt public ſtreet, is completely fitted out for a ſtore, four rooms with two fire places above ſtairs, a convenient dry cellar the ſize of the whole houſe; there are alſo a good garden well pailed in, a lumber houſe, a kitchen, a ſtable and other neceſſary houſes, together with a well of exceeding fine water walled up, on this lot. The other three ſtand on ſtreets alſo, are encloſed, and with a ſmall expence may be rendered very valuable. At the ſame time will be ſold, Two hundred and fifty eight and an half Acres of Land, adjoining the ſaid town, the ſoil of which is peculiarly adapted to grain, and inferior to none in the county, one third of it is well fenced in and fit for the plough, about 15 acres of meadow may be made, and the reſt well timbered; there are on this tract of land, a large new barn, with other neceſſary houſes for farming: The country round about, is remarkable for raiſing large quantities of wheat, and manufacturing flour, all of which is carried through Luſburg, about 40 miles to Alexandria, conſequently this place is as well ſituated for trade as any in the colony: A Merchant or Tavern-keeper would find his account in ſettling here. The lots of land will be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to whom a good title will be made, and immediate poſſeſſion given.

WILLIAM ELLREY, }
GEORGE JOHNSTON, } Truſtees.

PATAPSCO FURNACE,
Near Elkridge Landing, in Anne-Arundel County
TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,
On the ſecond day of NOVEMBER next,

FOUR Thouſand Four Hundred Acres of LAND, in ſeveral tracts, *viz.* One of 1700 acres, one of 1500, and another on the river ſide, with a valuable fiſhery for the ſeyne, containing 466 acres, beſides ſeveral ſmall tracts, at, on and near the river Patapſco. The three large tracts mentioned, are ſituated only about ſix or eight miles from Baltimore town, where is a ready money market twice a week for all ſorts of proviſions. There are on the premiſes one large plantation, containing about 500 acres; another of 200, with convenient houſes; and cleared ground ſufficient to make a third plantation of 400 acres, ſome grubbing and fencing only wanted; a large quantity of meadow land; a furnace built about the year 1760, with a ſtone and brick bridge, and caſting houſe; a new griſt mill fit for country work, ſtanding on a fine ſtream of water; and alſo a mill ſeat or ſituation on navigable water, where has been a mill formerly: Its ſituation is perhaps as pleaſant and advantageous for erecting a large merchant-mill on, as any in the province, and lies convenient to all the back country of Elkridge, and Frederick county, for the purchaſe of wheat, the water carriage to Baltimore town being not more than 10 or 12 miles. There will likewiſe be expoſed to ſale, provided the lands and plantations are diſpoſed of, a number of valuable ſervants and negroes, ſeveral of which laſt have been employed in a furnace, *viz.* one young fellow a good workman as keeper; others as fillers and aſſiſtants to the founder and keeper below; and ſome uſed to raiſing ore and cutting wood. As alſo, horſes, cattle, ſheep, hogs, &c. with plantation utenſils of all kinds, as well as a crop of corn and wheat on the ground. The whole to be ſold together, or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Conditions of the purchaſe to be agreed on the day of ſale.—For further particulars enquire of the ſubſcriber at Baltimore town, or of James Walker near Elkridge Landing, who will ſhew the lands and improvements to any deſirous of ſeeing them.

HARRISON, and COMPANY.

N. B. There is in the neighbourhood adjacent to the land, a very fine and valuable range for ſtock.

WILLIAM SEMPLE,

HAS juſt imported in the Polly and Hannah, Capt. Smith, from Hull, a large Aſſortment of Coarſe, Fine and Superfine BROADCLOTHS, Bath Coatings, Duffils, Freezes, Bearſkins, Indian and Roſe Blankets, Shalloons, Calimancoes, &c. &c.

N. B. He has alſo for ſale, a large Aſſortment of other GOODS, lately imported from Britain.

LENNOX AND TURNBULL,

Have juſt imported in the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET, Captain OSBORNE, from LONDON,

A NEAT and GENERAL ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN AND EAST INDIA GOODS, which will be diſpoſed of on the moſt reaſonable terms, the fourth door below Cheſtnut-Street, in Second-Street.——They have likewiſe a few Crates of PLAIN and ENAMELLED QUEEN'S WARE, juſt arrived from Liverpool.

THE BURLINGTON ALMANACK
FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD 1773,
IS JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by
ISAAC COLLINS,
At his PRINTING-OFFICE in BURLINGTON;
CONTAINING,

Beſides the uſual Aſtronomical Calculations, the following entertaining and uſeful matter, in proſe and verſe, viz.

A Letter from Lentulus, Governor of Jeruſalem, to the Senate and people of Rome; giving a deſcription of the perſon of Chriſt.
A letter from Pontius Pilate to the Emperor Tiberius, acquainting him with the life, miracles, death and reſurrection of Jeſus Chriſt.
On lounging.
On reputation.
Dr. Franklin's propoſal for ſafety in a thunder guſt.
An account of the extraordinary ſalt mines at Wiliſka in Poland, about five leagues from Cracow.
Of a regimen of health, and of temperance and ſobriety.
On converſation.
On peace.
On duty.
The character of a rake, by a Lady.
On pride.
On Divine love.
On advice.
On law.
A table of intereſt at ſix and ſeven per cent.
A tide table, ſhewing the time of high water at Boſton, Rhode-Iſland, Tarpauling Cove, New-London, New-York, Eliſabeth-Town Point, Amboy, Cape-Henlopen and Reedy-Iſland.
Liſt of his Majeſty's council of New-Jerſey.
Liſt of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of New-Jerſey.
Liſt of the Officers of the Court of Chancery in New-Jerſey,
Liſt of the Sheriffs of New-Jerſey.
A table of the value and weight of coins.
Time of holding fairs.
Time of holding Courts of Chancery in New-Jerſey, and the Supreme, and other Courts in this and the adjacent provinces.
The ſtated meetings of the eaſtern and weſtern councils of Proprietors.
Quakers general meettings.
Diſtances on poſt roads, &c.
Recipe for the heavys or windbrokenneſs in horſes.
—for a ſore throat.
—to make plate like new.
—for the bloody flux.
—for a violent cough or cold.
—for the rheumatiſm.
—a diet drink to clear and cool the blood, and correct ſharp humours.
—for the pleuriſy.
—for the itch.
—to make eye-water.
—to prevent corns.
—to cure corns.
—to make cider vinegar.
—to kill rats.
—to keep iron from ruſt.
—to deſtroy bugs, &c. &c.

⁂ Said COLLINS performs Printing in its various branches, in a neat, correct and expeditious manner.—Of whom may be had a variety of Books and Stationary, Drugs and Medicines.

Juſt imported from London, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain Iſaac All, by

OWEN BIDDLE,

A Neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he has for ſale on the very loweſt terms, at his Store in Market-ſtreet, near Fourth-ſtreet.

N. B. He expects a more general aſſortment by the other European veſſels.—Such perſons who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on the beſt uſage and moſt grateful acknowledgments.

WE the Subſcribers, take this method of informing the Public, that a ſtage is now carried on between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Wilmington and Charles-Town: The advantages that will attend this ſtage, we hope will induce every perſon that wants a quick diſpatch to Baltimore, to favour us with their cuſtom. As Wilmington is ſituated on Chriſtiana, two miles from Delaware River, and Charles Town on North-Eaſt River, eight from the mouth of Elk River, we ſhall never be detained by contrary winds, which is frequently the caſe with other ſtages. Foudrey and Buſh's ſtage leaves the Crooked-Billet wharf, in Philadelphia, every Wedneſday, and returns every Friday: Patrick Hamilton's ſtage waggon leaves Charles-Town every Thurſday, and returns every Friday from Wilmington; and his Packet leaves Charles-Town every Saturday, and returns every Wedneſday. Paſſengers pay from Philadelphia to Wilmington, Two Shillings; from Wilmington to Charles-Town, Five Shillings; from Charles-Town to Baltimore, Four Shillings. Goods are received in Philadelphia by Meſſieurs Edwards and Marris, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet wharf.

PATRICK HAMILTON.
FOUDREY AND BUSH.

THE Subſcriber takes this method to inform the public, that he has bought and repaired the FULLING MILL, that formerly belonged to Jonathan Strange in Newcaſtle county, Chriſtiana Hundred, about five miles from Wilmington, up Brandewyne; where he intends carrying on the Fulling Buſineſs in its different branches. All thoſe that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their work well done, and with diſpatch.——They that propoſe ſending their work by water, are deſired to leave it at Daniel Byrne's mill, on Brandewyne, or at John Yarnel's in Wilmington, oppoſite the Upper Market-houſe, two doors above Mary Harvey's ſtore, where care will be taken thereof.

CHRISTOPHER HOLLINGSWORTH.